

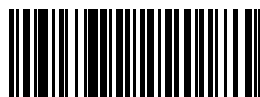
FLHTCUTG TRI GLIDE

2009 HARLEY-DAVIDSON® OWNER'S MANUAL



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LIMITED EMISSION WARRANTY

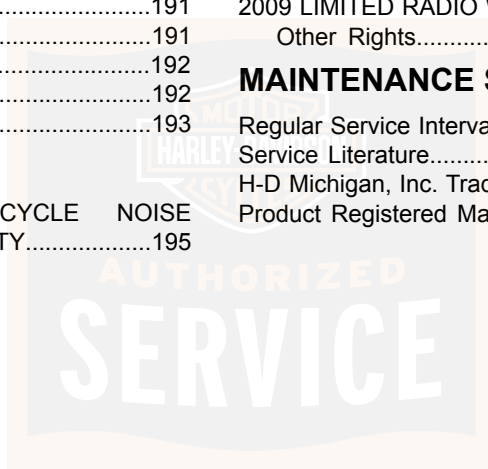
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SAFETY DEFINITIONS

Statements in this manual preceded by the following words are of special significance:

▲ WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. (00119a)

▲ CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. (00139a)

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage. (00140b)

NOTE

A *NOTE* refers to important information and is placed in italic type. It is recommended that you take special notice of these items.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLES ARE FOR ON-ROAD USE ONLY

This motorcycle is not equipped with a spark arrester and is designed to be used only on the road. Operation of off-road usage in some areas may be illegal. Obey local laws and regulations. This manual should be considered a permanent part of the motorcycle and should remain with the motorcycle when resold.

VISIT THE HARLEY-DAVIDSON WEB SITE

<http://www.harley-davidson.com>

YOUR OWNER'S MANUAL

We Care About You

Welcome to the Harley-Davidson Motorcycling Family! When enjoying your Harley-Davidson motorcycle, be sure to ride safely, respectfully and within the limits of the law and your abilities. Always wear a helmet, proper eyewear and protective clothing, and insist your passenger does too. Never ride while under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Know your Harley and read and understand your owner's manual from cover to cover.

This manual has been prepared to acquaint you with the operation, care and maintenance of your motorcycle and to provide you with important safety information. Follow these instructions carefully for maximum motorcycle performance and for your personal motorcycling safety and pleasure. Your Owner's Manual contains instructions for operation and minor

maintenance. Major repairs are covered in the Harley-Davidson Service Manual. Such major repairs require the attention of a skilled technician and the use of special tools and equipment. Your Harley-Davidson dealer has the facilities, experience and Genuine Harley-Davidson parts necessary to properly render this valuable service. We recommend that any emission system maintenance be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer.

Attend a rider safety course. To enroll in a Harley-Davidson Riding Academy course, call 1-414-343-4056 (U.S.) or visit www.harley-davidson.com/learntoride. In the United States, for information about Motorcycle Safety Foundation rider courses, call 1-800-446-9227 or visit www.msf-usa.org.

United States Owners

Your Harley-Davidson motorcycle conforms to all applicable U.S. Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations effective on the date of manufacture. Protect your privilege to ride by joining the American Motorcyclist Association. Visit www.americanmotorcyclist.com for more information.

Harley-Davidson reserves the right to change specifications, equipment or designs at any time without notice and without incurring obligation.

CUSTOMER SERVICE ASSISTANCE

Most sales or service issues are resolved at the dealership.

1. Discuss your problem with the appropriate personnel at the dealership in the Sales, Service or Parts area. If that proves unsuccessful, speak to the owner of the dealership or the general manager.
2. If you cannot resolve the issue with the dealership, contact the Harley-Davidson Customer Support Center. Harley-Davidson Motor Company Attention: Harley-Davidson Customer Support Center P.O. Box 653 Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201 1-800-258-2464 (U.S. only) 1-414-343-4056

For customers outside the US, contact your local Harley-Davidson market office, call 1-414-343-4056 or visit harley-davidson.com.

Table 2. Vehicle and Personal Data

PERSONAL INFORMATION	DEALER INFORMATION
Date of Purchase:	
Name:	Name:
Address:	Address:
Address:	Address:
Vehicle Identification Number:	Sales Contact:
Key Number:	Service Contact:



NOTES



SAFE OPERATING RULES: TRI GLIDE MODELS

⚠ WARNING

Three-wheeled motorcycles are different from two-wheeled motorcycles and other vehicles. They operate, steer, handle and brake differently. Unskilled or improper use could result in loss of control, death or serious injury.

- Take a rider training course.
- Read owner's manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing.
- Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.
- Never tow a trailer.

(00587e)

- Take a rider training course.
- Read Owner's Manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing.
- Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.
- Never tow a trailer.

Before operating your new motorcycle it is your responsibility to read and follow the operating and maintenance instructions

in this manual, and follow these basic rules for your personal safety.

- Review the TRI GLIDE PRODUCT ORIENTATION VIDEO in your Owner's Kit to understand the operation and characteristics of your three-wheeled motorcycle.
- Know and respect the rules of the road (see RULES OF THE ROAD section). Read and familiarize yourself with the contents of the MOTORCYCLE HANDBOOK for your state.
- Before starting engine, check for proper operation of brake, clutch, shifter, throttle controls, correct fuel and oil supply.

⚠ WARNING

Harley-Davidson parts and accessories are designed for Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Using non-Harley-Davidson parts or accessories can adversely affect performance, stability or handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00001b)

⚠ WARNING

Stop the engine when refueling or servicing the fuel system. Do not smoke or allow open flame or sparks near gasoline. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00002a)

- Use only Harley-Davidson approved parts and accessories. Use of certain other manufacturer's performance parts will void your new motorcycle warranty. See your Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

When refueling your motorcycle, the following rules should be observed.

- Refuel in a well ventilated area with the engine turned off.
- Remove fuel filler cap slowly.
- Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks when refueling or servicing the fuel system.
- Do not fill fuel tank above the bottom of the filler neck insert.
- Leave air space to allow for fuel expansion.

⚠ WARNING

Do not store motorcycle with gasoline in tank within the home or garage where open flames, pilot lights, sparks or electric motors are present. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00003a)

⚠ WARNING

Engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. (00004f)

⚠ WARNING

Wheel weights on wheels without spokes contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. (00356d)

⚠ WARNING

Do not run motorcycle in a closed garage or confined area. Inhaling motorcycle exhaust, which contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas, could result in death or serious injury. (00005a)

- A new motorcycle must be operated according to the special break-in procedure. See OPERATION > BREAK-IN RIDING RULES (Page 114).
- Operate motorcycle only at moderate speed and out of traffic until you have become thoroughly familiar with its operation and handling characteristics under all conditions.

⚠ WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

- Do not exceed the legal speed limit or drive too fast for existing conditions. Always reduce speed when poor driving conditions exist. High speed increases the influence of any other condition affecting stability and increases the possibility of loss of control.
- Steering and handling characteristics for a three wheeled motorcycle are different than a two wheeled motorcycle. Approach corners and sharp turns using the appropriate speed and steering technique to handle the turn and prevent rollover.
- Pay strict attention to road surfaces and wind conditions. The vehicle may be subject to upsetting forces such as wind blasts from passing trucks, holes in the pavement, rough road surfaces, rider control error, etc. These forces may influence the handling characteristics of your motorcycle. If this happens, reduce speed and guide the motorcycle with a relaxed grip to a controlled condition. Do not brake abruptly or force the handlebar. This may aggravate an unstable condition.
- The rear of the vehicle is wider than a typical motorcycle. Check for proper clearance when maneuvering, cornering, parking and operating the vehicle in reverse.

- Keep cargo weight concentrated close to the motorcycle and as low as possible to minimize the change in the motorcycle's center of gravity. Distribute weight evenly on both sides of the vehicle and do not load bulky items too far behind the rider or add weight to the handlebars or front forks. Do not exceed maximum specified load in Tour-Pak or trunk.

NOTE

New riders should gain experience under various conditions while driving at moderate speeds.

- Operate your motorcycle defensively. Remember, a motorcycle does not afford the same protection as an automobile in an accident. One of the most common accident situations occurs when the driver of the other vehicle fails to see or recognize a motorcycle and turns left into the on-coming motorcyclist. Operate only with headlamp on.

⚠ WARNING

Avoid contact with exhaust system and wear protective clothing that completely covers legs while riding. Exhaust pipes and mufflers get very hot when engine is running and remain too hot to touch, even after engine is turned off. Failure to wear protective clothing could result in burns or other serious injury. (00009a)

- Wear an approved helmet, clothing, and foot gear suited for motorcycle riding. Bright or light colors are best for greater visibility in traffic, especially at night. Avoid loose, flowing garments and scarves.
- When carrying passengers, it is your responsibility to instruct them on proper riding procedures. (See Riding Tips for Motorcyclist included in your Harley-Davidson Owner's Kit.)
- Do not allow other individuals, under any circumstances, to operate your motorcycle unless you know they are experienced, licensed riders and are thoroughly familiar with the operation of your particular motorcycle.
- Protect your motorcycle against theft. After parking your motorcycle, lock the steering head and remove ignition key from switch. Set security alarm if present.
- Safe motorcycle operation requires alert mental judgment combined with a defensive driving attitude. Do not allow fatigue, alcohol or drugs to endanger your safety or that of others.
- Vehicles equipped with a sound system should have the volume adjusted to a nondistracting level before operating vehicle.

- Maintain your motorcycle in proper operating condition in accordance with Table 34. Particularly important to motorcycle stability is proper tire inflation pressure, tread condition, and condition of wheel bearings and steering head bearings.

⚠ WARNING

Do not operate vehicle with forks locked. Locking the forks restricts the vehicle's turning ability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00035a)

⚠ WARNING

Perform the service and maintenance operations as indicated in the regular service interval table. Lack of regular maintenance at the recommended intervals can affect the safe operation of your motorcycle, which could result in death or serious injury. (00010a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not operate motorcycle with loose, worn or damaged steering or suspension systems. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer for repairs. Loose, worn or damaged steering or suspension components can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00011a)

⚠ WARNING

Regularly inspect shock absorbers and front forks. Replace leaking, damaged or worn parts that can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00012a)

⚠ WARNING

Use Harley-Davidson replacement fasteners. Aftermarket fasteners can adversely affect performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00013a)

- See your Harley-Davidson service manual for proper torque values.
- Aftermarket fasteners may not have the specific property requirements to perform properly.

⚠ WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

⚠ WARNING

Replace punctured or damaged tires. In some cases, small punctures in the tread area may be repaired from within the removed tire by a Harley-Davidson dealer. Speed should NOT exceed 80 km/h (50 mph) for the first 24 hours after repair, and the repaired tire should NEVER be used over 129 km/h (80 mph). Failure to follow this warning could lead to tire failure and result in death or serious injury. (00015b)

⚠ WARNING

Do not exceed the motorcycle's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). Exceeding these weight ratings can lead to component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00016f)

- GVWR is the sum of the weight of the motorcycle, accessories, and the maximum weight of the rider, passenger and cargo that can be safely carried.
- GAWR is the maximum amount of weight that can be safely carried on each axle.
- The GVWR and GAWR are shown on the information plate located on the frame steering head.

⚠ WARNING

Do not tow a disabled motorcycle. Towing can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00017a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not pull a trailer with a motorcycle. Pulling a trailer can cause tire overload, damage and failure, reduced braking performance, and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00018c)

⚠ WARNING

Contact with DOT 4 brake fluid can have serious health effects. Failure to wear proper skin and eye protection could result in death or serious injury.

- If inhaled: Keep calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.
- If on skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.
- If in eyes: Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eye lids held open. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

- If swallowed: Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Contact Poison Control. Immediate medical attention required.
- See Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for more details available at sds.harley-davidson.com

(00240e)

⚠ WARNING

Batteries, battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, and other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (00019e)

⚠ WARNING

Consult a Harley-Davidson dealer regarding any questions or problems that occur in the operation of your motorcycle. Failure to do so can aggravate an initial problem, cause costly repairs, cause an accident and could result in death or serious injury. (00020a)

- Be sure all equipment required by federal, state and local law is installed and in good operating condition.

▲ WARNING

Do not open storage compartments while riding. Distractions while riding can lead to loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00082a)

RULES OF THE ROAD

- Always sound your horn, actuate your turn signals, and exercise caution when passing other vehicles going in the same direction. Never try to pass another vehicle going in the same direction at street intersections, on curves, or when going up or down a hill.
- At street intersections give the right-of-way. Do not presume you have the right-of-way, as the other driver may not know it is your turn.
- Always signal when preparing to stop, turn or pass.
- All traffic signs, including those used for the control of traffic at intersections, should be obeyed promptly. SLOW DOWN signs near schools and CAUTION signs at railroad crossings should always be observed and your actions governed accordingly.
- When intending to turn, signal at least 30.5 m (100 ft) before reaching the turning point. If turning across an intersection, move over to the centerline of the street (unless local rules require otherwise). Slow down when entering the intersection and turn carefully.

- Never anticipate a traffic light. When a change is indicated from GO to STOP (or vice versa) in the traffic control systems at intersections, slow down and wait for the light to change. Never run through a yellow or red traffic light.
- While turning either right or left, watch for pedestrians, animals, as well as vehicles.
- Do not leave the curb or parking area without signaling. Be sure your way is clear to enter moving traffic. A moving line of traffic always has the right-of-way.
- Be sure your license plate is installed in the position specified by law and is clearly visible at all times. Keep the plate clean.
- Ride at a safe speed that is consistent with the type of highway you are on. Pay strict attention to whether the road is dry, oily, icy or wet.
- Watch for debris such as leaves or loose gravel.
- Weather and traffic conditions on the highway dictate adjusting your speed and driving habits accordingly.

ACCESSORIES AND CARGO: TRI GLIDE MODELS

Harley-Davidson Motor Company cannot test and make specific recommendations concerning every accessory or combination of accessories sold. Therefore, the rider must

be responsible for safe operation of the motorcycle when installing accessories or carrying additional weight.

⚠ WARNING

See **ACCESSORIES AND CARGO** section within the **SAFETY FIRST** section in your owner's manual. Improper cargo loading or accessory installation can cause component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00021c)

⚠ WARNING

Do not exceed the motorcycle's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). Exceeding these weight ratings can lead to component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00016f)

- GVWR is the sum of the weight of the motorcycle, accessories, and the maximum weight of the rider, passenger and cargo that can be safely carried.
- GAWR is the maximum amount of weight that can be safely carried on each axle.
- The GVWR and GAWR are shown on the information plate which is located on the frame down tube.

⚠ WARNING

Do not pull a trailer with a motorcycle. Pulling a trailer can cause tire overload, damage and failure, reduced braking performance, and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00018c)

Accessory and Cargo Guidelines

The following guidelines should be used when equipping a motorcycle, carrying passengers and/or cargo.

⚠ WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

- Do not exceed the legal speed limit or drive too fast for existing conditions. Always reduce speed when poor driving conditions exist. High speed increases the influence of any other condition affecting stability and increases the possibility of loss of control.

- Pay strict attention to road surfaces and wind conditions. The vehicle may be subject to upsetting forces such as wind blasts from passing trucks, holes in the pavement, rough road surfaces, rider control error, etc. These forces may influence the handling characteristics of your motorcycle. If this happens, reduce speed and guide the motorcycle with a relaxed grip to a controlled condition. Do not brake abruptly or force the handlebar. This may aggravate an unstable condition.
- Keep cargo weight concentrated close to the motorcycle and as low as possible. This minimizes the change in the motorcycle's center of gravity.
- Do not load bulky items too far behind the rider or add weight to the handlebars or front forks.
- Luggage racks are designed for lightweight items. Do not overload racks.
- Be sure cargo is secure and will not shift while riding and recheck the cargo periodically. Accessories that change the operator's riding position may increase reaction time and affect handling of the motorcycle.
- Additional electrical equipment may overload the motorcycle's electrical system possibly resulting in electrical system and/or component failure.

Large surfaces such as fairings, windshields, back rests, and luggage racks can adversely affect handling. Only genuine Harley-Davidson items designed specifically for the motorcycle model should be used with proper installation.

⚠ WARNING

Harley-Davidson parts and accessories are designed for Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Using non-Harley-Davidson parts or accessories can adversely affect performance, stability or handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00001b)

NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM

Tampering

Owners are warned that removal or replacement of any noise control system component may be prohibited by law. This prohibition applies prior to vehicle sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser. Use of a vehicle on which noise control system components have been removed or rendered inoperative may also be prohibited by law.

NOTES



VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: TRI GLIDE MODELS

The full 17-digit serial or Vehicle Identification Number (V.I.N.) is stamped on the right frame down tube below the steering head. A label bearing the V.I.N. code is also affixed on the right side of the motorcycle on the front downtube.

An abbreviated V.I.N. (Motor Identification Number) is stamped on the left side crankcase at the cylinder base.

NOTE

Always give the full 17-digit Vehicle Identification Number when ordering parts or making any inquiry about your motorcycle.

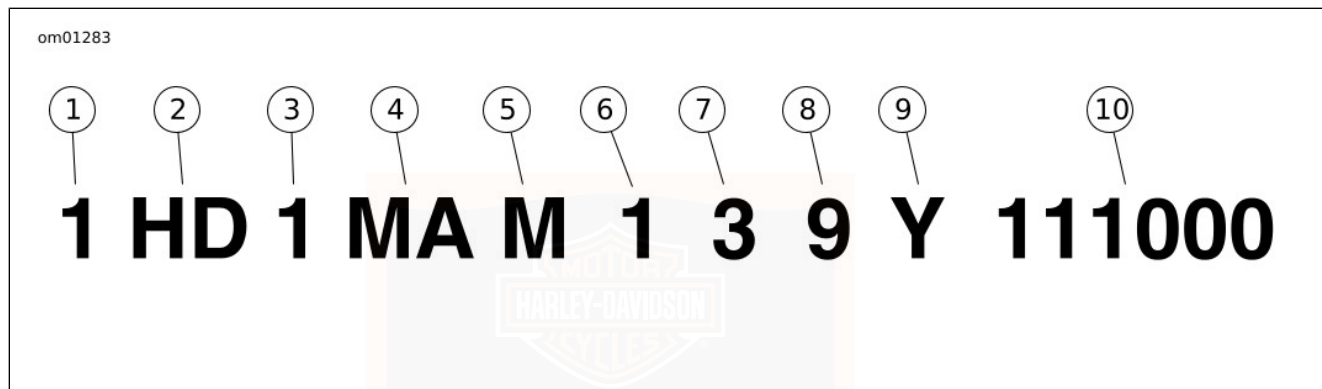


Figure 1. Typical Harley-Davidson V.I.N.: 2009 Tri Glide Models

Table 3. Harley-Davidson V.I.N. Breakdown: 2009 Tri Glide Models

POSITION	DESCRIPTION	POSSIBLE VALUES
1	Market designation	1=Originally manufactured for sale within the United States 5=Originally manufactured for sale outside of the United States
2	Manufacturer	HD=Harley-Davidson

Table 3. Harley-Davidson V.I.N. Breakdown: 2009 Tri Glide Models

POSITION	DESCRIPTION	POSSIBLE VALUES
3	Motorcycle type	1=Heavyweight motorcycle (901 cc or larger)
4	Model	MA=FLHTCUTG Tri Glide™ Ultra Classic®
5	Engine type	M=Twin Cam 103™, 1690 cc air-cooled, fuel-injected
6	Introduction date	1=Regular 2=Mid-year 3=California/regular 4=Cosmetic changes and/or special introductory date 5=California/cosmetic changes and/or special introductory date 6=California/mid-year
7	V.I.N. check digit	Can be 0-9 or X
8	Model year	9=2009
9	Assembly plant	Y=York, PA U.S.A.
10	Sequential number	Varies

LABELS

See Figure 2 for safety and maintenance labels which were on the vehicle when new. If removed, replacement labels may be purchased for your motorcycle. Refer to Table 4 for label descriptions.

NOTE

Some labels may be available in different languages for destinations outside the U.S. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for all labels available for purchase.

Table 4. Labels: Tri Glide Models

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
1	83881-09	General warnings	Top of air cleaner cover
2	15368-01A	Battery warning	Under seat, behind fuel tank on main harness trough
3	14148-86	Highway bar warning	On front of highway bar below center mount

Table 4. Labels: Tri Glide Models

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
4	83446-08	Trunk load limits	Inside trunk door
5	90821-74C	Tour-Pak load limits	Inside Tour-Pak lid
6	72537-08	Fuse block cover	Under left side cover on fuse block



1

⚠ WARNING

Three wheeled motorcycles are different from two wheeled motorcycles and other vehicles. Unskilled or improper use could result in loss of control, death or serious injury.

- Take a rider training course.
- Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.
- Read Owner's Manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing.
- Never tow a trailer.

For a manual, find nearest dealer at 1-800-443-2153 or www.harley-davidson.com 83881-09

2

⚠ WARNING

A connected battery can cause a spark or motorcycle startup while servicing. Death or serious injury could occur.

- Disconnect negative cable before servicing.
- Keep cable away from terminal while servicing.

15368-01A

3

THIS GUARD MAY PROVIDE LIMITED LEG AND COSMETIC VEHICLE PROTECTION UNDER UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES (FALL OVER WHILE STOPPED, VERY LOW SPEED SLIDE). IT IS NOT MADE NOR INTENDED TO PROVIDE PROTECTION FROM BODILY INJURY IN A COLLISION WITH ANOTHER VEHICLE OR ANY OTHER OBJECT.

4

⚠ WARNING

Too much weight in Trunk can cause loss of control. Death or serious injury could occur.

- Do not put more than 50 pounds in Trunk.
- See Accessories and Cargo section of Owner's Manual for more information.

83948-09

5

⚠ WARNING

Too much weight in Tour-Pak® can cause loss of control. Death or serious injury could occur.

- Do not put more than 25 pounds (11.3 kg) in Tour-Pak® on 2008 & earlier motorcycles.
- Do not put more than 30 pounds (13.63 kg) in Tour-Pak® on 2009 & later motorcycles.
- See Accessories and Cargo section of Owner's Manual for more information.

93821-74C

6

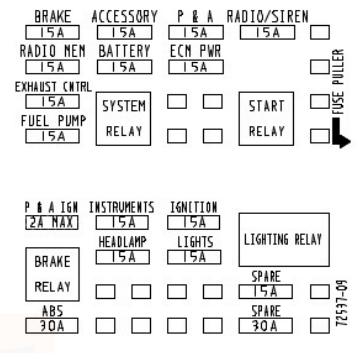


Figure 2. Labels: Tri Glide Models

SPECIFICATIONS: 2009 TRI GLIDE MODELS

Table 5. Engine: 2009 Tri Glide Models

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	
Number of cylinders	2	
Type	4-cycle, 45 degree V-Type, air-cooled	
Compression ratio	9.6-1	
Bore	3.875 in.	98.42 mm
Stroke	4.375 in.	111.12 mm
Displacement	103.00 cu. in.	1687.87 cu. cm

Table 6. Transmission Specifications

TRANSMISSION	SPECIFICATION
Type	Constant mesh, foot shift
Speeds	6 forward

Table 7. Ignition System: 2009 Tri Glide Models

COMPONENT	SPECIFICATION
Ignition timing	Not adjustable
Battery	12 volt, 28 amp/hr, 270 CCA sealed and maintenance free
Spark plug type	HD-6R12
Spark plug size	12 mm

Table 7. Ignition System: 2009 Tri Glide Models

COMPONENT	SPECIFICATION	
Spark plug gap	0.038-0.043 in.	0.97-1.09 mm
Spark plug torque	12-18 ft-lbs	16.3-24.4 Nm

NOTE

Specifications in this publication may not match those of official certification in some markets due to timing of publication printing, variance in testing methods, and/or vehicle differences. Customers seeking officially recognized regulatory specifications for their vehicle should refer to certification documents and/or contact their respective dealer or distributor.

Table 8. Sprocket Teeth: 2009 Tri Glide Models

DRIVE	ITEM	NUMBER OF TEETH
Primary	Engine	34
	Clutch	46
Final	Transmission	32
	Rear wheel	70

Table 9. Tire Pressures: 2009 Tri Glide Models

LOAD	FRONT		REAR	
	PSI	kPa	PSI	kPa
All	36	248	26	179

Table 10. Tire Sizes: 2009 Tri Glide Models

MOUNT	SIZE	NUMBER
front	16 in.	D402F MT90B16
rear	15 in.	P205/65 R15
2009 vehicles use Dunlop Harley-Davidson tires only.		

⚠ WARNING

Harley-Davidson recommends the use of its specified tires. Harley-Davidson vehicles are not designed for operation with non-specified tires, including snow, moped and other special-use tires. Use of non-specified tires can adversely affect stability, handling or braking and lead to loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00024d)

Table 11. Capacities: 2009 Tri Glide Models

ITEM	U.S.	LITERS
Fuel tank (total)	6.00 gal	22.71
Low fuel warning light on	1.00 gal	3.79
Oil tank with filter	4.00 qt.	3.79
Transmission (approximate)	1.00 qt.	0.95
Primary chaincase (approximate)	1.40 qt.	1.32

Table 12. Gear Ratios: 2009 Tri Glide Models

GEAR	RATIO
1st Gear	9.878
2nd Gear	6.847
3rd Gear	5.086
4th Gear	4.118
5th Gear	3.487
6th Gear	2.960

NOTE

Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) (maximum allowable loaded vehicle weight) and corresponding Gross Axle Weight Ratings (GAWR) are listed on a label located on the right side of the motorcycle on the front downtube.

Table 13. Weights: 2009 Tri Glide Models

ITEM	LB.	KG.
Weight as shipped from factory	1140	516.91
GVWR	1700	771.11
GAWR front	500	226.80
GAWR rear	1200	544.31

Table 14. Dimensions: 2009 Tri Glide Models

ITEM	IN.	MM
Wheel base	66.65	1692.91
Overall length	105.80	2687.32

Table 14. Dimensions: 2009 Tri Glide Models

ITEM	IN.	MM
Overall width	54.30	1379.22
Road clearance	4.70	119.38
Overall height	59.30	1506.22

Table 14. Dimensions: 2009 Tri Glide Models

ITEM	IN.	MM
Saddle height*	27.3	693.4
*With 81.7 kg (180 lb) rider on seat.		

Table 15. Bulb Chart: 2009 Tri Glide Models

LAMP (ALL LAMPS 12 VOLT)		BULBS REQUIRED	CURRENT DRAW AMPERAGE	HARLEY-DAVIDSON PART NUMBER
Headlamp		1	4.58/5.0	68329-03
Tail/stop/rear turn signal lamp		2	0.59/2.10	68167-04
Front turn signal lamp		2	2.25/0.59	69331-02
Tour-Pak side lamps*		N/A	0.14 0.14	53788-06 (right side) 53789-06 (left side)
Tour-Pak tail/stop lamps		2	0.59/2.10	68165-64
Fender tip lamps		1	0.30	68193-95
Auxiliary lamps		2	2.1	68453-05
Instrument panel lamps	High beam indicator	Instrument panel is illuminated with LEDs. Replace entire assembly upon failure.		
	Oil pressure indicator			
	Neutral indicator			
	Turn signal indicator			
License plate lamp		1	0.35	52441-95
Reverse enable lamp		Illuminated with an LED. Replace entire assembly upon failure.		

Table 15. Bulb Chart: 2009 Tri Glide Models

LAMP (ALL LAMPS 12 VOLT)		BULBS REQUIRED	CURRENT DRAW AMPERAGE	HARLEY-DAVIDSON PART NUMBER
Gauge lamps	Speedometer	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Tachometer	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Voltmeter	1	0.24	67445-00
	Oil pressure indicator	1	0.24	67445-00
	Air temperature gauge	1	0.24	67445-00
	Fuel gauge	1	0.24	67445-00
Items with *		Illuminated with LEDs. Replace entire assembly upon failure.		

TIRE DATA

⚠ WARNING

Match tires, tubes, rim strips or seals, air valves and caps to the correct wheel. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer. Mismatching can lead to tire damage, allow tire slippage on the wheel or cause tire failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00023c)

⚠ WARNING

Harley-Davidson recommends the use of its specified tires. Harley-Davidson vehicles are not designed for operation with non-specified tires, including snow, moped and other special-use tires. Use of non-specified tires can adversely affect stability, handling or braking and lead to loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00024d)

Tubeless tires fitted with the correct size inner tubes may be used on all Harley-Davidson laced (wire spoked) wheels. Protective rubber rim strips must be used with tubeless tires (fitted with correct size inner tubes) when mounted on laced (wire spoked) wheels.

⚠ WARNING

Use inner tubes on laced (wire spoked) wheels. Using tubeless tires on laced wheels can cause air leaks, which could result in death or serious injury. (00025b)

Tubeless tires are used on all Harley-Davidson cast and disc wheels.

Tire sizes are molded on the tire sidewall. Inner tube sizes are printed on the tube.

⚠ WARNING

Harley-Davidson front and rear tires are not the same. Interchanging front and rear tires can cause tire failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00026a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not inflate tire beyond maximum pressure as specified on sidewall. Over inflated tires can blow out, which could result in death or serious injury. (00027b)

⚠ WARNING

Replace tire immediately with a Harley-Davidson specified tire when wear bars become visible or only 1 mm (1/32 in) tread depth remains. Riding with a worn tire could result in death or serious injury. (00090c)

See SPECIFICATIONS > SPECIFICATIONS: 2009 TRI GLIDE MODELS (Page 19) for tire pressures and sizes.

GASOLINE BLENDS

Your motorcycle was designed to get the best performance and efficiency using unleaded gasoline. Most gasoline is blended with alcohol and/or ether to create oxygenated blends. The type and amount of alcohol or ether added to the fuel is important.

NOTICE

Do not use gasoline that contains methanol. Doing so can result in fuel system component failure, engine damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00148a)

- Gasoline containing METHYL TERTIARY BUTYL ETHER (MTBE): Gasoline/MTBE blends are a mixture of gasoline and as much as 15% MTBE. Gasoline/MTBE blends can be used in your motorcycle.
- ETHANOL is a mixture of 10% ethanol (Grain alcohol) and 90% unleaded gasoline. Gasoline/ethanol blends can be used in your motorcycle if the ethanol content does **not** exceed 10%.

- **REFORMULATED OR OXYGENATED GASOLINES (RFG):** Reformulated gasoline is a term used to describe gasoline blends that are specifically designed to burn cleaner than other types of gasoline, leaving fewer tailpipe emissions. They are also formulated to evaporate less when you are filling your tank. Reformulated gasolines use additives to oxygenate the gas. Your motorcycle will run normally using this type of gas and Harley-Davidson recommends you use it when possible, as an aid to cleaner air in our environment.
- Do not use race gas or octane boosters. Use of these fuels will damage the fuel system.

Some gasoline blends might adversely affect the starting, driveability or fuel efficiency of the motorcycle. If any of these problems are experienced, try a different brand of gasoline or gasoline with a higher octane blend.

FUEL

Refer to Table 16. Always use a good quality unleaded gasoline. Octane ratings are usually found on the pump.

⚠ WARNING

Avoid spills. Slowly open fuel filler cap. Do not fill above bottom of filler neck insert, leaving air space for fuel expansion. Secure filler cap after refueling. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00028b)

⚠ WARNING

Use care when refueling. Pressurized air in fuel tank can force gasoline to escape through filler tube. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00029a)

Modern service station pumps dispense a high flow of gasoline into a motorcycle fuel tank making air entrapment and pressurization a possibility.

Table 16. Octane Ratings

SPECIFICATION	RATING
Pump Octane (R+M)/2	91 (95 RON)

CATALYTIC CONVERTER

Motorcycles manufactured for California have a catalytic converter in the exhaust pipe collector.

NOTICE

Do not operate catalytic converter-equipped vehicle with engine misfire. If you operate the vehicle under this condition, the exhaust will become abnormally hot, which can cause vehicle damage, including emission control loss. (00149c)

NOTICE

Use only unleaded fuel in catalytic converter-equipped motorcycles. Using leaded fuel will damage the emission control system. (00150c)



NOTES



GENERAL: CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

⚠ WARNING

Identify and understand the specific features of your vehicle. Failure to understand how these features affect the vehicle's operation can lead to an accident, which could result in death or serious injury. (00043b)

Some features explained are unique to certain models. These features may be available as accessories for your Harley-Davidson motorcycle. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for a complete list of accessories that will fit your specific motorcycle.

IGNITION/HEADLAMP KEY SWITCH

⚠ WARNING

The automatic-on headlamp feature provides increased visibility of the rider to other motorists. Be sure headlamp is on at all times. Poor visibility of rider to other motorists can result in death or serious injury. (00030b)

See YOUR OWNER'S MANUAL section. Be sure to record all your key numbers in the space provided at the front of this book.

See Figure 3. The ignition/headlamp key switch controls electrical functions of the motorcycle.

NOTICE

Protect your vehicle against theft. Failure to lock the motorcycle after parking could result in theft and/or equipment damage. (00151b)

⚠ WARNING

Do not operate vehicle with forks locked. Locking the forks restricts the vehicle's turning ability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00035a)

NOTICE

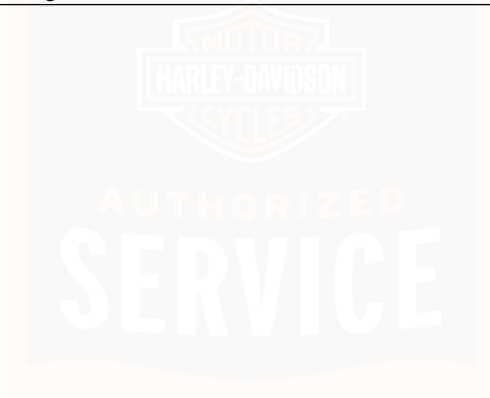
Do not lubricate barrel locks with petroleum based lubricants or graphite. Inoperative locks may result. (00152a)

NOTE

- *Harley-Davidson recommends removing key from ignition/fork lock before operating motorcycle. If you do not remove key, it can fall out during operation.*
- *ACCESS/ACCESSORY - Accessories and hazard warning flasher can be turned on. Instrument lamps are on. Brake lamp and horn can be activated. Key may be removed.*
- *The lamps illuminate when the switch is in the IGNITION position, as required by law in some localities.*

Table 17. Ignition/Headlamp Switch Positions: Tri Glide Models

FUNCTION	LABEL	OPERATION
Key Lock	LOCK	Locks the switch in either the FORK LOCK or ACCESS switch position. Remove the key for security.
	UNLOCK	Unlocks the switch. Unlocked, the switch can be rotated to any of the 4 positions. To prevent loss when riding, remove the key.
Switch	FORK LOCK	Locks fork in left position to discourage unauthorized use of vehicle when parked. See CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > FORK LOCK: TRI GLIDE MODELS (Page 29) for operation.
	OFF	When switch is in OFF position, the ignition, lamps and accessories are off.
	IGNITION	When the switch is in the IGNITION position, the motorcycle can be started and all lamps and accessories will operate.
	ACCESS	When the switch is in the ACCESS position, all the lamps and accessories will operate but the engine can not be started. In ACCESS, the switch can be locked.



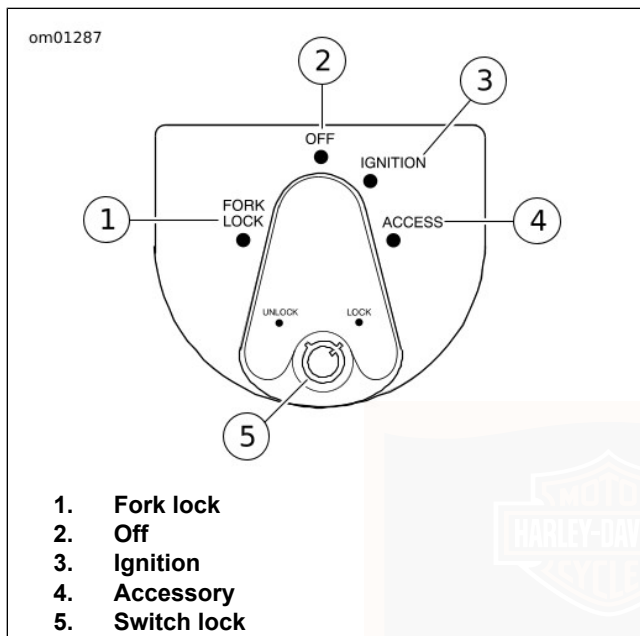


Figure 3. Ignition/Headlamp Key Switch: Tri Glide Models

FORK LOCK: TRI GLIDE MODELS

NOTICE

Protect your vehicle against theft. Failure to lock the motorcycle after parking could result in theft and/or equipment damage. (00151b)

⚠ WARNING

Do not operate vehicle with forks locked. Locking the forks restricts the vehicle's turning ability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00035a)

See Figure 3. Using the fork lock immediately after parking your motorcycle will discourage unauthorized use or theft when parking your motorcycle. The fork lock is integrated into the ignition switch.

NOTE

Do not force the switch into the locked position or switch damage can occur.

1. Turn fork to full left position.
2. See Figure 3. Turn switch knob to FORK LOCK and push knob down.
3. Insert key and turn key to LOCK position. Remove key.

4. To unlock fork, insert key and turn to UNLOCK position. Remove key and rotate switch knob out from the FORK LOCK position.

HAND CONTROLS: BASIC OPERATION

NOTICE

Control wiring is routed inside handlebar and may be pinched or cut if controls are rotated too far. Electrical damage to control wiring can result. See Service Manual Supplement or see a Harley-Davidson dealer. (00363a)

Clutch Hand Lever

⚠ WARNING

Do not position fingers between hand control lever and handlebar grip. Improper hand positioning can impair control lever operation and cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00032a)

See Figure 4. The clutch hand lever (1) is located on the left handlebar and is operated with the fingers of the left hand.

1. Slowly pull clutch hand lever in against handlebar grip to fully disengage clutch.

2. Shift to first gear using the gear shifter lever. See CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > CRUISE CONTROL OPERATION (Page 42).
3. Slowly release the clutch hand lever to engage clutch.

A clutch switch is incorporated into the left handlebar switch assembly. It enables the rider to start the vehicle in any gear (or in neutral) as long as the clutch lever is pulled in. If the clutch is not disengaged, the vehicle will not start in gears other than neutral.

Horn Switch

See Figure 4. The horn is operated by pushing on the horn switch (2) located on the left handlebar control group.

Headlamp Dimmer Switch

See Figure 4. The headlamp dimmer switch (3) is located on the left handlebar. The switch has two positions to activate the headlamps high or low beams.

- Press the top of the headlamp dimmer beam switch to activate the high beam.
- Press the bottom of the headlamp dimmer switch to return to the low beam.

See Figure 5. The (blue) high beam indicator lamp will illuminate when the high beam is on.

Turn Signal Switches

See Figure 4. Each handlebar control group contains a turn signal switch.

- The left turn signal switch (4) operates the left front and left rear flashing lamps.
- The right turn signal switch (5) operates the right front and right rear flashing lamps.

NOTE

Front turn signal lamps also function as running lamps.

Electric Starter Switch

NOTE

Off/Run switch MUST be in RUN position to operate engine.

See Figure 4. The electric starter switch (6) is located on the right handlebar control group. See OPERATION > STARTING THE ENGINE (Page 116) for detailed operation procedures.

1. Put the engine off/run switch in the RUN position and the transmission in neutral. Neutral (green) indicator lamp should be illuminated.
2. See Figure 3. Turn ignition/headlamp key switch to IGNITION and push the START switch to operate starter motor.

Engine OFF/RUN Switch

See Figure 4. The engine off/run switch (7) turns the ignition power ON or OFF. The engine off/run switch is located on the right handlebar control. Push the top portion of the engine off/run switch to turn off ignition power and shut the engine off. Push the bottom portion of the engine off/run switch to turn on ignition power.

NOTE

- *The engine off/run switch must be in the RUN position to start or operate the engine.*
 - *The engine off/run switch should be used to shut the engine off.*
1. To shut the engine off, push the top of the off/run switch to the ignition OFF position.
 2. See Figure 3. Turn the ignition key to the OFF position to turn the ignition power completely OFF.

Front Brake Lever

See Figure 4. The front brake lever (8) applies mechanical pressure to the front brake master cylinder and the master cylinder applies hydraulic pressure to the front brake calipers.

Throttle Control Grip

See Figure 4. The throttle control grip (9) is located on the right handlebar control and is operated with the right hand.

- Slowly turn throttle control grip clockwise (toward the front of the vehicle) to close the throttle (decelerate).
- Slowly turn throttle control grip counterclockwise (toward rear of vehicle) to open the throttle (accelerate).

Audio/CB Control Switches

See Figure 4. The audio/CB control switches (10) set up and operate functions within the Advanced Audio System.

See **ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM** (Page 63) for detailed operation.

Cruise Control Resume/Set Switch

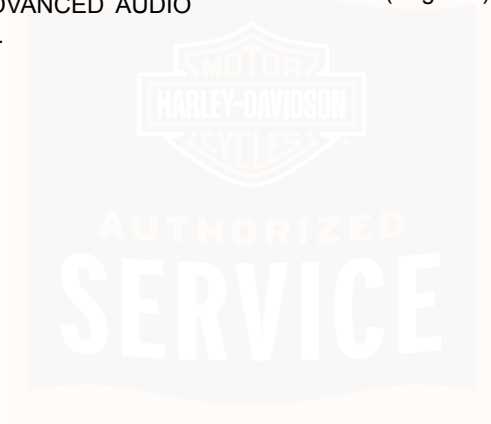
See Figure 4. The cruise control resume/set switch (11) automatically maintains the speed of the motorcycle.

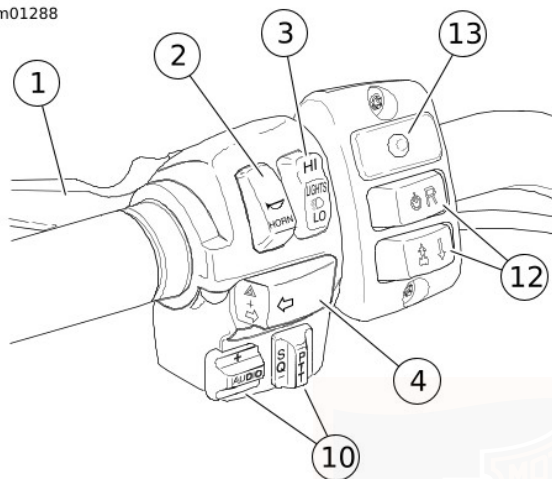
See **CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > CRUISE CONTROL OPERATION** (Page 42) for detailed operation.

Reverse Control Switches

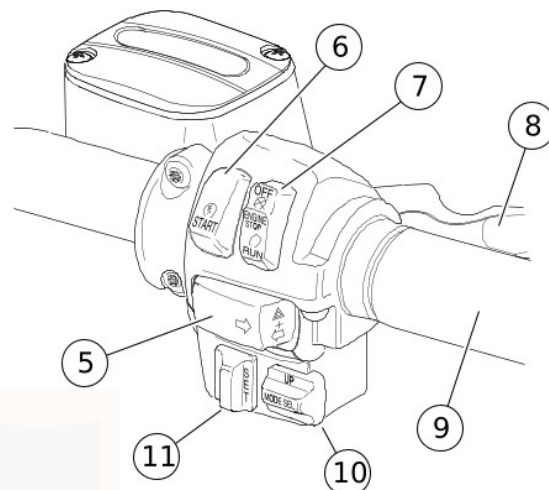
See Figure 4. The reverse control switches (12) operate the electric reverse motor. The reverse enable indicator (13) is lit when reverse operation is enabled.

See **CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > REVERSE OPERATION** (Page 58) for detailed operation.





1. Clutch hand lever
2. Horn switch
3. Headlamp dimmer switch
4. Left turn signal switch
5. Right turn signal switch
6. Electric starter switch
7. Engine off/run switch



8. Front brake lever
9. Throttle control grip
10. Audio/CB control switches
11. Cruise control resume/set switch
12. Reverse control switches
13. Reverse enable indicator

Figure 4. Handlebar Controls: Tri Glide Models

ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL (ETC)

Touring models are equipped with Electronic Throttle Control (ETC). Instead of using a mechanical cable connection to the throttle body, this technology uses redundant grip sensors to indicate rider requested throttle position to the Electronic Module (ECM). The ECM then regulates proper fuel/air intake and ignition timing based on the rider request. The grip sensor is manufactured with internal cams and spring retainer for natural feel and operation.

ETC operation is designed for rider safety and continued motorcycle operation, even in the event of a component failure. The Electronic Control Module monitors the status of the grip sensors, throttle plate actuation and airflow. If any problems are detected, the motorcycle will disable cruise control, illuminate the engine check lamp, and revert to one of the following fallback modes.

ETC Limited Performance Mode

The rider will experience near-normal operation. The motorcycle will operate with provisions to guard against unintended acceleration.

ETC Power Management Mode

The throttle plate actuator returns to an "idle detent" or "limp-home" position, which will provide enough torque to

achieve speed of about 40 km/h (25 mph). The motorcycle's response to grip sensor input is significantly reduced.

ETC Forced Idle Mode

The throttle plate actuator is forced to a "fast idle" position, which will provide enough torque to crawl, but not enough torque to operate at traffic speeds.

ETC Forced Shutdown Mode

The engine is forced to shut down.

TURN SIGNAL SWITCH OPERATION

The turn signal switches are used by the turn signal module to control turn signal operation based on vehicle speed, vehicle acceleration and turn completion.

Momentarily depress the desired turn signal switch. The turn signal lamps will begin and continue flashing until they are manually or automatically cancelled. As long as the motorcycle is stationary, the signals will flash.

NOTE

- *If you are signaling to turn in one direction and you depress the switch for the opposite turn signal, the first signal is cancelled and the opposite side begins flashing.*

- If you want to stop the lamps from flashing, briefly depress the turn signal switch a second time. The turn signal lamps will stop flashing.

HAZARD WARNING 4-WAY FLASHER

Use the following method to activate the four-way flashers.

1. With the ignition key ON and security system disarmed (if equipped), press the left and right turn signal switches at the same time.
2. Turn the ignition key OFF and arm the security system if present and desired. The four-way flashers will continue for two hours.
3. To cancel four-way flashing, disarm the security system if necessary, turn the ignition key ON and press the left and right turn signal switches at the same time.

This system allows a stranded vehicle to be left in the four-way flashing mode and secured until help is found.

INDICATOR LAMPS

See Figure 5. Five indicator lamps are provided.

- The green TURN indicators will flash when turn signals are activated; therefore, flashing indicates the chosen turn direction. When the 4-way hazard flashers are operating, both turn indicators will flash simultaneously.

- The blue BEAM indicator lamp, when lit, signals high beam headlamp operation.
- The green NEUTRAL lamp, when lit, signals the transmission is in neutral gear.
- The red OIL indicator lamp, when lit, signals that oil is not circulating through the engine.

NOTE

The OIL indicator lamp will glow when the ignition is turned on prior to starting engine. With engine running, lamp should be off when engine speed is above idle.

Several other circumstances that could cause the red oil indicator lamp to signal, include the following:

- If the oil pressure indicator lamp does not go off at speeds above idling, it is usually because of an empty oil tank or diluted oil.
- In freezing weather the oil feed may clog with ice and sludge, preventing oil circulation.
- A grounded oil signal switch wire.
- A faulty signal switch.
- A damaged or improperly installed check valve.
- Trouble with the pump.

NOTICE

If the oil pressure indicator lamp remains lit, always check the oil supply first. If the oil supply is normal and the lamp is still lit, stop the engine at once and do not ride further until the trouble is located and the necessary repairs are made. Failure to do so may result in engine damage. (00157a)

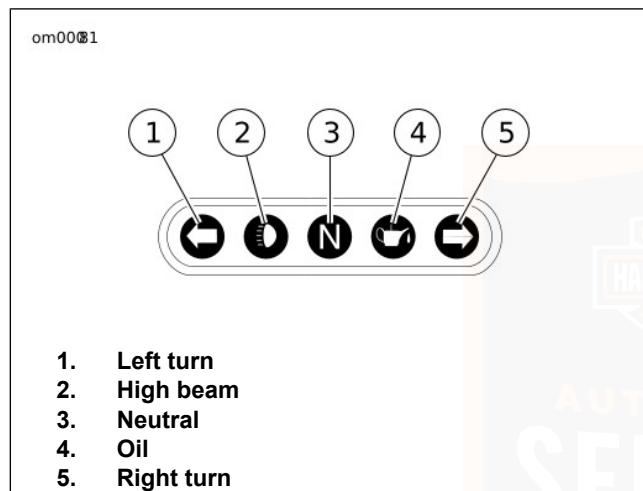


Figure 5. Indicator Lamps

INSTRUMENTS: TRI GLIDE MODELS

Speedometer

⚠ WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

See Figure 7. The speedometer registers miles per hour of forward speed. The speedometer has a single display for the following selectable functions:

- Odometer
 - Trip odometers A and B
 - Fuel range function
1. See Figure 7. Pressing the function switch with the ignition switch in any position will activate the odometer reading. Mileage may be checked without unlocking ignition switch. Press and release function switch once to view odometer.
 2. To check mileage on trip odometers, the ignition switch must be in the ACC or IGNITION position. Press and release the function switch until the desired trip odometer reading is displayed. An A or B in the upper left of the display window identifies trip odometers.

3. To reset or zero trip odometers, have desired (A or B) odometer in display window. Press function switch and hold switch for 2-3 seconds. The trip odometer will be reset to zero.
4. Repeat the previous step if you wish to zero both trip odometers.

Tachometer

NOTICE

See OPERATING RECOMMENDATIONS section. Do not operate the engine above maximum safe RPM as shown under OPERATION (red zone on tachometer). Lower the RPM by upshifting to a higher gear or reducing the amount of throttle. Failure to lower RPM may cause equipment damage. (00159a)

See Figure 6. The tachometer measures the engine speed in revolutions per minute (RPM).

Tip Indicator Lamp

⚠ WARNING

If tip occurs, check all controls for proper operation. Restricted control movement can adversely affect the performance of the brakes, clutch or ability to shift, which could result in loss of vehicle control and death or serious injury. (00350a)

Should motorcycle be tipped over, the word "tip" will appear in the odometer window. Engine will not start until reset. To reset, cycle ignition/headlamp key switch ON-OFF-ON.

Fuel Gauge

The fuel gauge indicates the approximate amount of fuel in the fuel tank(s) and is located to left of the speedometer or on the left front panel of the fairing.

Oil Pressure Gauge

The oil pressure gauge indicates engine oil pressure and is found on the front panel of the fairing. Engine oil pressure will normally vary from 5 psi (34 kN/m²) at idle speed to 30-38 PSI (207-262 kN/m²) at 2000 RPM when engine is at normal operating temperature of 230° F (110° C).

Voltmeter

The voltmeter indicates electrical system voltage and is found on the front panel of the fairing. With the engine running above 1500 RPM, the voltmeter should register 13-14.5 volts with battery at full charge.

Air Temperature Gauge

The air temperature gauge indicates the ambient air temperature in degrees Fahrenheit. This gauge is found on the front panel of the fairing.

Fuel Range Function

The fuel range function shows the approximate mileage available with the amount of fuel left in the fuel tank.

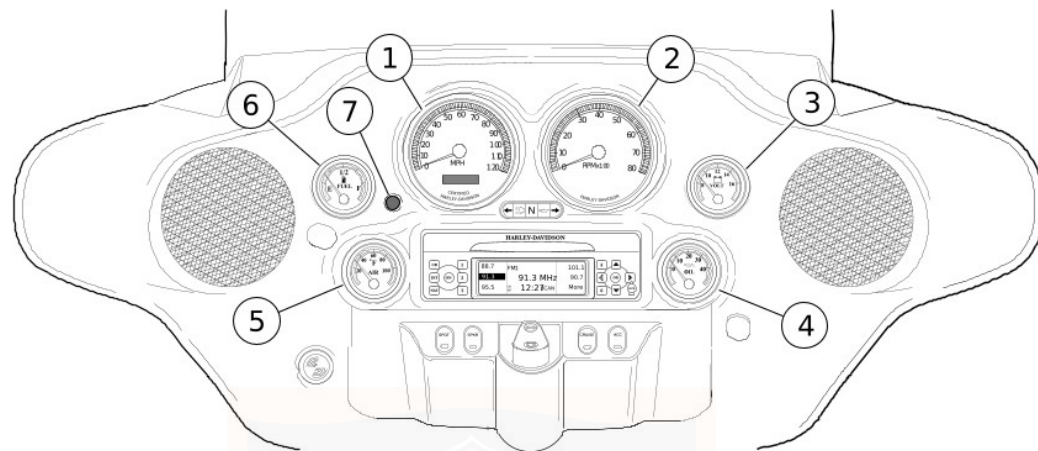
1. With the ignition switch in the ACC or IGNITION position, press function switch until fuel range function is displayed, as indicated by the letter 'r' in the left side of the odometer display. The calculated remaining distance (miles or kilometers) to empty is displayed, based on the amount of fuel in tank. Range can be accessed at any time using the function switch.

2. When the low fuel warning lamp illuminates, the range feature will automatically be displayed in the odometer unless this automatic pop-up feature is disabled by a press and hold of the function switch while in range display mode. Automatic range pop-up feature will show that it is disabled by blinking twice. Likewise, automatic range popup can be reactivated by a press and hold of the function switch. Range will blink once when the automatic pop-up feature is re-enabled.

NOTE

- *When the low fuel warning lamp turns on, there is approximately 3.79 L (1.00 USgal) of fuel remaining in the tank. Refuel as soon as possible.*
 - *The range display is only updated when the vehicle is moving.*
3. After the range calculation reaches 16 km (10 mi) remaining, the range display will display "r Lo" to indicate that the vehicle will shortly run out of fuel.
 4. Resetting the low fuel warning lamp and range requires an ignition cycle change.

SERVICE



- 1. Speedometer
- 2. Tachometer
- 3. Voltmeter
- 4. Oil pressure

- 5. Air temperature
- 6. Fuel level
- 7. Function button

Figure 6. Instruments: Tri Glide Models

INDICATOR LAMPS: TRI GLIDE MODELS

Engine Check Lamp

See Figure 7. The engine check lamp is located near the lower left side of the speedometer face. Its purpose is to

indicate whether or not the engine/engine management system is operating normally. The engine lamp color is amber.

The engine lamp normally comes on when the ignition is first turned on and remains on for approximately 4 seconds, as the engine management system runs a series of self-diagnostics.

If the engine lamp comes on at any other time, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Low Fuel Lamp

See Figure 7. The low fuel lamp is located in the speedometer face, lower center by check engine lamp. The low fuel lamp illuminates to indicate that you have approximately 3.8 L (1 USgal) of gasoline left in the tank. The low fuel lamp color is amber.

Battery Discharge Lamp

See Figure 7. The red battery charging lamp indicates either overcharging or undercharging of the battery. Refer to MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > BATTERY: GENERAL (Page 157).

Cruise Control Lamps

See Figure 7. A green lamp on the tachometer face indicates the cruise control is SET or NOT SET. An orange lamp on the cruise control switch indicates the cruise control is ON or OFF. Refer to CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > CRUISE CONTROL OPERATION (Page 42).

Sixth Gear Lamp

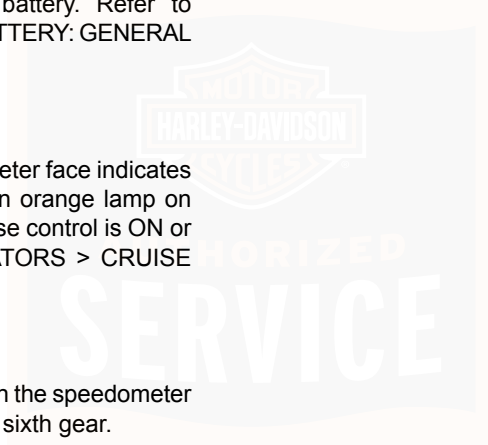
See Figure 7. The amber sixth gear lamp on the speedometer face indicates when the transmission is in sixth gear.

Security System Lamp

See Figure 7. The red security system lamp on the speedometer face indicates when the security system is armed. Refer to HANDS-FREE SECURITY MODULE > HARLEY-DAVIDSON SMART SECURITY SYSTEM (Page 97).

Reverse Enable Lamp

The reverse enable lamp is located with the reverse controls on the left handlebar. This yellow lamp is lit when reverse operation is enabled. See CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > REVERSE OPERATION (Page 58).



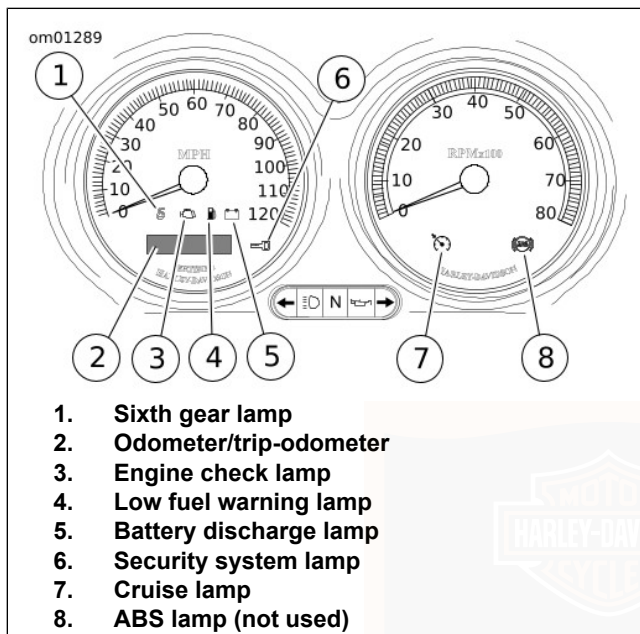


Figure 7. Indicator Lamps: Tri Glide Models
CRUISE CONTROL: TRI GLIDE MODELS

Operating Controls

The cruise control system provides automatic vehicle speed control.

⚠ WARNING

Do not use the cruise control system in heavy traffic, on roads with sharp or blind curves or on slippery roads of any kind. Using the cruise control in these circumstances can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00083a)

See Figure 8. A fairing cap cruise control switch located to the right of the ignition/headlamp key switch turns the cruise control system ON and OFF.

NOTE

The cruise control icon on the speedometer or tachometer will turn orange to indicate the cruise control is ON. If the orange icon does NOT come on, the system is NOT ON. You cannot SET cruise speed, see your dealer.

See Figure 9. RESUME/SET switch is located in the right handlebar control group.

The RESUME/SET switch controls several system functions, including set, resume, accelerate and decelerate.

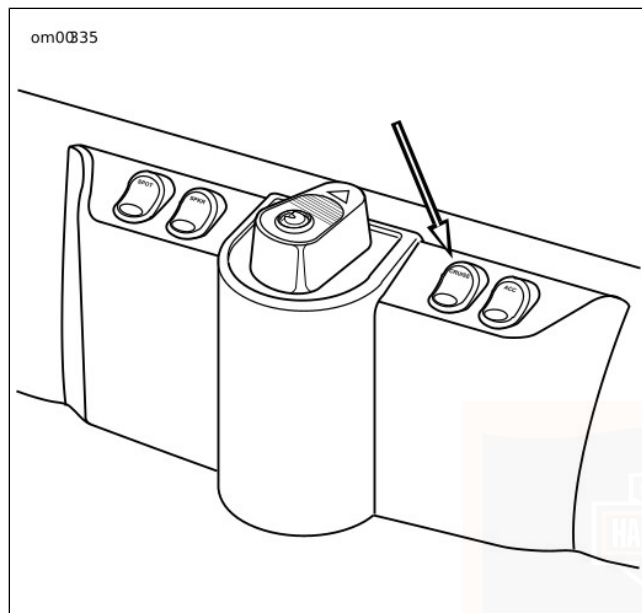


Figure 8. Cruise Control Fairing Cap Switch

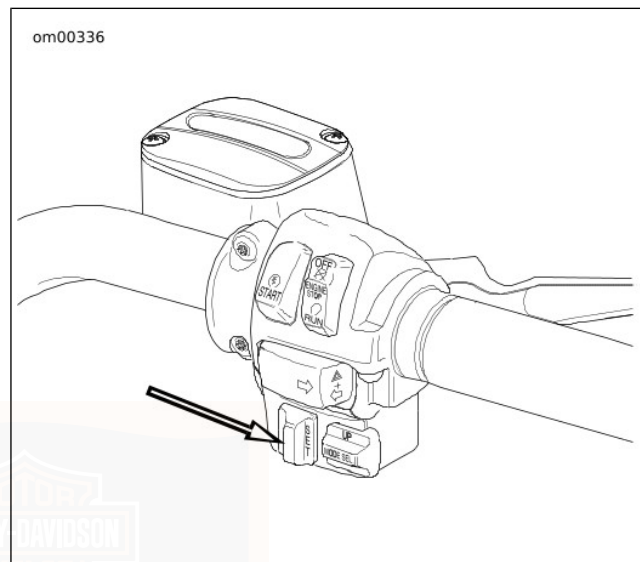


Figure 9. RESUME/SET Switch

CRUISE CONTROL OPERATION

Theory of Operation

The cruise control is designed to be safely operated with minimum movement by the rider and all rider control actions are natural and easy.

NOTE

- *The rider always over-rides and controls the system.*
- *The system will not work at vehicle speeds below 48 km/h (30 mph) or above 137 km/h (85 mph).*
- *The system is managed by the ECM. The tachometer provides information to disengage the system if the engine RPM suddenly increases.*
- *Besides the ECM, the system has other components: a stepper-motor (controlled by the computer) which operates the throttle during CRUISE operation, and several internal switches, all sending information to the computer.*
- *The system will allow rider to increase speed 16 km/h (10 mph) or more (depending on how hard the rider rolls on the throttle and the condition of the vehicle) over the SET point before deactivating. This feature allows the rider to momentarily increase speed, if necessary. Rolling on the throttle to greatly increase speed may deactivate the system.*

Engaging Cruise Control

1. See Figure 7. Turn the cruise control switch to the ON position. The orange icon on the cruise gauge face will light when activated.

2. With the motorcycle traveling at the desired cruise speed of 48–137 km/h (30–85 mph), momentarily push the RESUME/SET switch on the right handlebar to SET. After a delay of about 1-1/2 seconds, the icon will turn green on the face of the gauge to indicate the selected cruising speed is locked in.

Disengaging Cruise Control

The cruise control automatically disengages whenever the cruise control module receives one of the following inputs:

1. Front and/or rear brake is applied.
2. Throttle is rolled back or closed, thereby actuating roll-off (disengage) switch.
3. Motorcycle clutch is disengaged (module senses too great an increase in RPM).
4. Vehicle speed is out of the operating range.

NOTE

Rolling on the throttle more than 16 km/h (10 mph) above the set speed may also deactivate the cruise control.

When the cruise is disengaged, the green cruise engaged icon on the face of the gauge changes to orange. The orange cruise control system icon remains ON until the main switch is turned off.

However, should you decide to SET a cruise speed, RESUME last set speed, ACCELERATE or DECELERATE, simply press the RESUME/SET switch.

Resuming Cruise Speed

If the system is deactivated using one of the methods described under DEACTIVATING CRUISE CONTROL, the system is still ON should you decide to RESUME the set speed. To accomplish this, simply press the RESUME/SET switch to RESUME.

NOTE

The computer will hold the SET speed in memory for the RESUME function. If the vehicle speed drops more than 24 km/h (15 mph) below the SET speed, speed can no longer be RESUMED. If cruise operation is still desired, press the RESUME/SET switch to SET to reset the cruise speed.

Accelerating Above Cruise Speed

1. With the cruise speed set, momentarily press the RESUME/SET switch to RESUME to increase the speed by 1.6 km/h (1 mph).

2. Pressing and holding the RESUME/SET switch at RESUME will cause the system to continue to increase speed in increments of approximately 1.6 km/h (1 mph) until the switch is released. There is a delay of about 2 seconds before the speed increases.

Decelerating Cruise Control

1. With the cruise speed set, momentarily press the RESUME/SET switch to SET to reduce the speed by 1.6 km/h (1 mph).
2. Pressing and holding the RESUME/SET switch at SET will cause the system to continue to reduce speed in increments of approximately 1.6 km/h (1 mph) until the switch is released. There is a delay of about 2 seconds before the speed decreases.

Deactivating Cruise Control

Turn cruise control switch to the OFF position. The orange icon in the gauge is extinguished to indicate the system is OFF.

NOTE

System will NOT work if:

- *Rider operates at vehicle speeds below 48 km/h (30 mph) or above 137 km/h (85 mph).*
- *Brake lamps are on constantly. See dealer.*

Installing non-specified tires or gearing may affect cruise control operation.

GEAR SHIFT LEVER

NOTICE

The clutch must be fully disengaged before attempting a gear shift. Failure to fully disengage the clutch can result in equipment damage. (00182a)

See Figure 10. The gear shift lever is located on the left side of the motorcycle and is operated with the left foot. The transmission is a six speed sequential gear box.

1. Push the gear shift lever all the way down (full stroke) to shift the transmission to the next lower gear.
2. Lift the gear shift lever all the way up (full stroke) to shift the transmission to the next higher gear.

NOTE

- *Release the gear shift lever after each gear change.*
- *The lever must return to its central position before another gear change can be made.*

First gear is the last gear position that can be found by pushing the gear shift lever full stroke downward.

Neutral is located between first and second gear. The green neutral indicator lamp on the dash will illuminate when the transmission is in neutral.

To shift from first gear to neutral, lift the gear shift lever 1/2 of its full stroke.

When the motorcycle is standing still and the engine is not running, shifting gears requires a different technique. Before shifting in this condition, move the motorcycle backward and forward with the clutch fully disengaged (clutch lever pulled in). While maintaining slight pressure on the shift lever, shift from one gear to another.

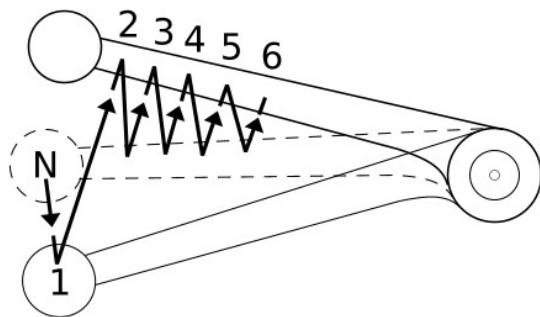
Even with the engine running and the motorcycle standing still, difficulty may be experienced in shifting gears. This difficulty occurs because transmission gears are not turning and shifting parts are not lined up to permit engagement.

NOTICE

When difficulty of shifting gears is experienced, do not under any circumstances, attempt to force the shift. The results of such abuse will be a damaged or broken shifter mechanism. (00161a)

See OPERATION > SHIFTING GEARS (Page 119) for more information.

om00693



**Figure 10. Upshift Pattern: Six Speed
HEEL-TOE FOOT SHIFTER**

See Figure 11. Some motorcycles have a heel-toe shifter lever. With this shift lever, upshifts can be made with the heel of the left foot. Downshifts can be made with the toe.

- Pushing heel-toe foot shift lever all the way down (full stroke) shifts the transmission to the next lower gear.
- Lifting the foot shift lever all the way up (full stroke) shifts the transmission into the next higher gear.

Release the foot shift lever after each gear change. This allows the lever to return to its central position before another gear change can be made.

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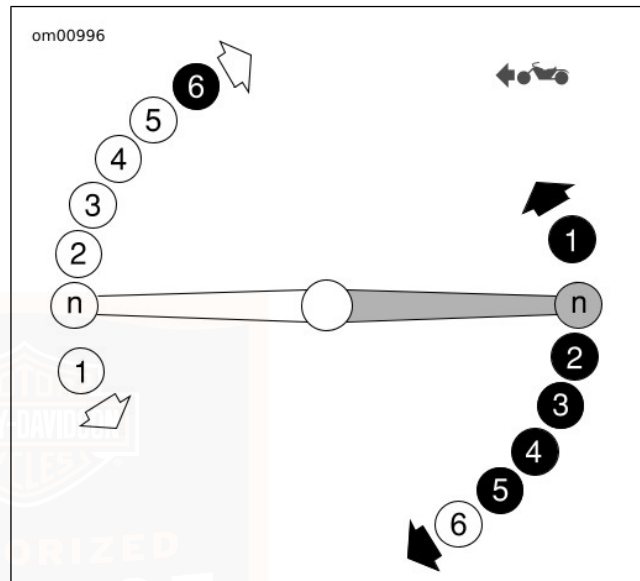


Figure 11. Heel-Toe Foot Shift Lever

BRAKE SYSTEM

⚠ WARNING

Do not apply brake strongly enough to lock the wheel. A locked wheel will skid and can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00053a)

The rear brake pedal controls the rear wheel brake and is located on the motorcycle's right side. Operate the rear brake pedal with the right foot.

The front brake hand lever controls the front wheel brake and is located on the right handlebar. Operate the hand lever with the fingers of the right hand.

⚠ WARNING

Do not position fingers between hand control lever and handlebar grip. Improper hand positioning can impair control lever operation and cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00032a)

Brakes should be applied uniformly and evenly to prevent wheels from locking up. A balance between rear and front braking is generally best.

REAR VIEW MIRRORS

⚠ WARNING

Objects in mirrors are closer than they appear. Use caution when judging distance of objects in mirrors. Failure to judge correct distances could result in death or serious injury. (00033a)

Your vehicle is equipped with two convex rear view mirrors.

This type of mirror is designed to give a much wider view to the rear than a flat mirror. However, cars and other objects seen in this type of mirror will look smaller and farther away than they actually are.

- Use caution when judging the size or relative distance of objects seen in rear view mirrors.
- Always adjust the rear view mirrors to clearly reflect the area behind the motorcycle before riding.

NOTE

Adjust mirrors so you can see a small portion of your shoulders in each mirror. This will help you establish the relative distance of vehicles to the rear of your motorcycle.

FUEL FILLER CAP

Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive. Inadequate safety precautions could result in death or serious

injury. See **SAFE OPERATING RULES** and review safety procedures listed below.

NOTICE

Do not spill fuel onto the motorcycle while refueling. Immediately wipe up fuel spills on your motorcycle. Fuel can cause damage to cosmetic surfaces. (00147b)

NOTICE

Use only unleaded fuel in catalytic converter-equipped motorcycles. Using leaded fuel will damage the emission control system. (00150c)

⚠ WARNING

Do not store motorcycle with gasoline in tank within the home or garage where open flames, pilot lights, sparks or electric motors are present. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00003a)

⚠ WARNING

Avoid spills. Slowly open fuel filler cap. Do not fill above bottom of filler neck insert, leaving air space for fuel expansion. Secure filler cap after refueling. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00028b)

⚠ WARNING

Do not use aftermarket fuel caps. Aftermarket fuel caps may fit improperly and leak, which could lead to death or serious injury. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for approved fuel caps. (00034a)

The fuel filler cap is located beneath a door on the fuel tank. Insert key into fuel door lock and turn counterclockwise to open. Unscrew fuel filler cap.

Fill fuel tank slowly to prevent fuel spillage. Do not fill above the bottom of the filler neck insert. Leave enough air space to allow for fuel expansion. Expansion can cause an overfilled tank to overflow fuel through the filler cap vent onto surrounding areas.

After refueling, be sure filler cap is securely tightened. Tighten fuel filler cap clockwise until it clicks. Close fuel door and turn key clockwise to lock fuel door.

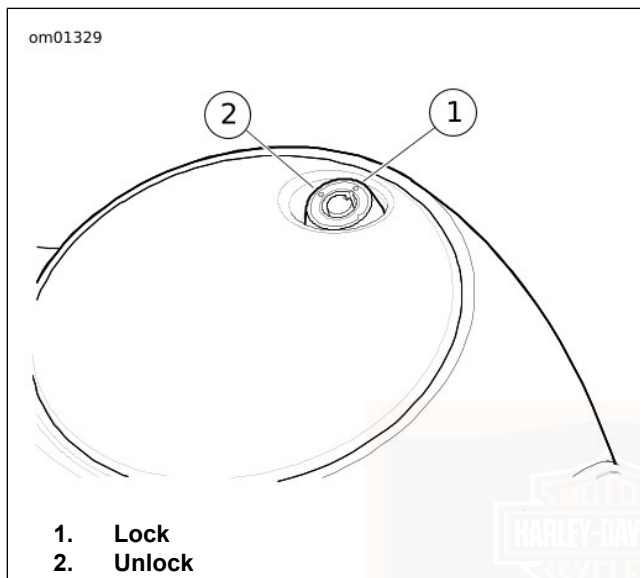


Figure 12. Fuel Door: Tri Glide Models

REAR AIR SUSPENSION

General

Refer to Table 18. The vehicle features air-adjustable rear suspension. Air pressure in the rear shocks may be adjusted to suit load requirements, riding style and personal comfort.

NOTE

These are recommended starting points. Adjust to suit load conditions, riding style and comfort desired. Less initial pressure does not necessarily result in a softer ride. Using pressures outside the recommended loading range will result in a reduction of available suspension travel and reduced rider comfort.

Table 18. Rear Suspension Recommended Air Pressure: Tri Glide Models

SHOCK LOAD	TOTAL WEIGHT		PRESSURE	
	LB.	KG	PSI	kPa
Solo rider	up to 150	up to 68	5-10	34-69
	150-200	68-91	10-20	69-138
	200-250	91-113	20-30	138-206
	250-300	113-136	30-40	206-276
	over 300	over 136	40-50	276-345
Solo rider with capacity luggage of 36 kg (80 lb)	up to 150	up to 68	25-30	172-206
	150-200	68-91	30-40	206-276
	200-250	91-113	40-50	276-345
	over 250	over 113	50	345
Rider plus passenger	All weights		50	345
Maximum loaded vehicle	GVWR		50	345
Do not exceed 345 kPa (50 psi) rear shock pressure.				

Adjusting Shock Pressure

NOTICE

Do not exceed maximum air pressure for suspension. Air components fill rapidly. Therefore, use low air line pressure. Failure to do so can result in possible damage to components. (00165b)

⚠ WARNING

Use caution when bleeding air from the suspension. Moisture combined with lubricant may leak onto the rear wheel, tire and/or brake components and adversely affect traction, which could result in death or serious injury. (00084a)

See Figure 13. To adjust the rear shock air pressure, use an air pump to fill or release air from the air valve located behind the right side cover.

NOTE

- An **AIR SUSPENSION PUMP AND GAUGE (PART NUMBER: HD-34633)** is available at your Harley-Davidson dealer.
- Do not exceed maximum GVWR or GAWR.
- Always clear the line by adding 21–35 kPa (3–5 psi) before releasing air from the pump's valve, but do not exceed 345 kPa (50 psi).



Figure 13. Rear Air Suspension Valve

LUGGAGE

⚠ WARNING

Do not exceed the motorcycle's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). Exceeding these weight ratings can lead to component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00016f)

GVWR is the sum of the weight of the motorcycle, accessories, and the maximum weight of the rider, passenger and cargo that can be safely carried.

GAWR is the maximum amount of weight that can be safely carried on each axle.

The GVWR and GAWR is shown on the information plate, located on the frame steering head.

Make sure all storage compartments are secure before operating motorcycle.

Adhere to the weight limits and loading instructions on the labels within the storage compartments.

TOUR-PAK

Operation

See Figure 14. Unlock lock and open draw catches.

Removal/Installation

⚠ CAUTION

Do NOT pull on any electrical wires. Pulling on electrical wires may damage the internal conductor causing high resistance, which may result in minor or moderate injury. (00168a)

The Tour-Pak can be located in two positions. See the service manual or a Harley-Davidson dealer about Tour-Pak removal/relocation.

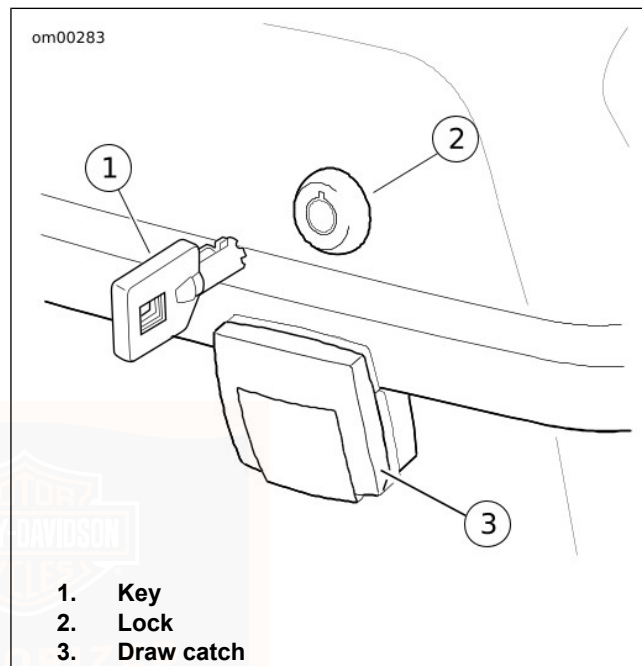


Figure 14. Tour-Pak Lock and Draw Catch

TRUNK

The vehicle has a lockable trunk. When loading the trunk, distribute weight evenly and do not exceed the maximum load of 22 kg (50 lb). Contents in trunk may shift while riding.

1. See Figure 15. To unlock trunk, insert key into barrel lock and turn 1/8 turn clockwise. Return key to bottom center position and remove.
2. See Figure 16. Push in the barrel lock to unlatch door. Pull handle to open trunk door.
3. To close, push door firmly to engage latches. Pull handle to make sure trunk door is secure.
4. To lock trunk, insert key into barrel lock and turn 1/8 turn counterclockwise. Return key to bottom center position and remove. Push on barrel lock to make sure trunk is locked.

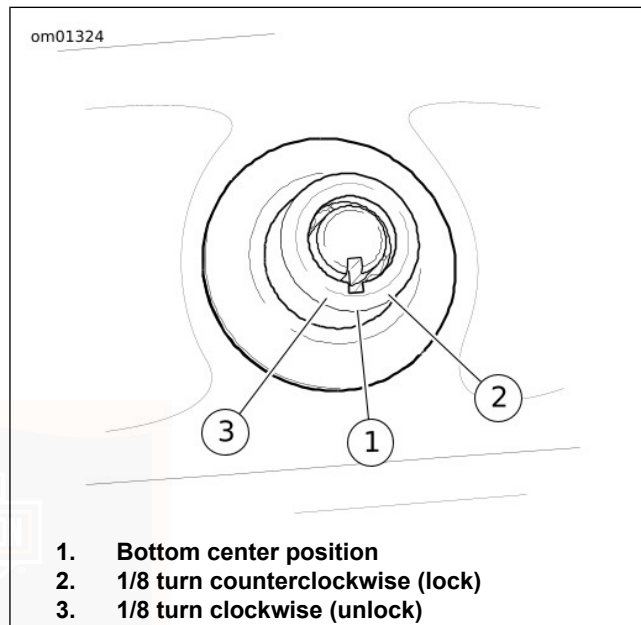


Figure 15. Trunk Lock

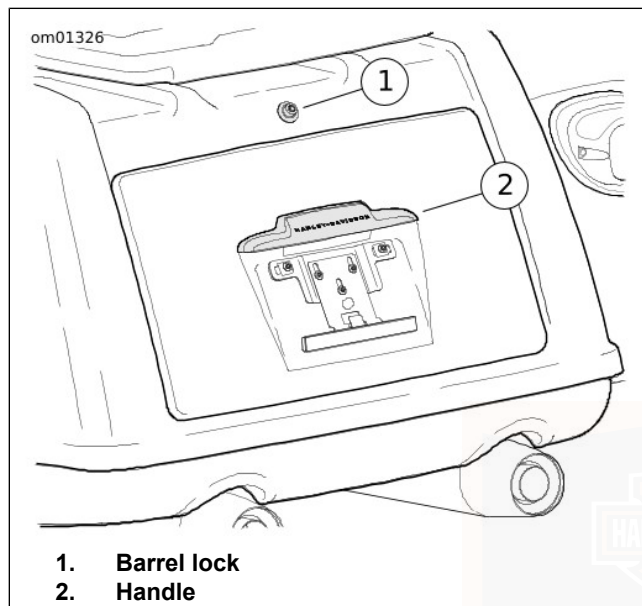


Figure 16. Trunk

ADJUSTABLE AIR DEFLECTORS

See Figure 17. Air deflectors, located along the left and right bottom edge of fairing, may be adjusted to direct airflow for rider and passenger comfort.

To adjust, grasp the outer edge of the deflector and pivot to desired position.



Figure 17. Adjustable Air Deflector

CIGARETTE LIGHTER

See Figure 18. A cigarette lighter is located on the left side of the fairing. To operate, press lighter into socket. The lighter will pop out when hot.

The lighter is not intended to be used as a power port for electrical devices. Damage to the lighter receptacle may occur.

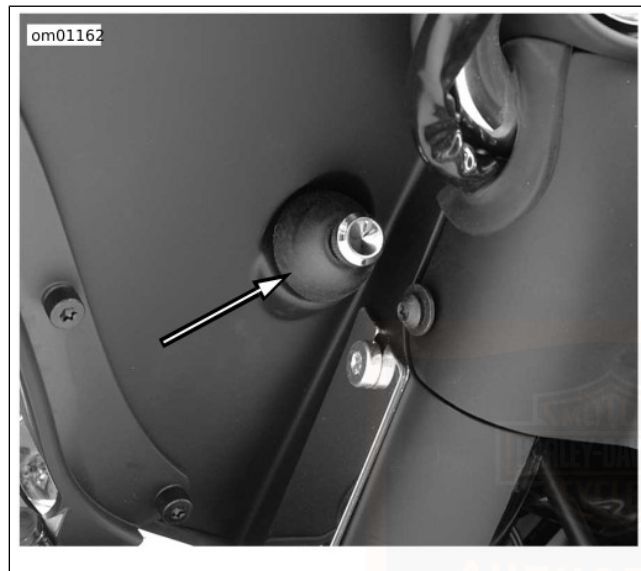


Figure 18. Cigarette Lighter

ACCESSORY SWITCH

See Figure 19. An accessory switch (4) is located on the right side of the fairing.

See Figure 20. There is an accessory connector located in front of the battery that can be activated with the ACC switch. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for possible uses.

NOTICE

It is possible to overload the vehicle's charging system by adding too many electrical accessories. If the combined electrical accessories operating at any one time consume more electrical current than the vehicle's charging system can produce, the electrical consumption can discharge the battery and cause damage to the vehicle's electrical system. (00211d)

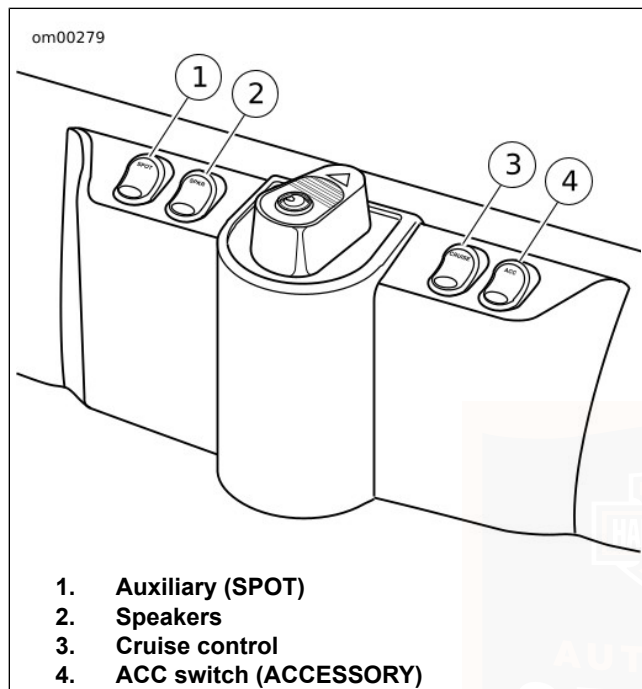


Figure 19. Switch Indicators

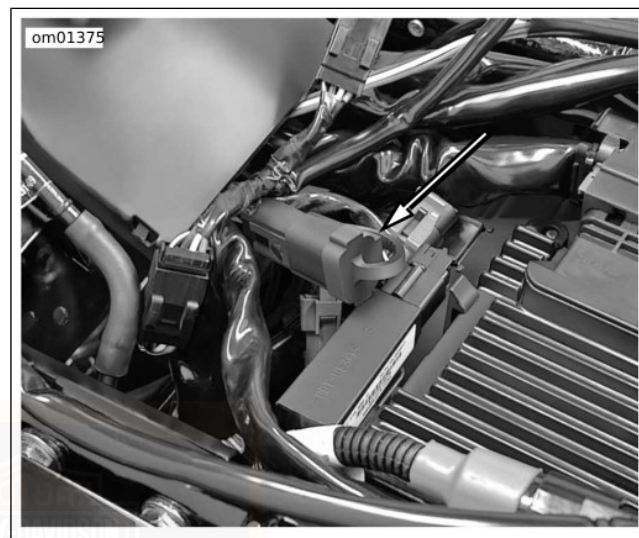


Figure 20. Accessory Connector

AUXILIARY LAMPS

See Figure 19. Use the auxiliary lamp switch (1) to turn ON the auxiliary lamps as required.

NOTE

- The auxiliary lamp switch (SPOT) is on the left side of the ignition/headlamp key switch on fairing cap.

- *The auxiliary lamps (SPOT) do not work when the headlamp is on high beam.*

FAIRING LOWER VENTS

See Figure 21. Vents in fairing lowers are controlled by the lever shown. Adjust vent openings to control air flow.

Fairing lowers may be removed warmer ambient temperature to increase rider and passenger comfort.

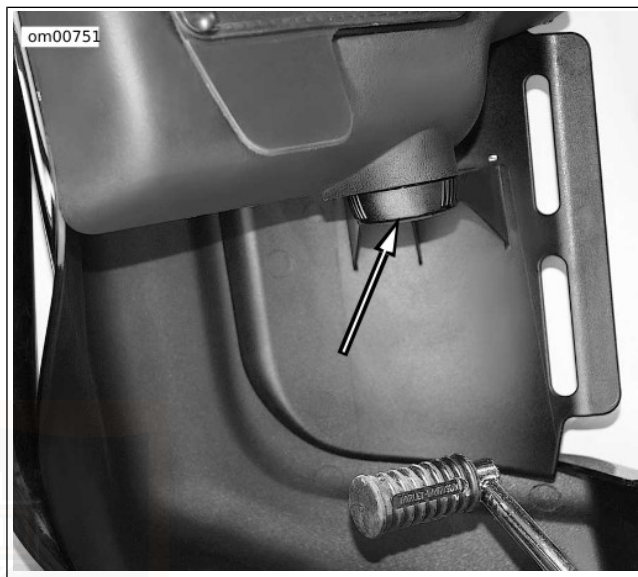


Figure 21. Fairing Lower Vent Control

RIDER FOOTBOARDS

Rider footboards are adjustable. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for adjustment.

PASSENGER FOOTBOARDS

Passenger footboards can be adjusted to one of three positions. Before moving to a new position, remove plastic plugs from holes in the footrest mount in the frame as necessary.

1. See Figure 22. Remove socket screw with lockwasher to remove footboard bracket from footrest mount in frame.
2. Insert pin on footboard bracket into mount hole at the desired position.
3. Install socket screw with lockwasher. Tighten socket screw to 41–47 N·m (30–35 ft-lbs).

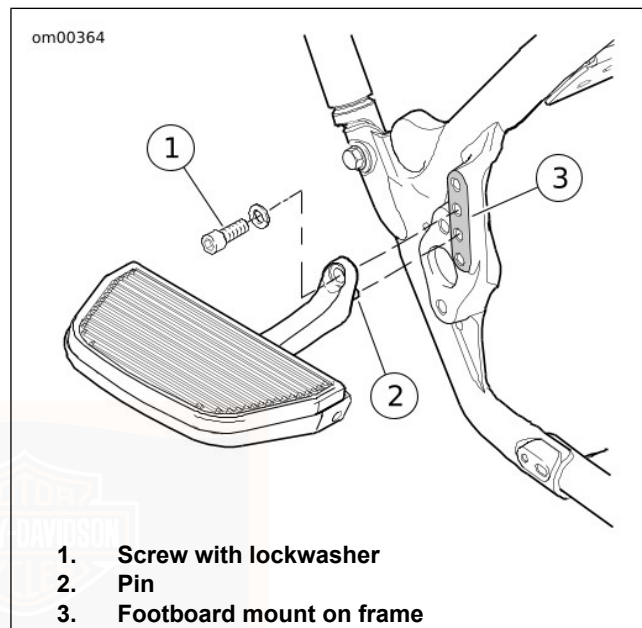


Figure 22. Passenger Footboard

REVERSE OPERATION

The vehicle may be equipped with an optional electric reverse motor. To enable reverse operation, the vehicle must be started and in neutral. Placing the vehicle in gear or turning

the ignition key to OFF will disable reverse operation and cause the reverse lamp to turn off.

The effort of the reverse motor is affected by the load on the vehicle and the incline of the riding surface.

Always come to a complete stop before placing the vehicle in forward gear.

1. Bring the vehicle to a complete stop. If parked, check that the parking brake is disengaged.
2. See Figure 23. With the vehicle started and in neutral, press the reverse enable switch (2) in the left hand control group. The yellow reverse enable lamp (1) is lit when reverse is enabled.
3. Press and hold the reverse drive switch (3) to operate the electric reverse motor. The reverse speed is limited to approximately 2-3 mph (3-5 km/h).

NOTE

- The rear of the vehicle is wider than a typical motorcycle. Check for proper clearance when maneuvering.
- Pressing the reverse drive switch while the brakes or parking brake are applied or while the vehicle is against resistance (such as a curb) may cause the reverse circuit breaker to trip. If the reverse motor does not operate, see MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > REVERSE MOTOR (Page 156) to reset the circuit breaker.

4. Release the reverse drive switch and then brake as necessary to bring the vehicle to a stop.
5. With vehicle stopped, place the vehicle in forward gear and ride normally, or turn ignition key to OFF.

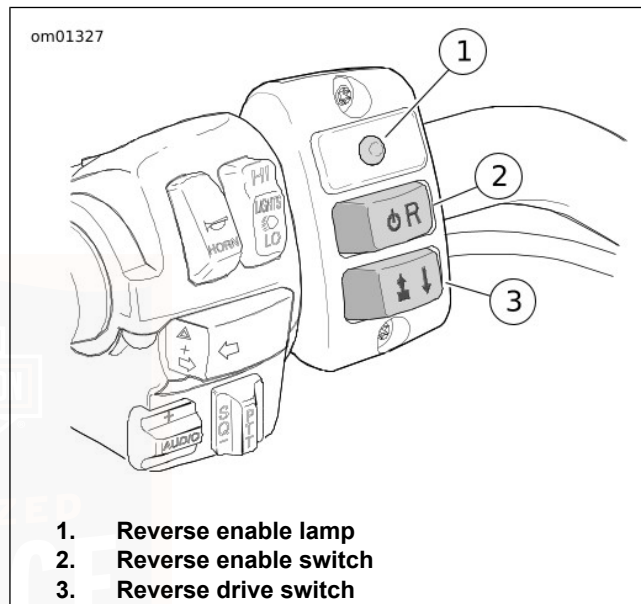


Figure 23. Reverse Controls

PARKING BRAKE

The parking brake lever is located on the right side of vehicle. The lever mechanically engages brakes for both rear wheels to prevent the vehicle from rolling when parked.

Do not use parking brake when the vehicle is in motion. It is not an emergency brake. Always disengage parking brake before riding.

NOTE

As brake pads wear, the parking brake lever may have to be adjusted to provide sufficient lever effort and fully engage rear brakes. See MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > PARKING BRAKE (Page 141) for inspection and adjustment.

Engaging Parking Brake

1. Bring the vehicle to a complete stop using service brakes.
2. Shift to first gear and shut off engine.
3. Apply front brake with left hand and cover rear brake with right foot.
4. See Figure 24. Push parking brake lever to the forward position (2) with right hand.

NOTE

The rear brake pedal will increase pressure as the parking brake engages. This is normal operation. Do not resist rear brake pedal motion when engaging the parking brake.

Disengaging Parking Brake

1. Apply front brake with left hand and cover rear brake with right foot.
2. See Figure 24. With right hand, pull parking brake lever to the upright position (1). The rear brake pedal will decrease pressure as the parking brake disengages.
3. Start motorcycle and operate normally.



Figure 24. Parking Brake

NOTES



ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM

The Advanced Audio System by Harman/Kardon® is based on an electronic unit mounted inside the front fairing of selected Harley-Davidson Touring models.

The Advanced Audio System is a multi-band radio receiver that includes a Compact Disc (CD)/MP3 player and an auxiliary (AUX) port for media players. The receiver is stereo and plays through left and right speakers mounted in the rider fairing. The Advanced Audio receiver also supports additional passenger speakers, a rider/passenger intercom and a 40 channel Citizen Band (CB) radio transceiver.

⚠ WARNING

Do not change compact discs while riding, and do not select a volume level that blocks out traffic noise. Distractions or a volume level that blocks out traffic noise, could cause loss of control resulting in death or serious injury. (00086a)

NOTICE

There are no serviceable parts inside the unit; leave all servicing to qualified service personnel. Disassembly of the unit could result in equipment damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00172a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not disassemble unit. Laser radiation is present if disc player is disassembled and the interlock fails or is defeated. Exposure to laser radiation could lead to death or serious injury. (00087a)

⚠ WARNING

Set volume levels and other controls on audio and electronic devices before riding. Distractions can lead to loss of control, resulting in death or serious injury. (00088b)

STEREO RECEIVER

The Advanced Audio System stereo receiver is a radio (3 band maximum) with a full function Compact Disc (CD)/MP3 player and an auxiliary (AUX) input.

Auxiliary audio devices can play through the receiver's amplifier and speakers when connected to the **AUX** input port. Auxiliary devices include MP3 players, cassette players, and mini-disc players.

Receiver features include:

- Electronic single in-line CD/MP3 player with track up/down, forward and reverse scan, repeat and random play functions.

- CD/CDR/CDRW compatibility. Double-sided CDs will not play in this unit.
- MPEG 2.5 Level III (MP3) file format compatibility.
- More than 10 hours of MP3 music - 150 MP3 songs (10 albums) on one 650MB disc.
- Anti-skip protection (>40 second memory and mechanical dampers).
- Remote controls for frequency tuning, band change, CD select, volume, and bass/treble/fader mixing.
- Automatic Volume Control (AVC) - automatically adjusts volume to compensate for ambient noise due to motorcycle speed.
- Time-of-day clock.
- Weather band frequencies displayed as NOAA channel numbers (active on North American units only).

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

See Figure 25. The front panel consists of a set of pushbuttons, a liquid crystal display, (LCD), a protective door for the Compact Disc (CD/MP3) slot and a covered input port for auxiliary (AUX) players. Six of the pushbuttons are "soft keys" whose function will change with the display.

ON

Press **ON** to turn the receiver on and off.

1, 2, 3, 4, 5/Left Arrow

For the stereo receiver, the soft keys, **1, 2, 3, 4, and 5/Left Arrow**, are used to store and then recall a selected radio frequency (pre-sets). When combined with any of the Advanced Audio System accessories, the function of any active soft key for that accessory will be displayed next to the soft key in the LCD display.

6

Pressing the **6** soft key will return the display to the previous menu. For **CB** and **Intercom Setup**, the function of the **6** soft key will be displayed in the LCD next to the **6** soft key.

5/Left, Up, Down, Right Arrows

The **5/Left, Up, Down, and Right Arrow** soft keys are used for radio band frequency tuning, Bass and Treble mixing, Fader and Volume. They are also used to scroll and highlight a selection in a list. For an Advanced Audio System accessory module, the arrow keys are active when arrows appear in the display.

OK

With a menu or list item highlighted, press the **OK** pushbutton to confirm the selection and initiate the function.

COM

COM is the Citizen Band (CB) setup button. See ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > CB OPERATION (Page 88). Press the **COM** pushbutton to display the CB Setup menu.

INT

INT is the intercom setup button. See ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > INTERCOM OPERATION (Page 85). Press the **INT** pushbutton to display the Intercom Setup menu.

NOTE

With the headsets/microphones plugged into the rider and/or passenger intercom sockets, the intercom is voice activated (VOX).

NAV

Active only with the Advanced Audio System accessory, **NAV** is the GPS positioning and turn-to-turn navigation setup button. Press the **NAV** pushbutton to display the navigational menu.

LCD

The liquid crystal display (LCD) displays the operational status of the stereo receiver and that of any accessory.

CD Door

The CD door is a spring-loaded cover and will stay open when exchanging CDs.

Close the CD door after loading or unloading a CD. To close the door, push the door down until it latches.

EJECT

The CD **EJECT** button is found under the CD cover. Press the **EJECT** pushbutton to eject the CD.

AUX

The auxiliary input port under the **AUX** cover connects the receiver to an auxiliary device such as a cassette or MP3 player.

Use a 1/8 in. (3.5 millimeter) male to male extension cord to plug the line out or headset out from the auxiliary device into the **AUX** port. AUX appears in the LCD as a mode selectable with the **MODE SEL** switch.

The user has control of Bass, Treble, Fader and Volume, if so equipped, but all other player functions are performed with

the auxiliary device. Set the volume level of the **AUX** device to normal or average.

NOTE

*Close the protective cap whenever the **AUX** port is not in use.*

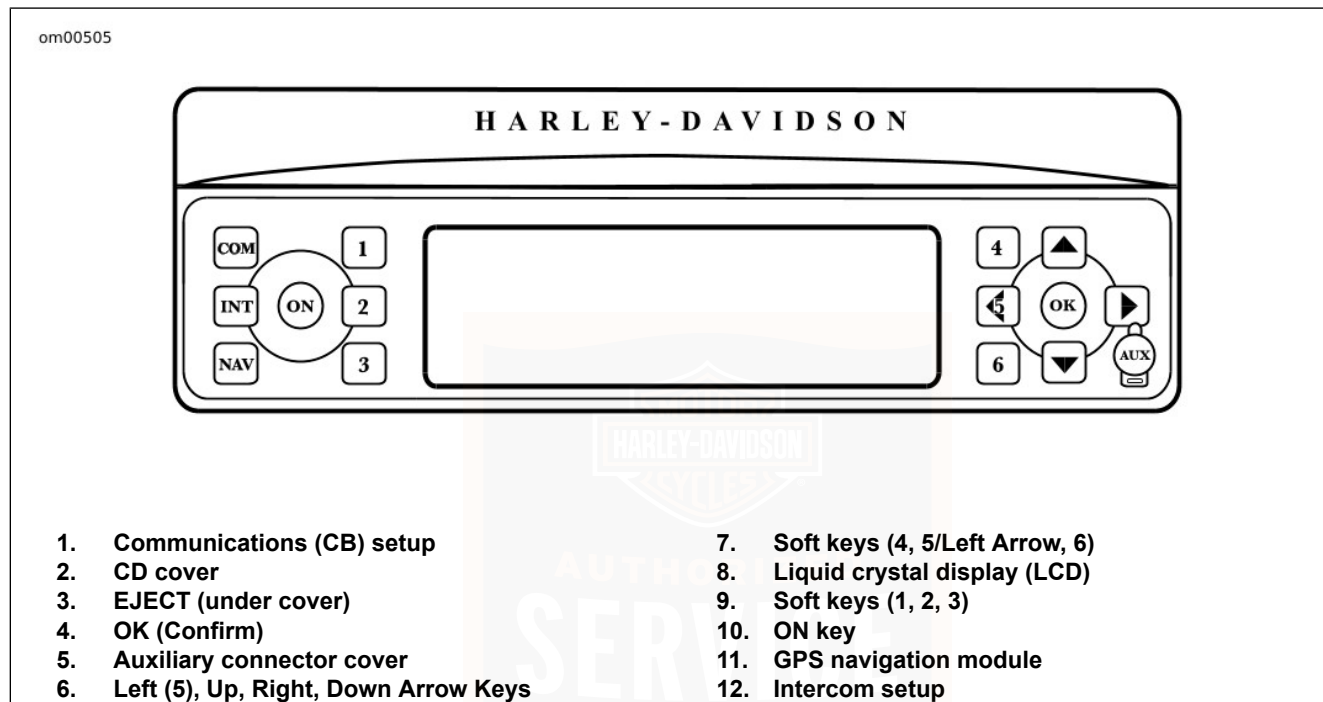


Figure 25. Advanced Audio System Front Panel

LEFT HANDLEBAR CONTROLS

See Figure 26. Easy to operate while riding, audio controls are mounted on the left hand switch housing on the left handgrip. The left hand audio controls are a **+AUDIO/-** and a **PTT +/SQ/-** switch.

+AUDIO/- Switch

AUDIO: See Figure 26. Press the **AUDIO** switch to access the Audio/Setup menu on the LCD. Press and release **AUDIO** or the press the soft key to toggle to the next displayed function in sequence from Bass, to Treble, to Fade, to Display, to Volume and then to to AVC.

If the **AUDIO** switch is left on any selection the function automatically reverts back to the selected mode after approximately 2-3 seconds.

±: Pressing the **AUDIO** switch upward (+) raises the level for the currently selected Audio/Setup (Bass, Treble, Fade, Volume or AVC). Pressing the switch downward (-) lowers the level. The level is raised or lowered as long as the switch is held until the minimum or maximum level is reached.

The LCD displays a horizontal dashed line to indicate the level. In the center of the line is a single thin dash. When the level is at the center, the selected audio is at a mid-point of its range.

See C in Figure 34. Fade adjusts the balance between rider and passenger speakers. Pressing **AUDIO** upward (+) moves the balance to the front speakers while pressing **AUDIO** downward (-) moves the balance to the rear speakers. Equal volume in front and rear speakers is indicated by one horizontal single line in the center position.

The Display function sets the illumination level of the characters in the LCD display.

The AVC (Automatic Volume Control) function sets the volume level to compensate for the ambient noise associated with motorcycle speed.

PTT and +/SQ/- Switch

See Figure 26. Push-To-Talk (**PTT**) and the squelch control switch (**+SQ/-**) is located on the left handlebar switch assembly.

PTT: With the power ON and the LCD indicating CB is active, press and hold the **PTT** switch to transmit over the channel displayed. Release **PTT** to end transmission.

+SQ/-: Lower the threshold to allow reception of CB signals by pressing the **+SQ/-** switch toward the rear (-) or raise the threshold by pressing the **+SQ/-** switch toward the front (+).

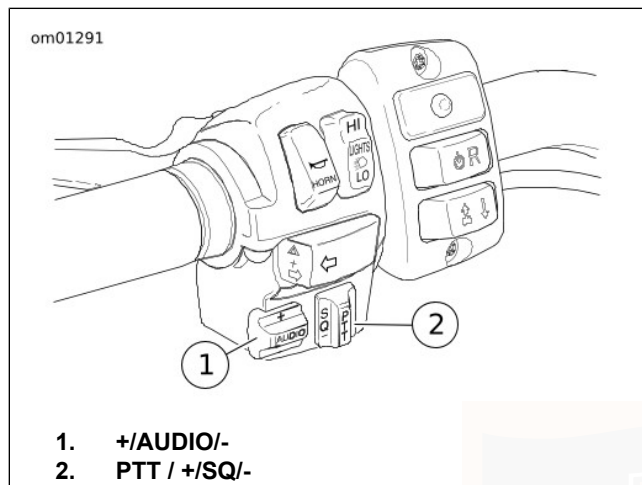


Figure 26. LH Audio Controls

RIGHT HANDLEBAR CONTROLS

See Figure 27. The mode select (**MODE SEL**) switch is located on the right handlebar switch assembly.

UP/MODE SEL/DN Switch

MODE SEL

With the radio power ON, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch to sequence between the radio bands.

When a audio CD/MP3 disc is inserted into the CD player the **CD** function is added to the selections. When a 3.5 mm (1/8 in) connector is plugged into the **AUX** input port the AUX function is added to the selections.

The LCD display indicates the function selected.

UP/DN

In the receiver mode: **UP/DN** allows up or down radio station SEEK tuning.

In CD/MP3 mode: **UP/DN** changes tracks and performs fast advance and fast reverse.

In the CB mode: **UP/DN** changes the CB channel.

In the Intercom mode: **UP/DN** changes the voice activated microphone (VOX) sensitivity.

In the AUX mode: The **UP/DN** switch is inactive.

For a detailed description of the various modes, see **ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > RECEIVER OPERATION** (Page 70).

Table 19. Receiver Frequency Bands

MARKET	BAND	FREQUENCY	STEPS
Domestic	AM	530-1700 kHz	10 kHz
	FM	87.75-107.9 MHz	200 kHz
	WB	162.400-162.550 MHz	25 kHz

NOTE

The intercom and CB can be activated at the same time with the receiver modes. The intercom and CB signals are passed to the audio circuits only if the signal strength exceeds the threshold established by CB squelch or VOX microphone sensitivity levels. Depending on the position of the speaker control switch in the fairing switch cap, the receiver function, the CB, and the VOX microphone can be heard in the headsets simultaneously. See ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > INTERCOM OPERATION (Page 85) and ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > CB OPERATION (Page 88).

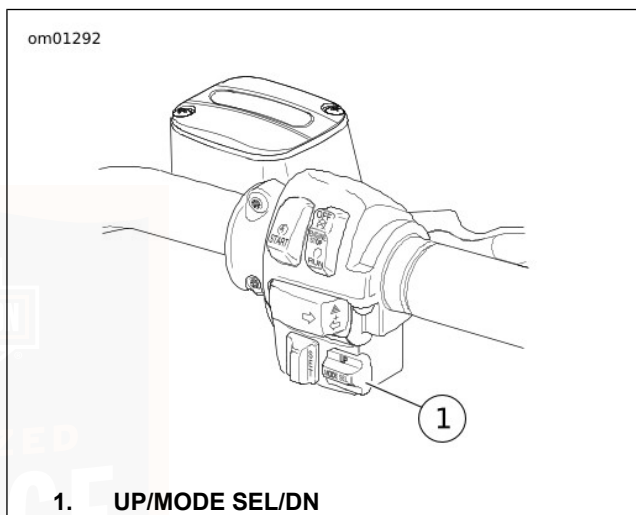


Figure 27. RH Audio Controls

RECEIVER OPERATION

See Figure 25 for a picture of the stereo receiver front panel.

Set Time-of-Day

Set the time-of-day with the Ignition/headlamp Key Switch turned to **IGNITION** or **ACCESS** but with the stereo receiver OFF.

Press the Set soft key (6) (Set) on the front panel to display the time setup menu.

See A in Figure 28. To increase the hours in the display press the Hrs+ soft key. To decrease hours press the Hrs- soft key. When the hour is correct, release the soft key.

To increase the minutes in the display press the Min+ soft key. To decrease minutes press the Min- soft key. When the minute is correct, release the soft key.

Turn Receiver ON/OFF

To turn the receiver ON, turn the Ignition/headlamp Key Switch to **IGNITION** or **ACCESS** and press the **ON** button on the front panel. To turn the receiver OFF, press the **ON** button.

If the receiver is ON when the ignition is turned OFF, the receiver will power up when the Ignition/headlamp Key Switch is turned to **IGNITION**.

Select a Frequency Band

Using the right thumb, press the **MODE SEL** switch on the right hand grip and release to cycle to the desired frequency band (mode) or press the soft key next to the frequency band displayed in the LCD to select a frequency band.

See B in Figure 28. The LCD highlights the selected band.

NOTE

*Refer to Table 19. When a CD/MP3 disc is present in the CD slot and/or an auxiliary player is plugged into the AUX port, the **MODE SEL** switch will cycle through the CD and AUX modes as well as the frequency bands.*

Volume

See D in Figure 28. At any time the receiver is playing, the volume can be adjusted by pressing the **AUDIO** switch up (+) to increase volume or down (-) to decrease volume.

AM vs FM Reception

Commercial radio broadcasting is either AM (Amplitude Modulation) or FM (Frequency Modulation).

AM

AM radio waves reflect off the ionosphere which results in consistent signal reception at a long range (up to 100 miles or 160 kilometers).

However, AM radio can be displaced by loud humming, popping and crackling noises. This is electrical interference caused by noise from vehicle ignitions, electric signs, power lines and electrical storms.

FM

The advantages of FM radio are high fidelity sound, stereo reception, a wide range of broadcasting formats, and a signal that is free of electrical interference.

The disadvantage of FM radio is its short range. FM radio waves travel in straight lines, called "line-of-sight," therefore, FM signals cannot be received over the horizon. At the limit of a station's range, the reception may fade in and out when objects pass between the transmitter and the motorcycle.

FM Stereo vs FM Mono

See E in Figure 28. Normally, the Advanced Audio System plays FM signals in stereo. The LCD will indicate **STEREO**.

However, the stereo receiver has circuits which eliminate or minimize FM flutter due to weak stereo signals. The circuits detect a weak FM stereo signal and automatically blend it into

a stronger FM mono signal. The transition is smooth and flutter free because it occurs over a range of signal conditions, rather than at a minimum threshold.

When the system is automatically blending or is receiving an FM mono signal, the stereo indicator (**STEREO**) will disappear from LCD screen.

WB

See H in Figure 28. Broadcast by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Weather Band (WB) frequencies are available in North America only.

To receive NOAA weather alerts while listening to other radio bands, highlight the Alert indicator in the WB display by pressing the soft key. An alert tone will automatically switch the receiver to the announcing WB channel regardless of which frequency band is playing.

When equipped with the CB module, use the soft key to highlight the Alert indicator in the LCD display. Weather alerts are announced over other audio and the **Alert** indicator is highlighted in the display.

Tuning-in a Radio Station

The radio has several tuning modes in each of the frequency bands: Manual, Seek, Scan, Preset Memory and Preset Scan.

Tuning in all three modes continuously wraps around the ends of the band.

Manual Tuning

To manually tune the radio to a different frequency:

Press the **Up Arrow** button or the **Down Arrow** button to select the frequency in that direction. Hold the selected arrow button, and after a short delay of 1.5 seconds, the radio will continue to change frequencies until the selected arrow button is released.

SEEK Tuning

See E in Figure 28. In SEEK, the radio tunes in to the next strong station.

Press and release the **MODE SEL** switch up (**UP**) to tune in the next strong station upward in the band. Press and release the switch down (**DN**) to tune in the next strong station downward in the band.

NOTE

The SEEK icon appears in the display as long as the receiver is seeking the next strong frequency. The SEEK icon disappears as soon as the receiver has tuned in the next station.

SCAN Tuning

In SCAN, the radio continuously tunes from one strong station to the next until the SCAN is cancelled.

See F in Figure 28. Press and hold the **MODE SEL** switch **UP** or **DN** approximately 5 seconds to scan the band for strong station signals. Each strong station remains tuned in for 8 seconds before the radio scans to the next station. The receiver will continue to scan until cancelled.

To select a station, cancel SCAN while the radio is tuned to that station. Press the **MODE SEL** switch **UP** or **DN** to cancel a SCAN moving up the band.

Preset Memory Tuning

Use the soft keys, **1**, **2**, **3**, **4**, and **5/Left Arrow** as preset buttons to store frequently tuned stations.

NOTE

See C in Figure 28. AM can store 6 preset frequencies.

*See E and F in Figure 28. Separate FM1 and FM2 bands allow the rider to store 2 sets of 5 preset FM frequencies (10 total). Use the **More** soft key to toggle between FM1 and FM2. The full range of FM frequencies can be selected in either FM1 or FM2.*

To store a current station, press and hold any one of the preset buttons for 1.5 seconds. After an audible signal (a chirp), the station's frequency has been stored and the frequency will appear in the display next to the preset soft key.

To tune to a stored station, press and release the preset soft key.

Preset SCAN Tuning

See G in Figure 28. In preset SCAN, the radio continuously tunes from one preset station to the next until the preset SCAN is cancelled. A P.SC icon will display while preset SCAN is active.

In the FM band, press and hold the More soft key for approximately 3 seconds. Each preset station remains tuned in for 10 seconds before the radio moves to the next station.

To select a station, cancel preset SCAN while the radio is tuned to that station. Press the **MODE SEL** switch **UP** or **DN** to cancel a preset SCAN.

Adjusting Volume

Volume can be adjusted in any radio band.

See D in Figure 28. Volume is adjusted with the **AUDIO** switch on the left hand grip. Using left thumb, press the **AUDIO** switch up (+) to raise the volume or down (-) to lower the volume.

The LCD displays the word Volume and a bar graph that changes length with the volume.

Press the **MODE SELUP** or **DN** to cancel the Audio/Setup display or wait 5 seconds after the **AUDIO** switch is released, the display switches to the currently selected frequency band.

See K in Figure 28. Volume can also be adjusted in Audio/Setup.

Press and release the **AUDIO** switch to enter the Audio/Setup display. Press and release the **AUDIO** switch to cycle through Bass, Treble, Fade and Display to Volume and the **AUDIO** switch to raise (+) or lower (-) the volume.

Mixing Bass and Treble

Bass and treble range adjustments can be applied to any Advanced Audio System source.

BASS: See I in Figure 28. Press **AUDIO** to display Bass Audio/Setup. Using the left thumb, press the **AUDIO** switch up (+) to increase the bass range or down (-) to lower the bass range. The LCD displays the word Bass and a dashed line that changes length with the setting. The short center dash indicates a middle setting.

TREBLE: See J in Figure 28. From Bass Audio/Setup, press and release **AUDIO** to sequence to Treble. Using the left thumb, press the **AUDIO** switch up (+) to increase the treble range or down (-) to lower the treble range.

See J in Figure 28. The LCD displays the word Treble and a bar graph that changes length with the setting. The short center dash indicates a middle setting.

Adjusting AVC

See L in Figure 28. Automatic Volume Control (AVC) automatically adjusts volume level to compensate for ambient noise associated with motorcycle speed.

If the AVC does not adequately compensate for ambient noise (or if it over compensates), enter the audio setup menu and

select AVC. Compensation is adjusted with the **AUDIO** switch on the left hand grip. Using left thumb, press the **AUDIO** switch up (+) to raise the compensation level or down (-) to lower the compensation.

NOTE

Although the receiver AVC is preset at 3 bars, it is adjustable from 0 bars (OFF) to 4 bars. At 1 bar, the volume does not change with motorcycle speed. The more bars displayed, the higher the volume increases with speed.



om00501

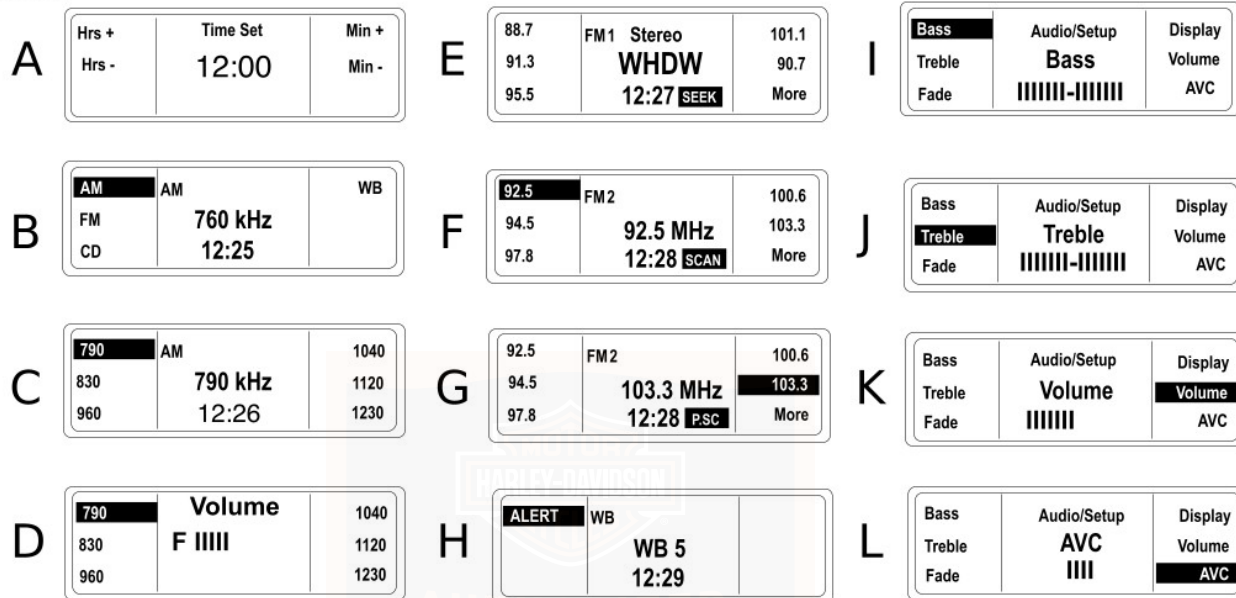


Figure 28. LCD Display Examples

Adjusting Display Contrast

See Figure 29. Select Display from the Audio/Setup menu with the **AUDIO** switch. Press the **AUDIO** up (+) to increase or down (-) to decrease the contrast of the characters in the display.

NOTE

The contrast can be decreased to render the characters invisible against the background. The characters will appear to have disappeared in the display. Before leaving the Display screen, always increase the character illumination to make the characters visible in other modes.

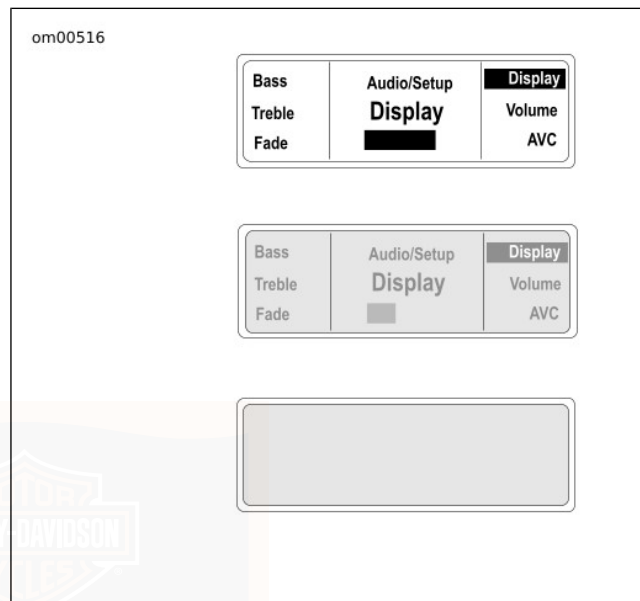


Figure 29. Character Display Illumination

CD/MP3 OPERATION

The CD player will accept commercial audio discs as well as compact discs recorded with MP3 (MPEG 2.5 Level III), files on compact disc read only (CDR) or compact disc read and write (CDRW) formats.

NOTICE

There are no serviceable parts inside the unit; leave all servicing to qualified service personnel. Disassembly of the unit could result in equipment damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00172a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not change compact discs while riding, and do not select a volume level that blocks out traffic noise. Distractions or a volume level that blocks out traffic noise, could cause loss of control resulting in death or serious injury. (00086a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not disassemble unit. Laser radiation is present if disc player is disassembled and the interlock fails or is defeated. Exposure to laser radiation could lead to death or serious injury. (00087a)

Auto Load

With the receiver power ON, raise the CD door and gently insert a CD, label side up, into the CD slot until the unit automatically pulls the CD into the player. Close the CD door.

NOTE

Do not use double sided CDs in the Advanced Audio stereo receiver. Double sided CDs may become permanently lodged in the player.

See C in Figure 30. The receiver will automatically switch to CD operation. The CD track number and play time will appear in the LCD display. With a CD in the player, CD is added to the modes selectable with the **MODE SEL** switch.

⚠ WARNING

Set volume levels and other controls on audio and electronic devices before riding. Distractions can lead to loss of control, resulting in death or serious injury. (00088b)

Disc Error 1

See B in Figure 30. If the CD loaded into the CD player is damaged, of incorrect format, or if upside down, the LCD will display the Disc Error 1 message.

Eject the CD. Refer to **ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HANDLING CDS** (Page 80).

Eject

▲ WARNING

Do not change compact discs while riding, and do not select a volume level that blocks out traffic noise. Distractions or a volume level that blocks out traffic noise, could cause loss of control resulting in death or serious injury. (00086a)

Press the **EJECT** button found under the CD door to eject a CD. The CD will be partially ejected. Remove the CD. Close and latch the CD door.

The receiver will automatically return to the radio band and frequency playing when the CD was loaded and the CD mode is no longer selectable.

Tracks

To change CD/MP3 tracks, use the right thumb and press and release the **MODE SEL** switch on the right hand grip. Press **UP** and release to select higher numbered tracks or press **DN** and release to select lower number tracks.

Pressing the **Up Arrow** and **Down Arrow** keys will also advance tracks.

NOTE

The player automatically numbers the MP3 files found on a CD in alphabetical order.

NOTE

*If the **MODE SEL** switch is pressed and held **UP** or **DN** longer than 1.5 seconds, the track selections will fast advance or reverse as long as the switch is held.*

CD track selection wraps around the first and last track.

Fast Advance and Reverse

To fast advance a track, press the **MODE SEL** switch **UP** and hold longer than 1.5 seconds. The current track will fast advance while the switch is pressed **UP**. The audio will advance to the subsequent track as long as the switch is held **UP**.

See D in Figure 30. The play time display in the LCD will also fast advance.

To fast reverse a track, press **MODE SEL DN** and hold longer than 1.5 seconds. The current track will fast reverse while the switch is pressed **DN**.

The play time display in the LCD will also fast reverse.

Random

To play tracks randomly, press the Random soft key on the front panel while in the CD mode. The word Random will remain highlighted in the display. No selection is repeated until all other selections have been played.

NOTE

*The Random soft key toggles between normal and Random play. Press once for random play. Press a second time to return to normal play. Pressing the **MODE SEL** switch **UP** or **DN** will select different tracks at random.*

See D in Figure 30. Random will be highlighted in the display.

Scan

To scan the tracks on an CD/MP3 disk, press the Scan soft key.

NOTE

The tracks will play for 8 seconds and then jump to the next track which will play for 8 seconds.

Upon selecting a track, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch to continue playing that track.

Repeat

To repeat a CD track while it is playing, press the soft key next to the Repeat display.

To cancel Repeat, press the Repeat soft key again or press the **MODE SEL** switch **UP** or **DN** to change tracks.

Repeat will no longer be highlighted in the display.

MP3

The receiver CD player will automatically recognize and play MP3 files.

NOTE

The files will be numbered sequentially.

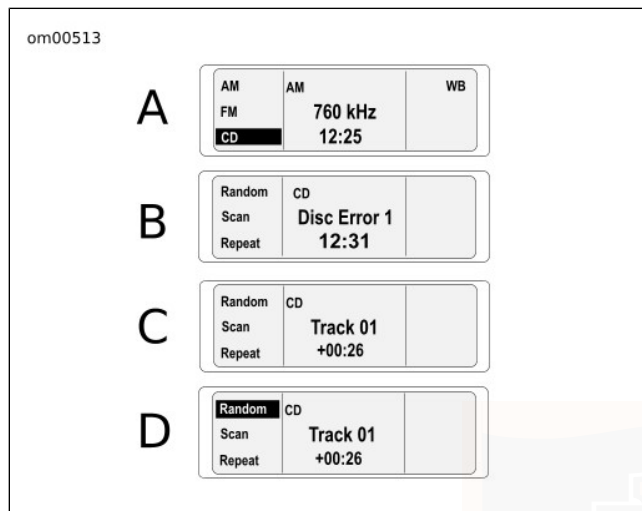


Figure 30. CD/MP3 Display Examples

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HANDLING CDS

- Use caution when handling a CD. Avoid touching the bottom (shiny) side.
- Store audio CD/MP3 discs in acrylic jewel cases to protect against dust, scratches, light, and changes in humidity.
- Store CDs in a cool dry place away from direct sunlight.
- Use commercially available cleaning tissue to clean the CDs. Never use solvents that can damage the CD.

- Keep protective CD door closed at all times.

⚠ WARNING

Do not disassemble unit. Laser radiation is present if disc player is disassembled and the interlock fails or is defeated. Exposure to laser radiation could lead to death or serious injury. (00087a)

NOTE

- *A laser that cannot focus properly may cause skipping. A clouded lens can be caused by dirty CDs, dust, smoke, high humidity, and airborne particles may cause the laser lens to cloud. Operating the CD without allowing the motorcycle to warm up can also cause a CD to skip.*
- *Do not attempt to clean the lens with a cleaning disc. Commercially available cleaning discs may cause damage or become stuck in the CD player.*

INTERCOM AND CITIZEN BAND

The Advanced Audio System includes a digitally tuned 40 channel Citizen Band (CB) transceiver, a rider/passenger intercom.

Features include:

- Rider headset connector on fuel tank console.
- Passenger headset connector on backrest.

- Handlebar mounted rider push to talk (**PTT/+SQ/-**) switch (CB and Intercom).
- Fairing-mounted speaker switch.
- Rear-mounted passenger **UP/MODE SEL/DN** and **PTT/+VOL/-** switches (CB and Intercom).
- Digitally adjustable rear headset speaker volume.
- Passenger receiver band switching and frequency tuning.
- Passenger CD/MP3 player control.
- Rider hand-held microphone compatibility for areas that prohibit headset (helmet-mounted) speakers.

HEADSETS AND SOCKETS

NOTICE

Some local governments prohibit or restrict the use of headset (helmet-mounted) speakers. Please check with local authorities and obey all applicable laws and regulations. (00173b)

A Harley-Davidson dealer can help you select the correct genuine Harley-Davidson headsets and microphones for your year and model Harley-Davidson. Harley-Davidson stereo helmet headsets with 7 pin DIN jacks fit the rider and the passenger intercom sockets. Other headset microphones will not work.

Open the socket cap and with the ridge on the headset jack facing upward and insert the jack into either the front or rear headset socket.

NOTE

For areas that do not permit headset speakers, a special hand-held microphone can be used to transmit over the CB. This microphone is also available through a Harley-Davidson dealer.

NOTICE

Do not pull on the cord to remove the headset from the socket. Pull on the headset jack to disconnect the headset from the socket. (00174a)

The spring loaded hinge keeps the headset socket cap closed while riding. It protects against dirt and water when the headset or hand-held microphone is not in use. Before washing the motorcycle, verify that **BOTH** rider and passenger socket caps are closed.

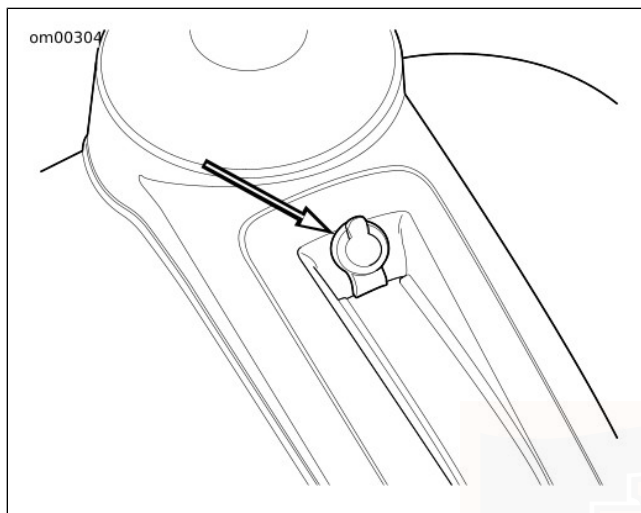


Figure 31. Front Headset Socket Cap

VOX MICROPHONES

The Harley-Davidson intercom uses a voice-activated (VOX) microphone for hands-free intercom operation. The headset microphone minimizes the transmission of hand-held microphone generated noise.

The intercom is activated when a voice or sound exceeds a preset audio level, the voice is said to "break VOX". The voice or sound is transmitted to the headsets.

NOTE

*Pressing and holding the **PTT** switch will also open the microphone.*

Once VOX is broken, a conversation can proceed uninterrupted. After the absence of sound or voice, there is a delay of approximately 2 seconds before the microphone is deactivated. This delay in deactivation allows for pauses in conversation.

Because loud exhausts, passing trucks, car horns or other background sounds may unintentionally activate the intercom, the sound level necessary to break VOX is adjustable. See **ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM > INTERCOM OPERATION** (Page 85).

SPEAKER CONTROLS

SPKR Switch

A three position speaker (SPKR) switch is located on the inner fairing cap. See Figure 32.

Off/Forward: In the forward position, the speakers are off. Audio (radio, CD/MP3, AUX and CB) is played in the headsets only. During simultaneous CB reception, the other audio source is muted and only the CB is heard in the headsets.

Center: In the center position, the radio, CD/MP3 player or AUX is played over the speakers while the CB is played only in the headsets.

On/Rearward: In the rearward position, the speakers are on. With the SPKR indicator lit, the radio, the CD/MP3 player, or any AUX device and the CB are played through both the rider and passenger speakers. When a CB signal is received, other audio sources mute and the CB is played over the speakers. Refer to Table 21.

NOTE

The intercom is only heard in the headsets, regardless of the SPKR switch position.

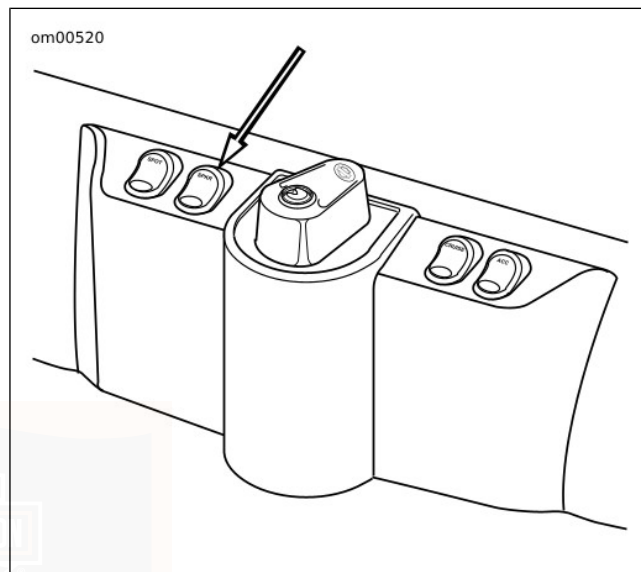


Figure 32. SPKR (speaker) Switch

Rider to Passenger Speaker Balance

The receiver FADER control balances the front rider and rear passenger speakers.

FADER: With the fairing speaker switch in either the SPKR or center position, press the **AUDIO** switch to cycle through Bass to Treble to Fade in the LCD. Or with the motorcycle

stationary, press the left hand **AUDIO** switch once to enter the Bass display and select Fade with the **MODE SEL** switch or with the soft key.

The LCD displays the word Fader and a row of outlined rectangles. The smaller center rectangle indicates equal balance between front and rear speakers. A single solid rectangle moves left or right of the center dash as the balance of volume is switched from the passenger speakers (to the left) to the rider speakers (to the right). See C in Figure 34.

- Press the AUDIO switch up (+) to raise the volume from the rider speakers while lowering the volume from the passenger speakers.
- Press the AUDIO switch down (-) to raise the volume from the passenger speakers while lowering the volume from the rider speakers.

PASSENGER CONTROLS

UP/MODE SEL/DN Switch

See Figure 33. The passenger **MODE SEL** switch gives the passenger control of radio band selection, tuning, CD/MP3 operation and all functions of the hand grip mounted **MODE SEL** switch.

NOTE

For information on routing audio signals to the passenger speakers and headsets, refer to Table 21.

PTT and +/VOL/- Switch

See Figure 33. The **PTT+/VOL/-** switch on the right side of speaker box allows the passenger to talk over the intercom or transmit over the CB as well as to raise or lower the rear headset volume.

See F in Figure 34. When the rear headset volume is adjusted, a F (front) and R (rear) bar graph appear in the LCD display.

NOTE

- *The passenger VOL switch affects only the passenger headset. The hand grip mounted **AUDIO** switch is the master volume control, and used in conjunction with the **FADER**, affects both the rider and passenger speaker volume.*
- *With stereo receiver tuning, radio band selection, CD/MP3 track selection or other functions, simultaneous use of front and rear **MODE SEL** switches may cause operation to be suspended until either rider or passenger controls are released.*

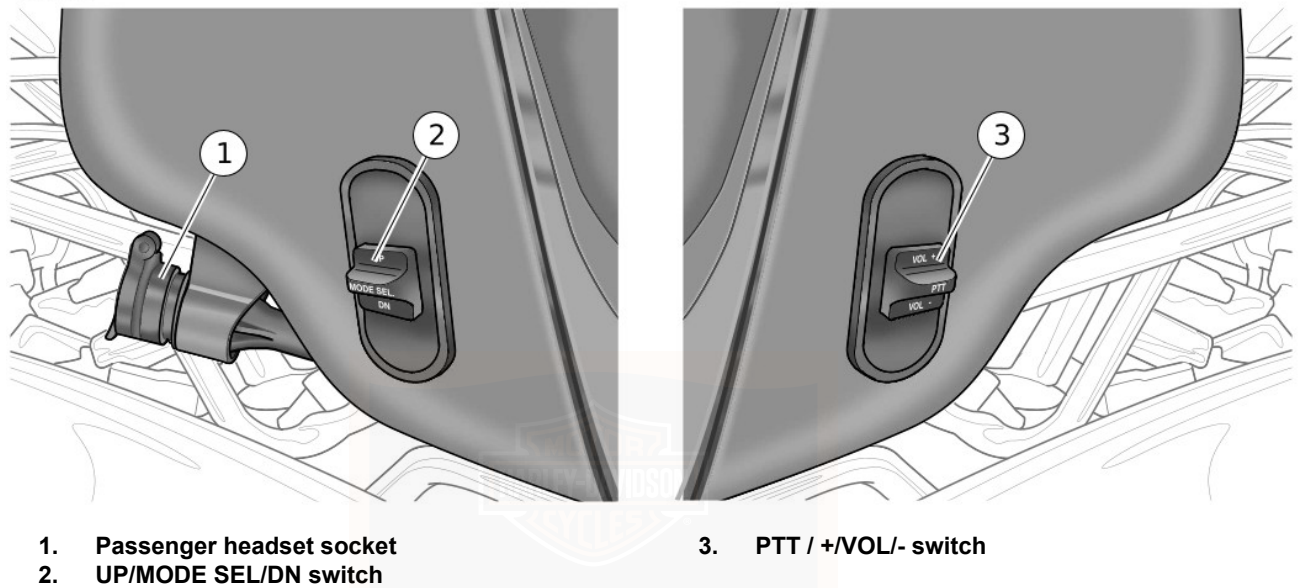


Figure 33. Passenger Controls

INTERCOM OPERATION

Operation

To speak over the intercom, press and hold either rider or passenger **PTT** switch to enable the microphones. Both

microphones are active while one or both **PTT** switches are pressed.

NOTE

Always verify that the CB is off so that private intercom conversations will not be transmitted.

Activating the Intercom and the VOX Microphones

Press and hold the **INT** button on the front panel, to open the Intercom Setup display.

See D in Figure 34. To activate the intercom (INT) and the VOX microphones, press soft key **1** to turn the intercom ON.

The intercom will activate in Intercom Setup with VOX sensitivity and headset volume level settings from the previous use. VOX sensitivity and headset volume are adjusted in Int Setup only.

To exit Int Setup, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch or the **INT** button.

To make adjustments to VOX sensitivity after exiting Intercom Setup, re-enter Intercom Setup by pressing **INT**.

NOTE

To ensure privacy, the intercom can only be heard through the headsets.

To turn OFF the intercom and the VOX microphones, press the **INT** button to open the Intercom Setup display and press the On/Off soft key (**1**).

Adjusting VOX Sensitivity

VOX sensitivity should be adjusted so that the microphones break VOX at a normal voice level.

Enter Intercom Setup by pressing the **INT** button. Press the ON or **1** soft key to turn the intercom on.

See G in Figure 34. Press the **MODE SEL** switch **UP** or **DN** or press the **4** or **5** soft key to initiate the VOX display. The LCD displays VOX sensitivity as a bar graph with a smaller bar to indicate the center of the 14 bars. A higher number of bars indicates greater sensitivity while a lower number means less sensitivity.

Continue to use **MODE SEL** on the right hand grip to adjust the sensitivity level. Press **MODE SEL UP** to make the microphone more sensitive. Press the **MODE SEL DN** to reduce sensitivity. To exit Setup, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch.

NOTE

- *The receiver retains the sensitivity level from the previous setup. However, if power is removed from the receiver, VOX sensitivity defaults to mid level.*

- *VOX sensitivity may have to be adjusted if either microphone is unintentionally activated because the microphone misinterprets radio, road or background sound as conversation.*

When VOX is set to its maximum, the microphone is always open. The VOX display will read Open.

When VOX is set to lowest value, the microphone is closed and the VOX display reads Closed.

Adjusting Rider Headset Volume

The rider intercom volume is only adjustable in Intercom Setup.

See E in Figure 34. Enter Intercom Setup, speak into microphone and adjust the intercom volume with the AUDIO switch on the left hand grip. Press **AUDIO +** to raise the volume and **AUDIO -** to lower the volume. The LCD displays a dashed line that changes length with the level.

See F in Figure 34. When the headset volume has been adjusted to the bottom of its range, Mute will appear in the volume display.

To exit Intercom Setup, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch.

▲ WARNING

Set volume levels and other controls on audio and electronic devices before riding. Distractions can lead to loss of control, resulting in death or serious injury. (00088b)

Adjusting Passenger Headset Volume

The passenger intercom volume is only adjustable in Intercom Setup.

Enter Intercom Setup. Speak into the microphone and adjust the intercom volume with the **AUDIO** switch on the right speaker box on the passenger's backrest. Press **AUDIO +** to raise the volume and **-** to lower the volume. The LCD displays a bar graph that changes length with the level.

See F in Figure 34. When the headset volume has been adjusted to the bottom of its range, Mute will appear in the volume display.

To exit Intercom Setup, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch or press the INT pushbutton.

CB OPERATION

Activating the CB

See H and I in Figure 34. To activate the Citizen Band transceiver, press and release the **COM** pushbutton on the front panel. Press soft key **1** to turn the CB ON/OFF. The CB will activate in CB Setup with squelch threshold and channel settings from the previous use. CB channels are selected in CB Setup.

To exit CB Setup but leave the receiver with the CB active, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch or the **COM** pushbutton.

To turn off the CB, press the **COM** button to enter CB Setup. Press soft key **1** to turn the CB ON and Off.

NOTICE

There are no adjustments internal to the CB transceiver chassis that can be performed without risking non-compliance with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules. Refer to the original equipment manufacturer for any service required during the warranty period. For transmitter service after the warranty period, refer to a certified repair service. Any frequency determining components, such as crystals, or power determining semi-conductors, etc., should only be replaced with the original component manufacturer's part or equivalent. Substitutes can result in violation of FCC rules. (00175a)

Entering CB Setup

See J in Figure 34. With the CB on, press **COM** to enter CB Setup. The LCD displays CB SETUP in the upper half and the CB channel appears in the lower half.

To exit CB Setup, press and release the **MODE SEL** switch.

After exiting CB Setup with the CB still active, re-enter CB Setup by pressing and releasing the **COM** soft key.

Selecting a Channel

In CB Setup, use the **MODE SEL** switch to select a CB channel. Press and release **MODE SEL UP** or **DN** to switch channels one at a time.

Soft keys 4, 5 and 6 can be used to preset CB channels.

If the **MODE SEL** switch is held up or down, tuning continuously wraps around the ends of the channels.

See K in Figure 34. When squelch is broken, the CB in the display inverts. If the squelch is not broken and the another source is playing, CB is displayed.

⚠ WARNING

Set CB channel, squelch threshold and volume before riding to minimize adjustments on the road. Distractions can lead to loss of control, resulting in death or serious injury. (00089a)

Preset Channels

See J in Figure 34. Up to 3 CB channels can be preset. Press and hold a soft key (4, 5, 6) to preset a CB channel.

Once set, press the preset soft key to switch to the preset channel when the CB display is active.

Adjusting Squelch

See K in Figure 34. The CB signal is passed to the speakers or headsets only if signal strength exceeds the threshold set with the squelch control switch (**PTT/+SQ/-**). When CB signals exceed the threshold, they are said to "break squelch." Refer to Table 20.

- To lower the threshold to process the weakest CB signals, press **SQ -** or rearward.
- To raise the threshold to process stronger signals, press **SQ +** or forward.

In the LCD, a dashed line changes length with the setting.

Table 20. Squelch Control Switch

SQ (-) REARWARD	SQ (+) FORWARD
More signals	Fewer signals
More noise	Less noise
More static	Less static
Unwanted signals	Better sound quality

Transmitting

To transmit, press and hold the **PTT** switch. Transmission is over the CB channel displayed in the LCD. To end transmission, release **PTT**.

Adjusting Volume

Refer to Table 21. See L in Figure 34. To adjust volume of the CB in the speakers or headset, Press **AUDIO +** to raise the volume or -lower the volume. CB volume is adjustable when squelch is broken or when the display is in CB Setup.

A dashed line that changes length with the volume setting is displayed.

NOTICE

Operating the CB radio without an antenna or with a broken antenna cable can result in damage to the transmitter circuitry. (00176a)

CB Range

Maximum transmission range can only be expected under stable weather conditions in flat, open country.

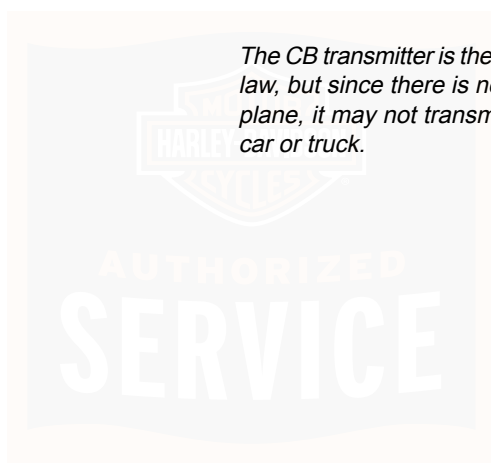
Weather: In times of atmospheric disturbances, such as rain, snow, or even sunspots, the CBs range can be reduced.

Terrain: Buildings, hills, valleys or any elevated objects or depressions that either block or create a longer path between transmitter and receiver will reduce or disrupt communications.

Obstructions: Transmissions may be cut off under a viaduct or inside a tunnel or parking garage.

NOTE

The CB transmitter is the most powerful allowed under Federal law, but since there is no large steel area to create a ground plane, it may not transmit as strongly as when mounted in a car or truck.



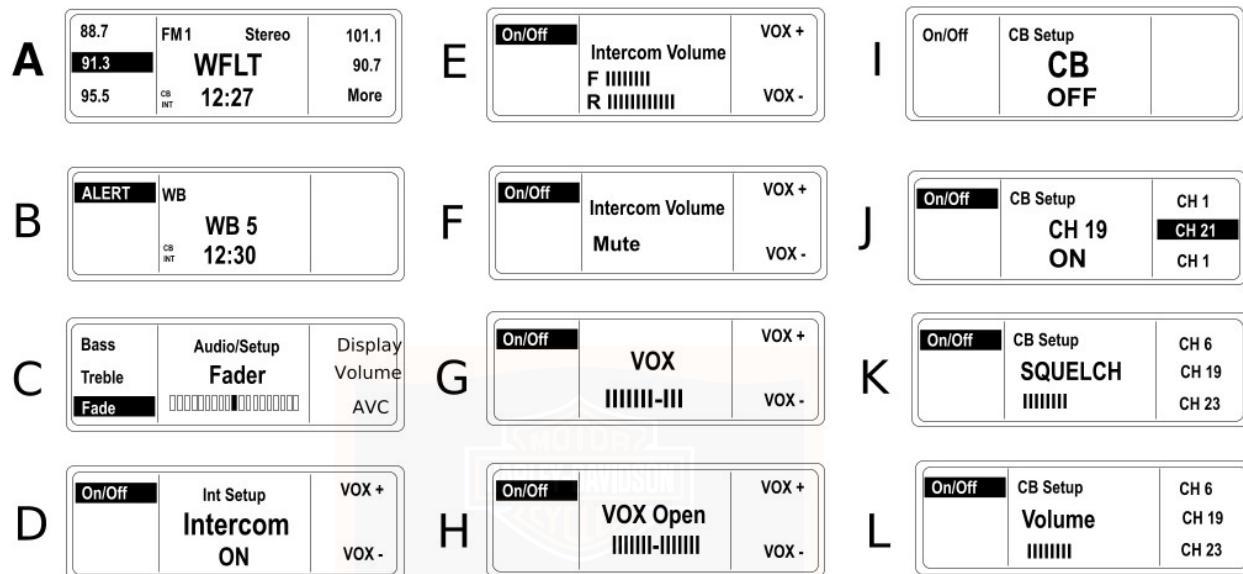


Figure 34. Display Examples

AUDIO ROUTING AND MIXING

General

Refer to Table 21. Whether audio is routed to the headsets, speakers or both depends on the **SPKR** control switch and the **INT** and **CB** buttons on the receiver.

A single audio source routed to headset or speaker can be controlled with the riders **AUDIO** switch or the passenger **VOL** switch.

NOTE

*The passenger volume control switch affects only the passenger headset. The handlebar mounted **AUDIO** switch is the master volume control, and used in conjunction with the fader, affects both the rider and passenger speaker volume.*

Table 21. Audio Routing and Mixing Combinations

AUDIO ROUTING COMBINATIONS			VOLUME CONTROL
SPEAKER CONTROL SWITCH	AUDIO SOURCE(S)	AUDIO OUT	AUDIO ± OR VOL ±
Off or Forward (Headsets)	Music*	Headsets	Music*
	CB	Headsets	CB (During reception or SETUP)
	Intercom	Headsets	Intercom (Only in SETUP)
	Intercom and music*	Both in the headsets	Music
	CB and music*	CB in the headsets (Music is muted during CB reception)	CB (During reception or SETUP)
	Intercom and CB	Both in the headsets (Music is muted during CB reception)	CB (During reception or Setup)

Table 21. Audio Routing and Mixing Combinations

AUDIO ROUTING COMBINATIONS			VOLUME CONTROL
SPEAKER CONTROL SWITCH	AUDIO SOURCE(S)	AUDIO OUT	AUDIO ± OR VOL ±
Center (Speakers and headsets)	Music*	Speakers	Music*
	CB	Headsets	CB (During reception or SETUP)
	Intercom	Headsets	Intercom (Only in SETUP)
	Intercom and music*	Intercom in the headsets Music* in the speakers	Music*
	CB and music*	CB in the headsets Music* in the speakers Music is muted during CB reception	CB
	Intercom and CB	Both in the headsets (Music is MUTED during CB reception)	CB*
On or rearward (Speakers)	Music*	Speakers	Music*
	CB	Speakers	CB (During reception or SETUP)
	Intercom	Headsets	Intercom (Only in SETUP)
	Intercom and music*	Intercom in the headsets. Music in the speakers.	Music
	CB and music*	CB in the speakers (When squelch is broken)	CB
	Intercom and CB	Intercom in the headsets (CB in the speakers MUTED during CB reception)	CB
* Music = Radio, CD player or auxiliary (AUX) audio source.			

TROUBLESHOOTING

Operational Troubleshooting

Refer to Table 22. Use the following table to identify rider or passenger control settings that prevent intended operation.

NOTE

See the Electrical Diagnostic Manual for all system diagnosis and electrical troubleshooting information.

NOTICE

There are no serviceable parts inside the unit; leave all servicing to qualified service personnel. Disassembly of the unit could result in equipment damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00172a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not disassemble unit. Laser radiation is present if disc player is disassembled and the interlock fails or is defeated. Exposure to laser radiation could lead to death or serious injury. (00087a)

Radio Fuses

If it is necessary to replace the radio fuses, follow the fuse replacement procedures in this manual or see your Harley-Davidson dealer for service.

See Figure 35. Radio fuses are located in the fuse block under the left side cover.

- A 15 amp radio power fuse allows power to the radio through activation of an internal relay.
- A 15 amp radio memory fuse provides direct and continuous power to the radio memory and time-of-day clock, and when the internal relay is activated, feeds the main circuits of the radio as well.

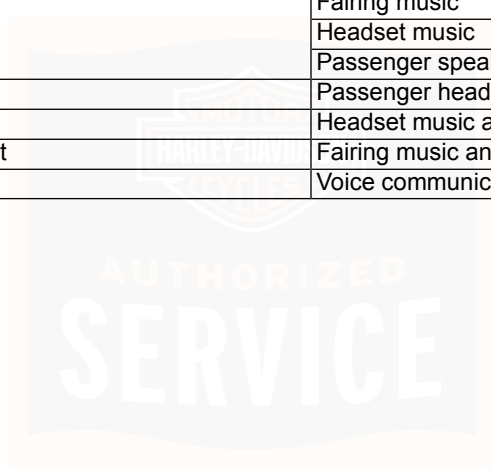
Remove the radio fuses and inspect the element. Replace the fuse if the element is burned or separated.

NOTE

See Figure 35. A spare 15 amp fuse is installed in the fuse block.

Table 22. Operational Troubleshooting: Advanced Audio System

THIS	CAN PREVENT THIS
Squelch broken	Fairing music
	Headset music
	Passenger speaker music
Squelch unbroken	CB audio
CB off or low volume	CB audio
Front or rear PTT on	Fairing music
	Headset music
	Passenger speaker music
	CB audio
Handlebar volume low	Fairing music
	Headset music
	Passenger speaker music
Passenger headset volume low	Passenger headset music and CB audio
Fairing SPKR back to speaker	Headset music and headset CB audio
Fairing SPKR forward to headset	Fairing music and CB audio
INT off	Voice communications (Unless PTT is pressed)



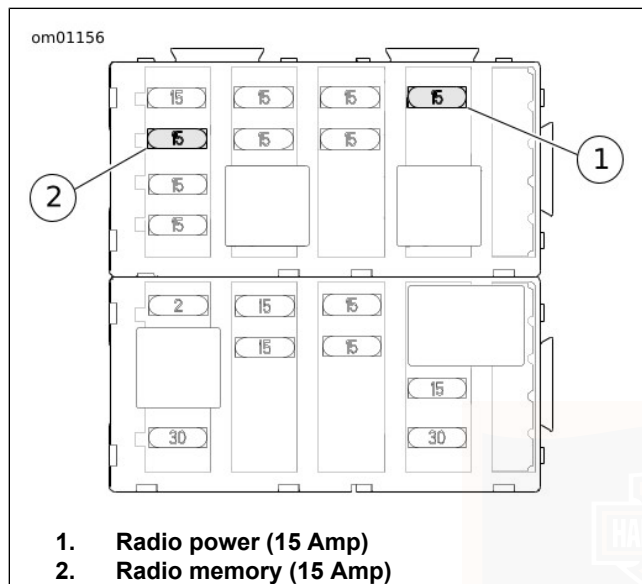


Figure 35. Radio Fuses

HARLEY-DAVIDSON SMART SECURITY SYSTEM

Components

See Figure 36. The Harley-Davidson Smart Security System (H-DSSS) consists of a Hands-Free Security Module (HFSM) (1) and a Hands-Free Antenna (2) mounted on the motorcycle, and a Hands-Free Fob **carried** by the rider/passenger.

After parking the motorcycle, turn the ignition key to OFF and the Smart Security System will automatically **arm** within five seconds. While armed, the starter and ignition are disabled and the rider may leave the motorcycle knowing that the module will activate an alarm if someone tampers with the ignition or attempts to move the motorcycle.

If the fob is present, the module will automatically **disarm** when the ignition key is turned to IGNITION or ACCESS.

NOTE

Do not relocate the module or the antenna on the motorcycle.

Options

Several options are available for the Harley-Davidson Smart Security System from the Harley-Davidson Genuine Motor Accessories and Motor Parts catalog. Options include:

- Smart Siren and Smart Siren II.
- Security Pager and Security Pager Receiver II.
- Replacement Fobs.

See a Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

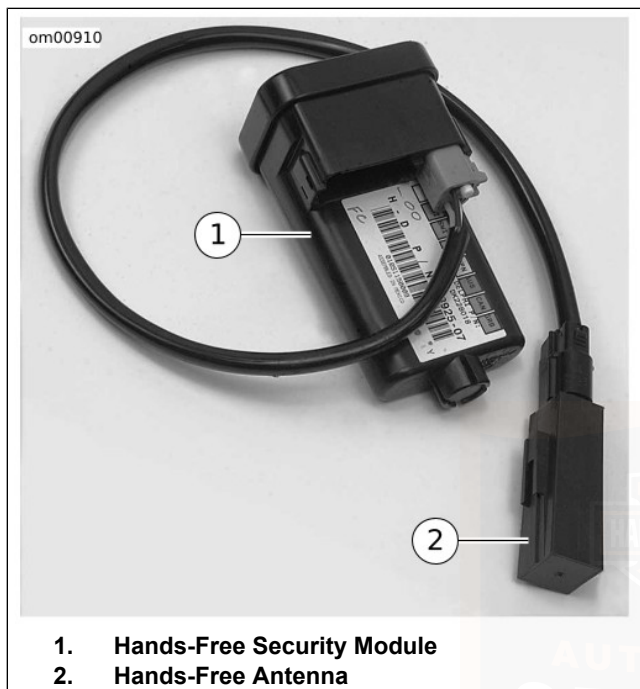


Figure 36. Security Module w/Antenna (shown removed)

FCC REGULATIONS

FCC ID: L2C0027TR IC ID: 3432A-0027TR

FCC ID: L2C0028TR IC ID: 3432A-0028TR

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with RSS-210 of Industry Canada rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

WARNING: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

The term "IC:" before the radio certification number only signifies that Industry Canada technical specifications were met.

HANDS-FREE FOB

Fob Assignment

See Figure 37. Hands-Free Fobs are electronically assigned to the Harley-Davidson Smart Security System by a Harley-Davidson dealer so that the module can recognize a fob's unique signal. Only two fobs can be assigned to the module at any one time.

Replacement fobs can be purchased from a dealership but can only be assigned to the motorcycle by a trained Harley-Davidson technician.

NOTE

- The reusable label found on the fob packaging lists the serial number of the fob. For reference, fix the label to a blank "NOTES" page in the Owner's Manual.
- The serial number of the fob is also found on the inside of the fob. See HANDS-FREE SECURITY MODULE > FOB BATTERY (Page 109).
- The module will arm only if the fob has been assigned by a Harley-Davidson dealer and a Personal Identification Number (PIN) has been entered in the system. The PIN should be recorded on the Personal Information page in the front of this Owner's Manual and on the removable wallet card.
- Should the rider misplace the fob or if the fob fails, the rider can refer to the wallet card and use the PIN to manually disarm the system. Refer to HANDS-FREE SECURITY MODULE > ARMING AND DISARMING (Page 103) and HANDS-FREE SECURITY MODULE > TROUBLESHOOTING (Page 110).
- The PIN can easily be changed by the rider at any time. Refer to HANDS-FREE SECURITY MODULE > PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN) (Page 100).

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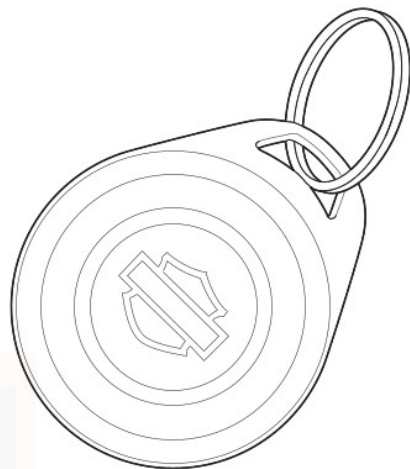


Figure 37. Hands-Free Fob: Smart Security System

Riding with a Fob

- Always carry the fob when riding, loading, fueling, moving, parking or servicing the motorcycle. Carry the fob in a convenient pocket.

- Do not leave the fob attached to the handlebars or store the fob in a luggage compartment. Unintentionally leaving the fob with the motorcycle when it's parked prevents the system from activating the alarm.
- Do not ride with the fob stored in a metal case or with the fob closer than 76 mm (3.0 in) to a cell phone, PDA, display or other electronic device. Any electromagnetic interference may prevent the fob from disarming the system.
- For added security, always lock the fork and remove the ignition key when parked. If the fob is within range and the motorcycle is unlocked, tampering with the motorcycle will not activate the alarm.

PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN)

The Personal Identification Number (PIN) is a number that can be used to disarm the Harley-Davidson Smart Security System in case an assigned fob is misplaced, fails or if the fob and module cannot communicate because of electromagnetic interference.

A PIN is a five-digit number (1-9, no zeros).

Changing the PIN

To maintain security, the rider can change the PIN at any time. Refer to Table 23.

Table 23. Changing the PIN

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
1	Select a 5-digit (1 thru 9) PIN and record on the wallet card from Owner's Manual.		
2	With an assigned fob present, turn IGN key IGNITION-OFF-IGNITION-OFF-IGNITION .		
3	Press left turn signal switch 3 times .		
4	Press right turn signal switch 1 time and release.	Turn signals will flash 3 times. Current PIN will appear in odometer. The first digit will be flashing.	See Figure 38.

Table 23. Changing the PIN

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
5	Enter first digit (a) of new PIN by pressing left turn signal switch a times.		
6	Press right turn signal switch 1 time and release.	The new digit (a) will replace the current in odometer window.	
7	Enter second digit (b) of new PIN by pressing left turn signal switch b times.		
8	Press right turn signal switch 1 time and release.	The new digit (b) will replace the current in odometer window.	
9	Enter third digit (c) of new PIN by pressing left turn signal switch c times.		
10	Press right turn switch 1 time and release.	The new digit (c) will replace the current in odometer window.	
11	Enter fourth digit (d) of new PIN by pressing left turn signal switch d times.		
12	Press right turn switch 1 time and release.	The new digit (d) will replace the current in odometer window.	
13	Enter fifth digit (e) of new PIN by pressing left turn signal switch e times.		

Table 23. Changing the PIN

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
14	Press right turn switch 1 time and release.	The new digit (e) will replace the current in odometer window.	
15	Before the module rearms, turn the ignition key to OFF .	The odometer will return to mileage.	Turning the ignition key to OFF stores the new PIN in the module.

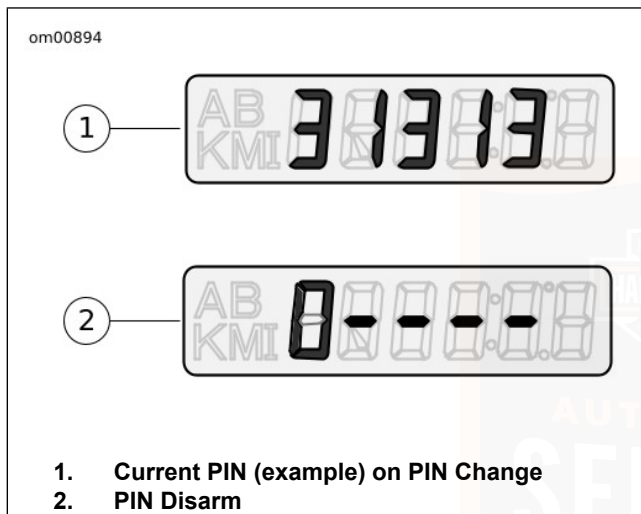


Figure 38. Odometer Windows - PIN

SECURITY STATUS INDICATOR

See Figure 39. The illuminated key icon in the speedometer face indicates the status of the Harley-Davidson Smart Security System.

- **Armed:** A key icon that blinks approximately every 3 seconds indicates that the system is armed.
- **Disarmed:** After the ignition/headlamp switch is turned to IGNITION and the system disarms, the key icon will remain illuminated for approximately four seconds and then turn off.
- **Service:** A key icon that remains illuminated longer than four seconds indicates that service of the module is required.

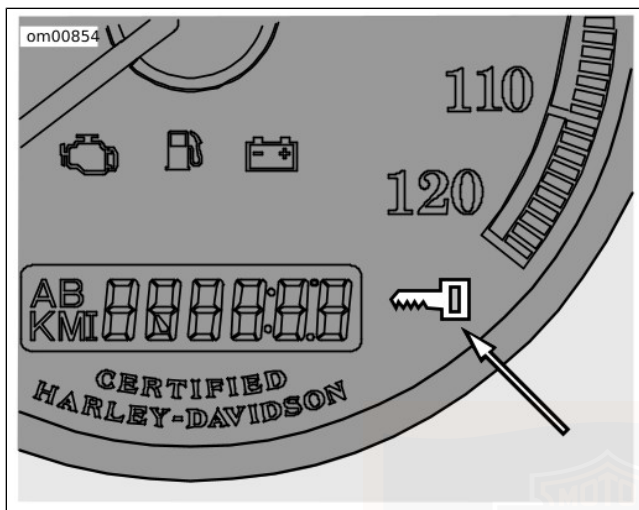


Figure 39. Security Status Indicator

ARMING AND DISARMING

Arming

When the motorcycle is parked and the ignition key is turned to OFF, the Harley-Davidson Smart Security System arms automatically within five seconds if no motion is detected. Even when the fob is present, the system will arm.

On arming, the turn signals will flash twice and the optional siren will chirp twice. While armed, the key icon in the speedometer face will flash every three seconds.

NOTE

International Models: The HFSM must be in the Chirp Mode for the siren to chirp on arming or on disarming. See HANDS-FREE SECURITY MODULE > SIREN CHIRP MODE (CONFIRMATION) (Page 107).

Disarming

Once disarmed, the rider may ride or move the motorcycle for parking, storage or service without setting off the alarm.

Fob: An armed Smart Security System is automatically disarmed when the ignition key is turned to IGNITION with the fob present.

When the module disarms, the optional siren will chirp once and the key icon will illuminate for a solid four seconds and then turn off.

NOTE

Any motion or turning the ignition key to IGNITION will cause the module to electronically "poll" for the presence of the fob. If the fob is present, the system disarms.

Personal Identification Number (PIN): If the fob is misplaced or if the present fob fails to communicate with the module, the system can be disarmed with the Personal Identification Number (PIN).

Disarming with a PIN

Do not turn handlebars or straddle seat. During a PIN disarm, if the Smart Security System detects motorcycle motion the system will activate the alarm.

Table 24. Entering a PIN to Disarm Harley-Davidson Smart Security System

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
1	If necessary, verify the current 5-digit PIN.		Should be recorded on wallet card.
2	Turn ignition key to IGNITION .		
3	Quickly (within 2 seconds of turning ignition key) hold both turn signal switches in until confirmation.	Key icon flashes at fast rate. In the odometer window, a flashing dash will be followed by four more dashes.	See Figure 38. Five dashes will appear in the odometer window.
4	Enter first digit (a) in the PIN by pressing left turn switch a times .	The first digit (a) in the odometer will be the first digit in the PIN.	
5	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The first digit is stored and the dash will flash.	Serves as enter key.
6	Enter second digit (b) in the PIN by pressing left turn switch b times .	The second digit (b) in the odometer will be the second digit in the PIN.	
7	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The second digit is stored and the next dash will flash.	Serves as enter key.
8	Enter third digit (c) in the PIN by pressing left turn switch c times .	The third digit (c) in the odometer will be the third digit in the PIN.	
9	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The third digit is stored and the next dash will flash.	Serves as enter key.

Table 24. Entering a PIN to Disarm Harley-Davidson Smart Security System

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
10	Enter fourth digit (d) in the PIN by pressing left turn switch d times .	The fourth digit (d) in the odometer will be the fourth digit in the PIN.	
11	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The fourth digit is stored and the next dash will flash.	Serves as enter key.
12	Enter fifth digit (e) in the PIN by pressing left turn switch e times .	The fifth digit (e) in the odometer will be the fifth digit in the PIN.	
13	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The fifth digit is stored. The key icon stops blinking.	Smart Security System is disarmed.

NOTE

- *At any time during a PIN disarm, if the fob is brought within range of the motorcycle, the Smart Security System will disarm when the module receives the coded signal from the fob.*
- *If a mistake is made while entering PIN, wait two minutes before another disarming attempt.*
- *The Smart Security System will remain disarmed until the ignition key is turned to OFF.*

Arming with Hazard Warning 4-Way Flashers On

If it should be necessary to leave a motorcycle parked along side a roadway, the hazard warning four-way flashers can be turned ON and the Smart Security System armed.

1. Turn ignition key to IGNITION.
2. Simultaneously press both left and right turn signal switches to turn the four-way flashers ON.
3. Turn the ignition key to OFF to arm the Smart Security System.

To turn hazard warning flashers OFF, turn the ignition key to IGNITION and simultaneously press the left and right turn signal switches.

ALARM

Warnings

Once armed, if the motorcycle is moved or if the ignition key is turned to IGNITION and the fob is not present, the alarm will warn the operator with three alternate flashes of the turn signals and a chirp of the optional siren.

Within four seconds, if no further motion is detected and/or the ignition key is turned to OFF, the module will remain armed without activating the alarm.

If the motorcycle motion continues or the ignition key is not turned back to OFF, the module will issue a second warning four seconds after the first.

NOTE

During warnings and alarms, the starter motor and the ignition circuits are disabled.

The Alarm

If the Smart Security System is still detecting motion and/or if the ignition key has not been turned back to OFF after a second warning, the system will activate the alarm.

When activated, the Smart Security System will:

- Alternately flash the four turn signals.
- See Figure 40. Sound the optional siren.

Duration: The alarm will stop within 30 seconds and if no motion is detected, the alarm will not restart.

However, if motorcycle motion continues the system will repeat the 30 second alarm and recheck for motion. The alarm will repeat this 30 second alarm cycle for five minutes (10 cycles) or until the alarm is deactivated.

NOTE

The alarm will also activate the LED, vibration or audible modes of a Harley-Davidson Security Pager. A pager can operate either in silent or in combination with an optional Smart Siren. The range of a pager can be up to 0.8 km (0.5 mi). See a Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

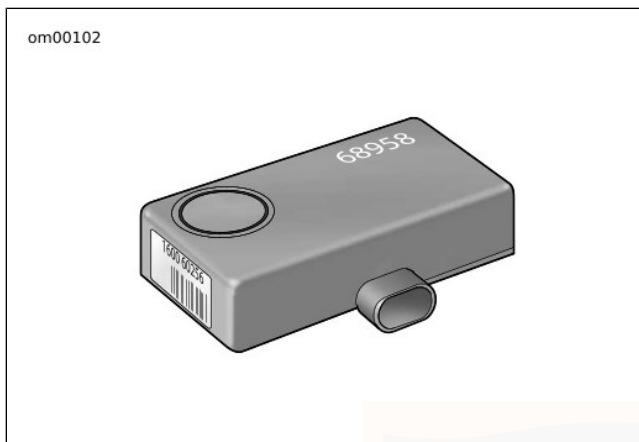


Figure 40. Optional Smart Siren

Deactivate the Alarm

Key Fob: Bring the fob to the motorcycle. After the module identifies that the fob is present, the system will terminate the alarm.

SIREN CHIRP MODE (CONFIRMATION)

Chirpless Mode

In the chirpless mode, the siren does not chirp on arming or disarming.

NOTE

Even when armed in the chirpless mode, the siren still chirps warnings on movement and will activate the alarm through cycles.

Chirp Mode

On arming in the chirp mode, the siren responds with two chirps. When disarming, the siren responds with a single chirp.

Switching Modes

Cycling quickly through two armings and disarmings will switch the system from either the chirpless mode or the chirp mode to its opposite.

1. With the fob present, the ignition switch to ON and the system disarmed, turn the ignition switch OFF.
2. When the system arms (2 flashes of turn signals), immediately turn the ignition switch to ON.
3. Wait until the security lamp goes out, then immediately turn the ignition switch OFF.
4. When the system arms (2 flashes of turn signals), immediately turn the ignition switch to ON and wait for system to disarm.

TRANSPORT MODE

It is possible to arm the security system without enabling the motion detector for one ignition cycle. This allows the vehicle to be picked up and moved in an armed state, however, any attempt to start the engine will trigger the alarm.

To Enter Transport Mode

1. Turn the Ignition Switch to IGNITION.
2. Set the Engine Stop Switch to OFF.
3. With an assigned fob within range, turn the Ignition Switch from IGNITION to ACC.
4. Simultaneously press both the left and the right turn signal switches. This must be done within five seconds of turning the Ignition Switch to ACC.
5. After the turn signals flash once, turn the Ignition Switch to OFF and the module is armed.
6. Confirmation: Turn signal blinks three times when armed for one ignition cycle.

To Exit Transport Mode

Return the system to normal operation:

With the fob present, turn the Ignition Switch to IGNITION to disarm the HFSM. To cancel the transport mode, set the Engine Stop Switch to RUN.

STORAGE AND SERVICE DEPARTMENTS

Long Term Parking

To maintain arming, store the fob beyond the range of the module. If the motorcycle is to be moved while parked, have the fob present.

If the motorcycle will not be operated for several months, such as during the winter season, follow the Owner's Manual instructions for storage. Refer to MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > MOTORCYCLE STORAGE (Page 174).

Service Departments

When the motorcycle is to be left at a Harley-Davidson dealer, there are two options:

1. Leave an assigned fob with the dealer.
2. To maintain possession of the fob, ask the dealer to disable the module for service (service mode) before leaving the dealership.

FOB BATTERY

Replacing the Battery

Replace the key fob battery every year.

1. See Figure 41. Slowly turn a thin blade in the thumbnail slot (1) on the side of the fob to separate the two halves.
2. Remove the battery (2) and discard.

NOTE

Dispose of the old battery in accordance with local regulations.

3. Install a **new** battery (Panasonic 2032 or equivalent) with the positive (+) side down.
4. Align the two halves of the fob and snap together.

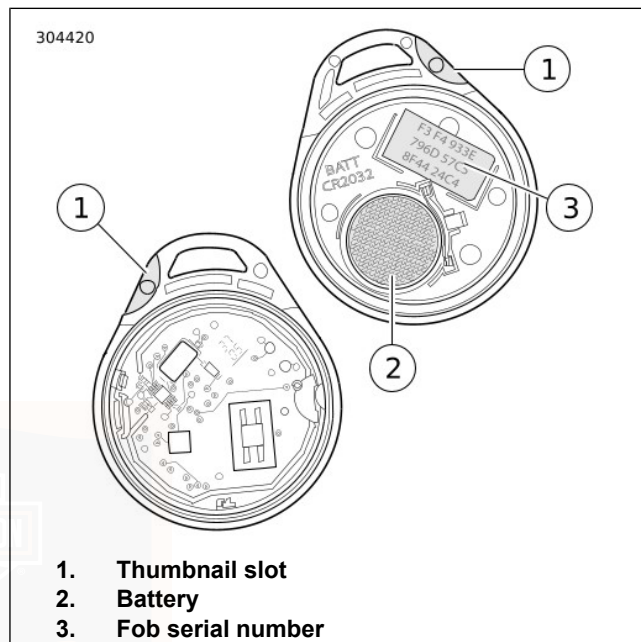


Figure 41. Hands-Free Fob Battery

POWER DISCONNECTS

Optional Siren

On a power disconnect, to prevent the module from actuating the optional siren:

1. Verify that the fob is present.
2. Turn the ignition key to IGNITION.
3. Pull the main fuse from its holder or disconnect the battery.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Key Icon

If the system key icon stays illuminated while riding, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Fob

With the fob present, if the Smart Security System continues to actuate warnings and alarms, one of the following can be the cause:

1. **Electromagnetic Interference:** Other electronic devices, power lines, or other electromagnetic sources can cause the Smart Security System to operate inconsistently.
 - a. Verify that the fob is not in a metal enclosure or within 76 mm (3.0 in) of any other electronic devices.
 - b. Place the fob on the seat and turn the ignition key to IGNITION. After the module disarms, return the fob to a convenient location.
 - c. Move motorcycle at least 5 m (15 ft) from the spot of interference.
2. **Discharged Fob Battery:** Use the PIN to disarm the module. Replace the battery. Refer to HANDS-FREE SECURITY MODULE > FOB BATTERY (Page 109).
3. **A Damaged Fob:** Use the PIN to disarm the motorcycle. Replacement fobs are available for purchase from a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Siren

- If the siren does not chirp two or three times on a valid arming command from the security module, the siren is either in the Chirpless Mode, not connected, not working, or the siren wiring was opened or shorted while the siren was disarmed.

- If the siren is armed and the internal siren battery is dead, shorted, disconnected, or has been charging for a period longer than 24 hours, the siren will respond with three chirps on arming instead of two.
- The internal siren battery may not charge if the vehicle's battery is less than 12.5 volts.
- If the siren enters the self-driven mode where it is powered from the siren's internal 9 volt battery, the turn signal lamps may or may not alternately flash. If the security module activates the siren, the turn signal lamps will alternately flash. If the siren has been armed and a security event occurs, and the siren is in self-driven mode, the siren will alarm for 20 to 30 seconds and then turn off for 5 to 10 seconds. This alarm cycle will be repeated ten times if the siren is in the self-driven mode.



NOTES



OPERATING RECOMMENDATIONS: TRI GLIDE MODELS

⚠ WARNING

Three-wheeled motorcycles are different from two-wheeled motorcycles and other vehicles. They operate, steer, handle and brake differently. Unskilled or improper use could result in loss of control, death or serious injury.

- Take a rider training course.
- Read owner's manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing.
- Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.
- Never tow a trailer.

(00587e)

- Take a rider training course.
- Read Owner's Manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing.
- Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.
- Never tow a trailer.

NOTICE

Do not run the engine at extremely high RPM with clutch disengaged or transmission in neutral. Running an engine at high RPM can result in engine damage. (00177a)

- The maximum recommended safe engine speed is 5500 RPM.
- Do not idle engine unnecessarily for more than a few minutes with motorcycle standing still.

NOTICE

Do not exceed the maximum safe RPM specified below under any conditions. Exceeding the maximum safe engine RPM can result in equipment damage. (00248a)

NOTICE

Air-cooled engines require air movement over the cylinders and heads to maintain proper operating temperature. Extended periods of idling or parade duty can overheat the engine, resulting in serious engine damage. (00178a)

An engine running long distances at high speed must be given closer than ordinary attention to avoid overheating and possible engine damage.

This applies particularly to a motorcycle equipped with windshield and fairing.

NOTE

Have the engine checked regularly and keep it well tuned.

⚠ WARNING

When riding on wet roads, brake efficiency and traction are greatly reduced. Failure to use care when braking, accelerating or turning on wet roads can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00041a)

NOTE

When descending upon a long, steep grade, downshift and use engine compression together with intermittent application of both brakes to slow the motorcycle.

⚠ WARNING

Continuous use of brake causes overheating and reduced efficiency, which could result in death or serious injury. (00042a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not tow a disabled motorcycle. Towing can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00017a)

BREAK-IN RIDING RULES

The First 500 Miles (800 Kilometers)

The sound design, quality materials, and workmanship that are built into your new Harley-Davidson will give you optimum performance right from the start.

To allow your engine to wear in its critical parts, we recommend that you observe the riding rules provided below for the first 800 km (500 mi). Adherence to these suggestions will help to assure good future durability and performance.

1. During the first 80 km (50 mi) of riding, keep the engine speed below 4000 RPM in any gear. Do not lug the engine by running or accelerating at very low RPM, or by running at high RPM longer than needed for shifting or passing.
2. Up to 800 km (500 mi), vary the engine speed and avoid operating at any steady engine speed for long periods. Engine speed up to 5000 RPM in any gear is permissible.
3. Drive slowly and avoid fast starts at wide open throttle until the engine has warmed up.
4. Avoid lugging the engine by not running the engine at very low speeds in higher gears.
5. Avoid hard braking. New brakes need to be broken-in by moderate use for the first 300 km (200 mi).

PRE-RIDING CHECKLIST

⚠ WARNING

Identify and understand the specific features of your vehicle. Failure to understand how these features affect the vehicle's operation can lead to an accident, which could result in death or serious injury. (00043b)

Before riding your motorcycle at any time, make a general inspection to be sure it is in safe riding condition.

⚠ WARNING

Stop the engine when refueling or servicing the fuel system. Do not smoke or allow open flame or sparks near gasoline. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00002a)

⚠ WARNING

Avoid spills. Slowly open fuel filler cap. Do not fill above bottom of filler neck insert, leaving air space for fuel expansion. Secure filler cap after refueling. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00028b)

⚠ WARNING

Use care when refueling. Pressurized air in fuel tank can force gasoline to escape through filler tube. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00029a)

1. Verify fuel is present in tank and add fuel if required.
2. Adjust mirrors to proper riding positions.
3. Verify oil is present in oil tank.
4. Check controls to make sure they operate properly. Operate the front and rear brakes, parking brake, throttle, clutch and shifter. All controls should operate freely without binding.
5. Check steering for proper operation by turning the handlebars through the full operating range. Handlebars should turn smoothly without binding.

▲ WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

6. Check tire condition and pressure. Incorrect pressure will result in poor riding characteristics and can affect handling and stability. Refer to tire specifications for correct inflation pressure to use.

▲ WARNING

Be sure headlamp, tail and stop lamp and turn signals are operating properly before riding. Poor visibility of rider to other motorists can result in death or serious injury. (00478b)

7. Check all electrical equipment and switches including the headlamp, stop lamp, turn signals and horn for proper operation.
8. Check for any fuel, oil or hydraulic fluid leaks.

9. Check secondary belt for wear or damage.
10. Service your motorcycle as necessary.

STARTING THE ENGINE

General

NOTICE

The engine should be allowed to run slowly for 15-30 seconds. This will allow the engine to warm up and let oil reach all surfaces needing lubrication. Failure to comply can result in engine damage. (00563b)

Do not roll the throttle before starting. Rolling the throttle before starting the motorcycle is unnecessary.

Starting

▲ WARNING

Shift transmission to neutral before starting engine to prevent accidental movement, which could result in death or serious injury. (00044a)

1. Turn ignition/headlamp key switch to IGNITION position. Do not roll the throttle.

NOTE

The engine lamp will light for approximately 4 seconds and you will hear the fuel pump purr for approximately 2 seconds as it operates to fill the fuel lines with gasoline.

2. See Figure 42. Turn the off/run switch to RUN position.
3. Squeeze the clutch lever in against the handgrip.

NOTE

To activate the starting system, the clutch interlock circuitry requires the clutch be disengaged, clutch lever pulled in against left handgrip, and/or the transmission be shifted to the neutral position (green neutral lamp lit).

4. Press the starter button to start the motorcycle.
5. Release the parking brake before riding the motorcycle.
See CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > REVERSE OPERATION (Page 58).

NOTE

If the fuel tank becomes completely dry, it may take a few seconds longer to start the motorcycle after filling the tank. It will not be necessary to take any extraordinary measures before starting the motorcycle.

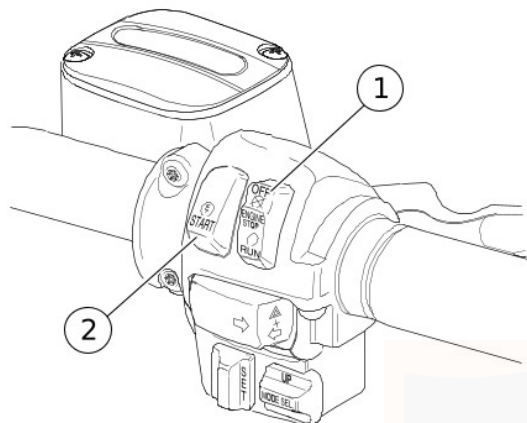
Automatic Compression Release (ACR)

NOTICE

The engine should be allowed to run slowly for 15-30 seconds. This will allow the engine to warm up and let oil reach all surfaces needing lubrication. Failure to comply can result in engine damage. (00563b)

The vehicle is equipped with an Automatic Compression Release (ACR). During starting, a small auxiliary valve in the cylinder head is opened automatically by the ECM. The open valve releases the air compressed in the cylinder heads and allows the starter motor to turn the high compression engine over a faster rate to aid starting.

After starting and during normal operation, the ACR valves remain closed.



1. Engine off/run switch
2. Engine start switch

Figure 42. Right Handlebar Controls

ENGINE IDLE TEMPERATURE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

For those riders who frequently find themselves in riding conditions where the vehicle is subjected to prolonged idle conditions or traffic congestion, the motorcycle is equipped

with an Engine Idle Temperature Management System (EITMS) to provide limited cooling of the rear cylinder.

When the engine is in EITMS operation, you may notice a difference in idle cadence. Additionally, there may be a unique exhaust odor. These are both considered to be normal conditions.

Vehicles are delivered from the factory with EITMS disabled. EITMS can be enabled or disabled by the rider using the following procedure.

1. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position and push the engine OFF/RUN switch on the right handlebar to the RUN position (do not start the motorcycle).
2. Push the throttle to roll-off position and hold.
3. See Figure 7. After approximately 3 seconds, the cruise indicator lamp will either flash green (EITMS enabled) or red (EITMS disabled).
4. Repeat the procedure as needed to enable or disable EITMS.

STOPPING THE ENGINE

1. Stop the engine by turning OFF the engine stop switch on right handlebar.

2. Turn OFF the ignition/headlamp key switch. If the engine should be stalled or stopped in any way, turn off the ignition/headlamp key switch at once to prevent battery discharge.

SHIFTING GEARS

Getting Started

NOTE

Release parking brake before riding motorcycle. See CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > PARKING BRAKE (Page 60).

NOTICE

The clutch must be fully disengaged before attempting a gear shift. Failure to fully disengage the clutch can result in equipment damage. (00182a)

The shift pattern is first gear down, next five gears up.

1. With motorcycle engine running and parking brake disengaged, pull the clutch hand lever in against handlebar grip to fully disengage clutch.
2. Press the foot shift lever down to end of its travel and release. The transmission is now in first gear.
3. To start forward motion, ease out the clutch lever slowly and at the same time, open throttle gradually.

Upshift (Acceleration)

Refer to Table 25. Engage second gear after the motorcycle has reached at the appropriate shifting speed.

Table 25. Upshift (Acceleration) Gear Speeds: Six Speed

GEAR CHANGE	MPH	KPH
First to second	15	25
Second to third	25	40
Third to fourth	35	55
Fourth to fifth	45	70
Fifth to sixth	55	85

1. Close the throttle.
2. Disengage the clutch (pull clutch lever in).
3. See Figure 43. Lift the gear shift lever up to the end of its travel and release.
4. Ease out the clutch lever and gradually open the throttle.
5. Repeat the previous steps to engage third, fourth, fifth, and sixth gears.

NOTE

- *Disengage the clutch completely before each gear change.*
- *Partially close the throttle so the engine will not drag when clutch is again engaged (clutch lever released).*

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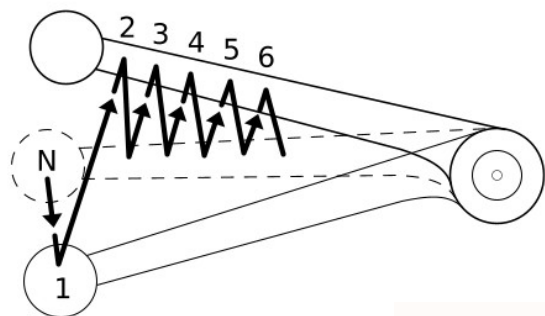


Figure 43. Shifting Sequence: Upshift

Downshift (Deceleration)

⚠ WARNING

Do not downshift at speeds higher than those listed. Shifting to lower gears when speed is too high can cause the rear wheel to lose traction and lead to loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00045b)

Gear shift pattern is first gear down; next five gears up. Refer to Table 26 for shifting speeds.

Table 26. Downshift (Deceleration) Gear Speeds: Six Speed

GEAR CHANGE	MPH	KPH
Sixth to fifth	50	80
Fifth to fourth	40	65
Fourth to third	30	50
Third to second	20	30
Second to first	10	15

NOTE

The shifting points shown in the tables are recommendations. Vehicle owners may determine that their own individual shifting patterns may differ than those stated and are additionally appropriate for individual riding styles.

See Figure 44. When engine speed decreases, as in climbing a hill or running at a reduced speed, shift to the next lower gear while partially closing the throttle so the engine accelerates as soon as the clutch lever is released.

NOTE

- Disengage the clutch completely before each gear change.
- Partially close the throttle so the engine will not drag when clutch is again engaged (clutch lever released).

NOTICE

Shift to neutral before stopping engine. Shifting mechanism can be damaged by shifting gears while engine is stopped. (00183a)

The gear shifter mechanism permits shifting the transmission to neutral from either first or second gear.

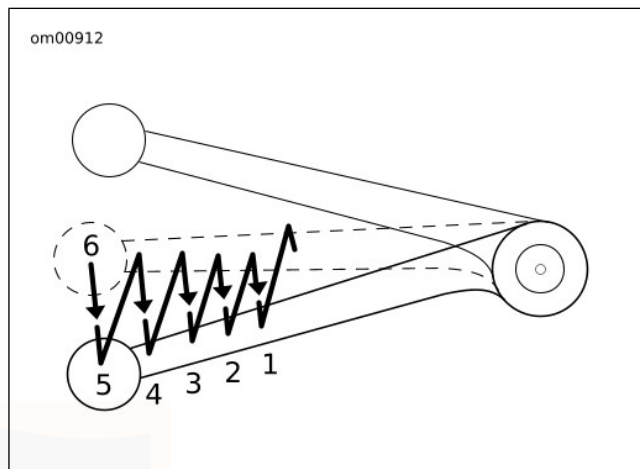
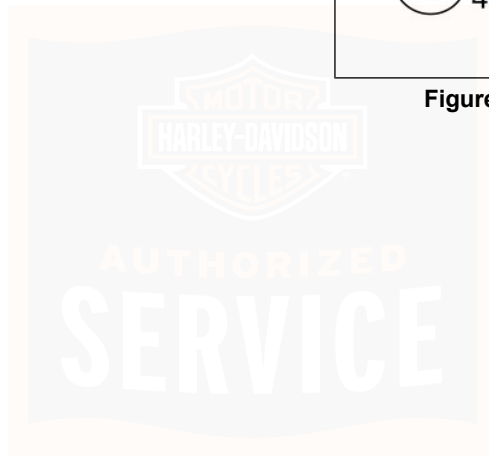


Figure 44. Shifting Sequence: Downshift



NOTES



SAFE OPERATING MAINTENANCE: TRI GLIDE MODELS

⚠ WARNING

Perform the service and maintenance operations as indicated in the regular service interval table. Lack of regular maintenance at the recommended intervals can affect the safe operation of your motorcycle, which could result in death or serious injury. (00010a)

Good maintenance creates a safe motorcycle. A careful check of certain equipment must be made after periods of storage. Also, frequently inspect the motorcycle between the regular service intervals to determine if additional maintenance is necessary.

Check the following items:

1. Tires for correct pressure, abrasions or cuts.
2. Belt and primary chain for proper tension, wear or damage.
3. Brakes, steering and throttle for responsiveness and freedom from binding.
4. Brake fluid level and condition. Hydraulic lines and fittings for leaks. Also, check brake pads and discs for wear.
5. Cables for fraying or crimping and free operation.

6. Engine oil and primary chaincase/transmission fluid levels.
7. Headlamp, tail lamp, brake lamp and turn signals for proper operation.
8. Parking brake engagement/disengagement.
9. Steering damper is secure and in good condition.

BREAK-IN MAINTENANCE

NOTE

The performance of new motorcycle initial service is required to keep your new motorcycle warranty in force and to assure proper emissions system operation.

Refer to Table 34. After a new motorcycle has been ridden its first 1,600 km (1000 mi), it should be taken to an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for initial service operations.

ENGINE LUBRICATION

NOTICE

Do not switch lubricant brands indiscriminately because some lubricants interact chemically when mixed. Use of inferior lubricants can damage the engine. (00184a)

Engine oil is a major factor in the performance and service life of the engine. Always use the proper grade of oil for the lowest temperature expected before the next scheduled oil

change. Refer to Table 27. Your authorized dealer has the proper oil to suit your requirements.

If it is necessary to add oil and Harley-Davidson oil is not available, use an oil certified for diesel engines. Acceptable diesel engine oil designations include: CF-4, CG-4, CH-4 and CI-4.

The preferred viscosities for the diesel engine oils in descending order are: 20W50, 15W40 and 10W40.

At the first opportunity, see an authorized dealer to change back to 100 percent Harley-Davidson oil.

Table 27. Recommended Engine Oils

H-D TYPE	VISCOSITY	H-D RATING	LOWEST AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	COLD WEATHER STARTS BELOW 50° F (10° C)
H-D Multi-grade	SAE 10W40	HD 360	Below 4 °C (40 °F)	Excellent
H-D Multi-grade	SAE 20W50	HD 360	Above 4 °C (40 °F)	Good
H-D Regular Heavy	SAE 50	HD 360	Above 16 °C (60 °F)	Poor
H-D Extra Heavy	SAE 60	HD 360	Above 27 °C (80 °F)	Poor

CHECKING OIL LEVEL

NOTICE

Oil level cannot be accurately measured on a cold engine. For pre-ride inspection, with motorcycle on level ground, oil should register on dipstick between arrows when engine is cold. Do not add oil to bring the level to the FULL mark on a COLD engine. (00589b)

NOTE

See Figure 46. When checking oil level, use the side of the dipstick marked FULL HOT VEHICLE UPRIGHT.

Oil Level Cold Check

Perform engine oil level **COLD CHECK** as follows:

1. For pre-ride inspection, place vehicle on level ground.

2. See Figure 45. Remove filler plug/dipstick and wipe off the dipstick. Insert the dipstick and tighten into the fill spout.
3. Remove the dipstick. Using the gauge marked FULL HOT VEHICLE UPRIGHT on the dipstick, verify the oil level. The correct oil level should register midway (2) between the FULL and ADD marks on the dipstick.

NOTE

If oil level is at or below the ADD mark, add only enough oil to bring the level to the middle of the two marks on the dipstick. For cold level check, do not exceed the midpoint (2) when filling with oil.

Oil Level Hot Check

NOTE

- *The engine will require a longer warm up period in colder weather.*
- *Engine oil level hot check should be performed only when engine is at normal operating temperature.*

Perform engine oil level **HOT CHECK** as follows:

1. Ride motorcycle until engine is at normal operating temperature.

2. Place vehicle on level ground. Allow engine to idle for 1-2 minutes. Turn engine off.
3. Remove filler plug/dipstick and wipe off the dipstick. Insert the dipstick and tighten into the fill spout.
4. See Figure 46. Remove the dipstick. Using the gauge marked FULL HOT VEHICLE UPRIGHT on the dipstick, verify the oil level. The level should be between the ADD (1) and FULL (3) marks. Add oil as necessary to bring the level to the FULL mark on the dipstick. Do not overfill.

NOTE

Refer to Table 27. Use only recommended oil specified in MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > ENGINE LUBRICATION (Page 123).

5. Start engine and carefully check for oil leaks around drain plug and oil filter.

NOTICE

Do not allow hot oil level to fall below Add/Fill mark on dipstick. Doing so can result in equipment damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00189a)

NOTICE

Do not overfill oil. Doing so can result in oil carryover to the air cleaner leading to equipment damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00190b)

- Check engine oil level at each complete fuel refill.
- Refer to Table 34. Oil should be changed at specified intervals in normal service at warm or moderate temperatures.
- Oil change intervals should be more frequent in cold weather or severe operating conditions. See MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > WINTER LUBRICATION (Page 129).

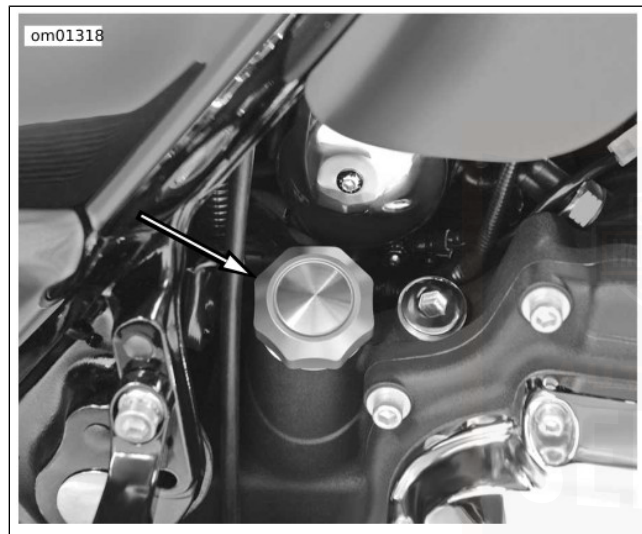


Figure 45. Engine Oil Filler Cap

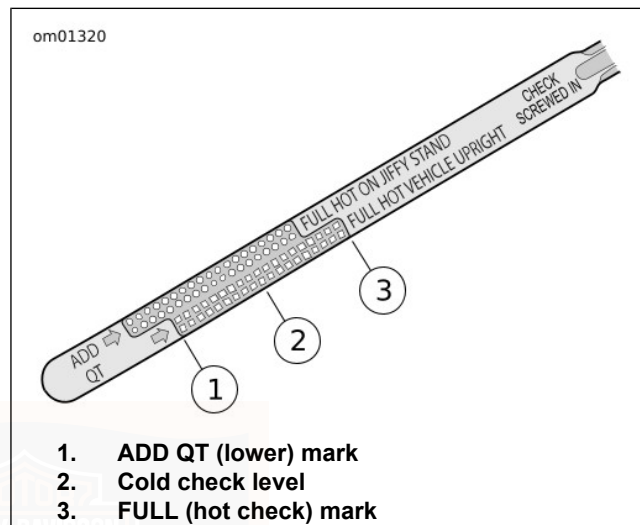


Figure 46. Engine Oil Dipstick

CHANGING OIL AND OIL FILTER

NOTICE

Do not switch lubricant brands indiscriminately because some lubricants interact chemically when mixed. Use of inferior lubricants can damage the engine. (00184a)

⚠ WARNING

Be sure that no lubricants or fluids get on tires, wheels or brakes when changing fluid. Traction can be adversely affected, which could result in loss of control of the motorcycle and death or serious injury. (00047d)

Twin Cam equipped vehicles require the premium oil filter (Part No. 63798-99A Chrome or Part No. 63731-99A Black).

Refer to Table 34. Oil should be changed after the first 1,600 km (1000 mi) for a new engine and at regular intervals in normal service at warm or moderate temperatures.

1. Ride motorcycle until oil is at normal operating temperature. Turn engine off.
2. Remove filler plug/dipstick.
3. See Figure 47. Remove the oil drain plug (2). Do not remove hex plug (3) or transmission drain plug (1). Allow oil to drain completely.

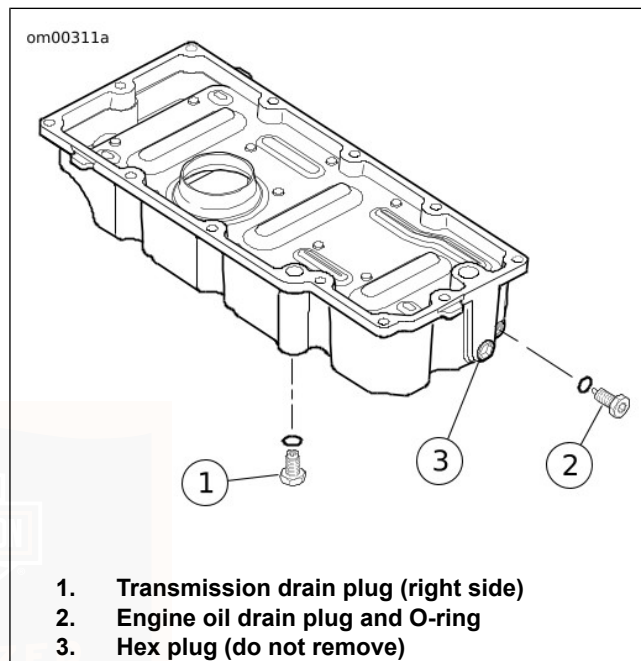


Figure 47. Oil Pan

4. Inspect the oil drain plug o-ring for cuts, tears or signs of deterioration. Replace as necessary.

NOTICE

Use Harley-Davidson oil filter wrench for filter removal. This tool can prevent damage to crankshaft position sensor and/or sensor cable. (00192b)

5. See Figure 48. Remove the oil filter using OIL FILTER WRENCH (PART NUMBER: HD-42311) or OIL FILTER WRENCH (PART NUMBER: HD-44067-A) and hand tools. Do not use with air tools.
6. Clean the oil filter mount flange of any old gasket material.

NOTE

Dispose of oil and oil filter in accordance with local regulations.

7. See Figure 49. Lubricate gasket with clean engine oil and install **new** oil filter on filter mount. Hand tighten oil filter 1/2-3/4 turn after gasket first contacts filter mounting surface. Do not use OIL FILTER WRENCH (PART NUMBER: HD-42311) for oil filter installation.
8. Install engine oil drain plug and tighten to 19–28.5 N·m (14–21 ft-lbs).

NOTE

Use the proper grade of oil for the lowest temperature expected before the next oil change. Refer to Table 27 for recommended oil.

9. Initially add 3.3 L (3.5 qt) of engine oil.
10. Verify proper oil level. See MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > CHECKING OIL LEVEL (Page 124).
 - a. Check engine oil level using **COLD CHECK** procedure.
 - b. Start engine and carefully check for oil leaks around drain plug and oil filter.
 - c. Check engine oil level using **HOT CHECK** procedure.

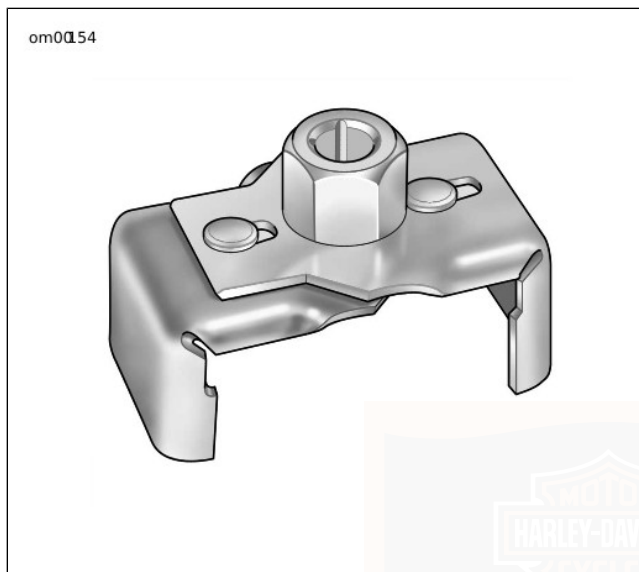
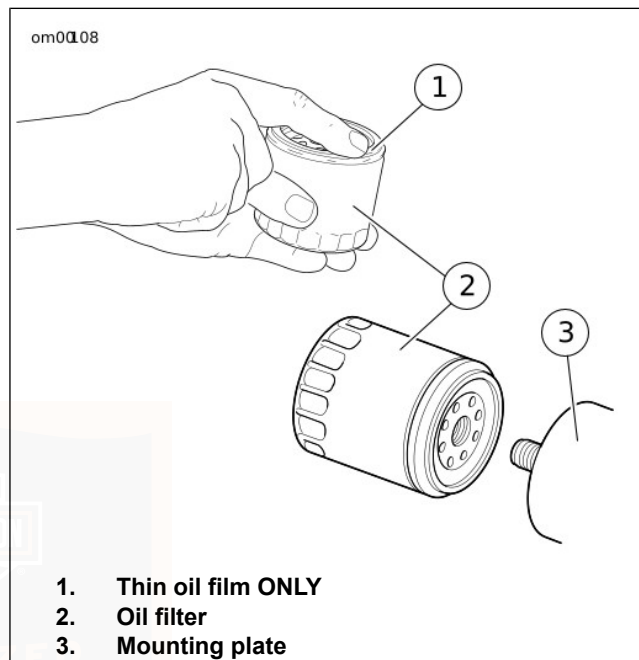


Figure 48. Oil Filter Wrench (Part No. HD-42311)



1. Thin oil film ONLY
2. Oil filter
3. Mounting plate

Figure 49. Applying Thin Oil Film

WINTER LUBRICATION

In colder climates, the engine oil should be changed often. If motorcycle is used frequently for short trips, less than 24 km (15 mi), in ambient temperatures below 16 °C (60 °F), oil

change intervals should be reduced to 2,400 km (1500 mi). Motorcycles used only for short runs must have a thorough tank flush-out before **new** oil is put in. The tank flush-out should be performed by an authorized dealer or qualified technician.

NOTE

The further below freezing the temperature drops, the shorter the oil change interval should be.

Water vapor is a normal by-product of combustion in any engine. During cold weather operation, some of the water vapor condenses to liquid form on the cool metal surfaces inside the engine. In freezing weather this water will become slush or ice and, if allowed to accumulate too long, may block the oil lines and cause damage to the engine.

If the engine is run frequently and allowed to thoroughly warm up, most of this water will become vapor again and will be blown out through the crankcase breather.

If the engine is not run frequently and allowed to thoroughly warm up, this water will accumulate, mix with the engine oil and form a sludge that is harmful to the engine.

TRANSMISSION LUBRICATION

General

The transmission lubricant level should be checked monthly.

130 Maintenance and Lubrication

Refer to Table 34. The transmission should be drained and refilled with fresh lubricant at specified intervals.

Check Lubricant Level

1. See Figure 50. Remove the threaded filler plug/dipstick.
2. See Figure 51. Wipe off filler plug/dipstick. Place in filler hole and remove. (Dipstick should rest on lip of filler. Do not screw in.) Lubricant level should be between the full and low marks on the plug/dipstick when removed.

⚠ WARNING

Be sure that no lubricants or fluids get on tires, wheels or brakes when changing fluid. Traction can be adversely affected, which could result in loss of control of the motorcycle and death or serious injury. (00047d)

NOTICE

When draining or adding lubricant, do not allow dirt, debris or other contaminants to enter the engine. (00198a)

3. Add lubricant, if necessary. Do not overfill or leakage may occur. When filling the transmission, use GENUINE Harley-Davidson FORMULA+ TRANSMISSION AND PRIMARY CHAINCASE LUBRICANT (Part No. 99851-05 quart). The transmission fluid capacity is approximately 0.95 L (32 fl oz).
4. Inspect o-ring for tears or damage. Replace if required. Wipe any foreign material from plug.
5. Install threaded filler/check plug and tighten clockwise to 2.8–8.5 N·m (25–75 **in-lbs**).

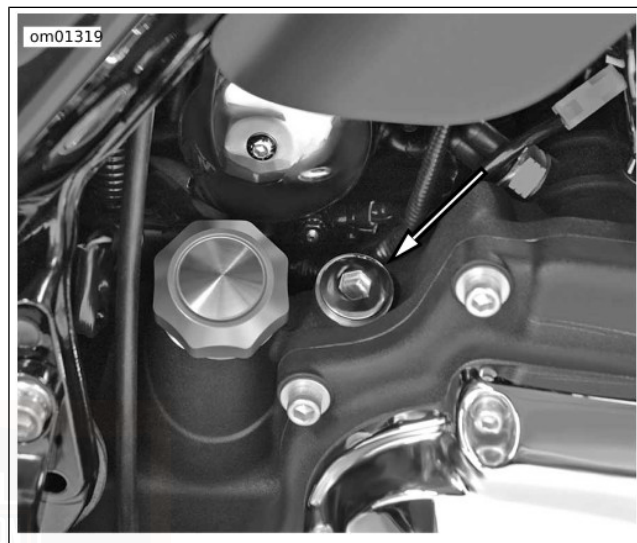
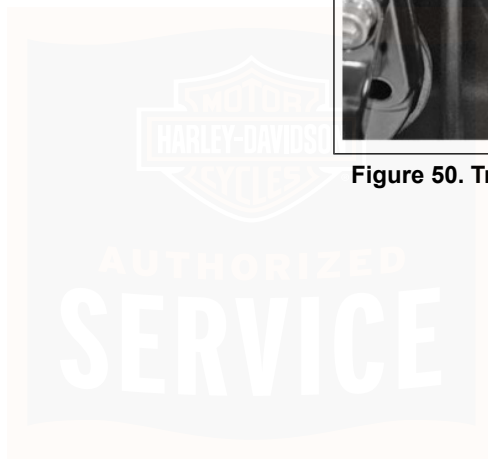


Figure 50. Transmission Filler Plug/Dipstick Location



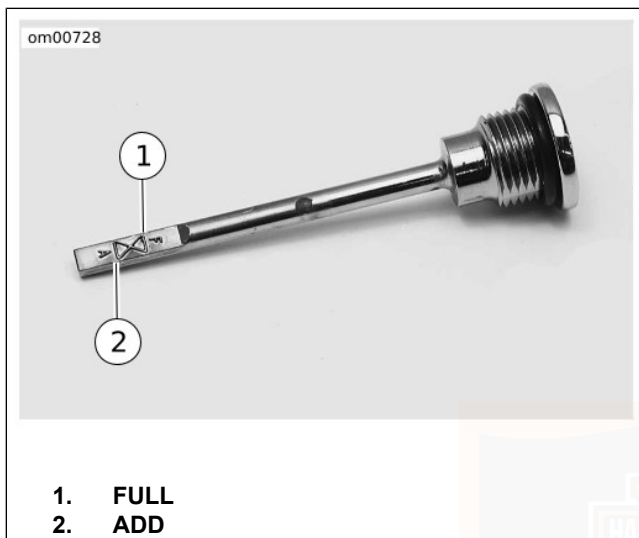


Figure 51. Transmission Filler Plug/Dipstick Lubricant Level

Changing Transmission Fluid

1. See Figure 50. Remove the threaded filler plug/dipstick.

NOTICE

When draining or adding lubricant, do not allow dirt, debris or other contaminants to enter the engine. (00198a)

⚠ WARNING

Be sure that no lubricants or fluids get on tires, wheels or brakes when changing fluid. Traction can be adversely affected, which could result in loss of control of the motorcycle and death or serious injury. (00047d)

2. See Figure 47. Remove transmission drain plug (1) and drain lubricant into a suitable container.

NOTE

Dispose of transmission lubricant in accordance with local regulations.

3. Inspect the drain plug o-ring for tears or damage. Replace if required. Wipe any foreign material from plug.
4. Install drain plug and tighten to 19–28.5 N·m (14–21 ft-lbs). Fill the transmission with 0.95 L (32 fl oz) of GENUINE Harley-Davidson FORMULA+ TRANSMISSION AND PRIMARY CHAINCASE LUBRICANT (Part No. 99851-05 quart).

NOTE

Do not overfill or leakage may occur. The transmission fluid capacity is approximately 0.95 L (32 fl oz).

5. Install threaded filler plug/dipstick and tighten clockwise to 2.8–8.5 N·m (25–75 in-lbs).
6. Start engine and carefully check for oil leaks around drain plug.
4. Remove seal ring from clutch inspection cover and discard.
5. If the fluid level can be seen, it is adequate. Otherwise, pour enough GENUINE Harley-Davidson FORMULA+ TRANSMISSION AND PRIMARY CHAINCASE LUBRICANT (Part No. 99851-05, U.S. quart) in through the clutch inspection cover opening until it is visible along the bottom portion of the clutch assembly.

CHAINCASE LUBRICANT

General

Refer to Table 34. The primary chaincase lubricant should be drained and refilled with fresh lubricant at specified intervals.

Check Lubricant Level

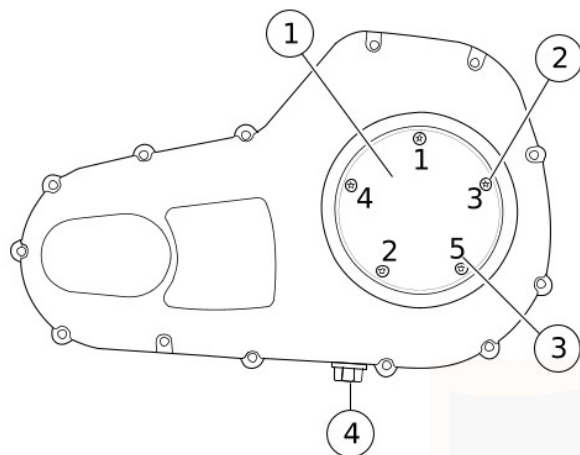
1. Ride motorcycle until engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.
2. Park vehicle on a level surface, so that primary chaincase is level.
3. See Figure 52. Remove five screws to free clutch inspection cover from primary chaincase cover.

NOTICE

Do not overfill the primary chaincase with lubricant. Overfilling can cause rough clutch engagement, incomplete disengagement, clutch drag and/or difficulty in finding neutral at engine idle. (00199b)

6. Refer to CHANGING CHAINCASE LUBRICANT to install seal ring and clutch inspection cover.

om01014



1. Clutch inspection cover
2. Screws with captive washer
3. Clutch cover torque sequence
4. Drain plug

Figure 52. Primary Chaincase Cover

Changing Chaincase Lubricant

NOTICE

When draining or adding lubricant, do not allow dirt, debris or other contaminants to enter the engine. (00198a)

1. Ride motorcycle until engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.
2. Remove five screws to free clutch inspection cover from primary chaincase cover.
3. Remove drain plug at bottom of primary chaincase. Drain lubricant into suitable container.

NOTE

Dispose of chaincase lubricant in accordance with local regulations.

4. Clean drain plug magnet. If plug has accumulated a lot of debris, inspect the condition of chaincase components.
5. Inspect drain plug O-ring for cuts, tears or signs of deterioration. Replace as necessary.
6. Install drain plug into primary chaincase and tighten to 19–28.5 N·m (14–21 ft-lbs).

7. Pour 38 fl. oz. (1124 ml) of GENUINE Harley-Davidson FORMULA+ TRANSMISSION AND PRIMARY CHAINCASE LUBRICANT (Part No. 99851-05 quart) through the clutch inspection cover opening.

NOTE

Only add 45 fl. oz. (1331 ml) after service that involves removal of the primary chaincase or primary chaincase cover.

NOTICE

Do not overfill the primary chaincase with lubricant. Overfilling can cause rough clutch engagement, incomplete disengagement, clutch drag and/or difficulty in finding neutral at engine idle. (00199b)

⚠ WARNING

Be sure that no lubricants or fluids get on tires, wheels or brakes when changing fluid. Traction can be adversely affected, which could result in loss of control of the motorcycle and death or serious injury. (00047d)

8. Swab all lubricant from seal ring groove in clutch inspection cover. Install **new** seal ring in groove with nubs contacting ring groove walls.

9. See Figure 52. Install clutch inspection cover to primary chaincase cover. Tighten screws in the sequence shown to 9.5–12.2 N·m (84–108 **in-lbs**).

REAR DRIVE BELT: TRI GLIDE MODELS

General

The inner tooth surface of the secondary belt has a thin coating of polyethylene lubricant. During initial operation, this coating will wear off as it is burnished into the belt fabric. This is a normal condition and not an indication of belt wear.

Refer to Table 34. Belt tension is set at the factory and should be checked after the first 1,600 km (1000 mi) and at proper intervals thereafter.

Checking Deflection

See Figure 53. Check belt deflection at the loosest spot in the belt with the transmission in neutral and the motorcycle at ambient temperature. With 10 PSI in the rear shocks use the BELT TENSION GAUGE (PART NUMBER: HD-35381) to apply 4.5 kg (10 lb) of force at the midpoint of the bottom belt strand.

Belt deflection should be within specification as shown in Table 28. If belt tension adjustment is necessary, see a Harley-Davidson dealer or follow the instructions in the service manual.

Visually inspect condition of rear sprocket and differential.

Check rear brake caliper position on rear brake disc. Disc should run true within brake caliper.

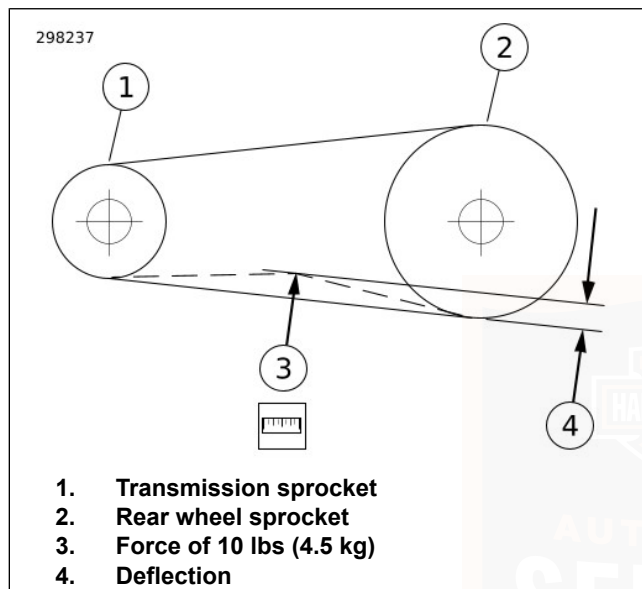


Figure 53. Check Belt Deflection

Table 28. Belt Deflection

MODEL	INCHES	MM
FLHTCUTG	3/8-7/16	9.5-11.1

CHASSIS LUBRICATION: TRI GLIDE MODELS

Refer to Table 34 for all maintenance schedules.

NOTICE

Do not switch lubricant brands indiscriminately because some lubricants interact chemically when mixed. Use of inferior lubricants can damage the engine. (00184a)

1. Use recommended special purpose grease for steering head bearings. Use a multipurpose chassis grease for other applications.
2. Lubricate clutch control cable at proper intervals.
3. Lubricate front brake hand lever and clutch control hand lever only if necessary.
4. Pack the steering head bearings with fresh grease at proper intervals.

NOTE

For model specific information regarding the chassis lubrication, refer to the appropriate Service Manual or see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

OIL APPLICATIONS

Refer to Table 34 for all control connections and parts. Vehicle should be oiled at regular intervals, particularly after washing motorcycle or driving in wet weather.

FRONT FORK OIL

Refer to Table 34. Have a Harley-Davidson dealer drain the front fork oil and refill at proper intervals. If fork does not appear to be working properly or an appreciable amount of oil leakage should develop, see a Harley-Davidson dealer. If there is insufficient oil in either side of fork, the rebound action will be incorrect.

FUEL FILTER

Fuel injected motorcycles have a fuel filter attached to the fuel pump.

NOTE

For model specific information regarding fuel filter maintenance, refer to the appropriate Service Manual or see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

CLUTCH

NOTICE

The clutch control cable must be oiled and adjusted periodically to compensate for lining wear. Failure to oil and adjust the clutch control cable can result in equipment damage. (00203c)

The need for attention to clutch and controls will be indicated by the clutch slipping under load or dragging when released. In this situation, check the control cable adjustment first. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for proper service.

HYDRAULIC LIFTERS

The hydraulic lifters are self-adjusting. They automatically adjust length to compensate for engine expansion and valve mechanism wear. This keeps the valve mechanism free of lash when the engine is running.

When starting an engine which has been turned off even for a few minutes, the valve mechanism may be slightly noisy until the hydraulic units completely refill with oil. If at any time the valve mechanism becomes abnormally noisy, other than for a short period immediately after engine is started, it is an indication that one or more of the hydraulic units may not be functioning properly.

Always check the oil supply in the oil tank first since normal circulation of oil through the engine is necessary for proper operation of the hydraulic units.

If there is oil in the tank, the units may not be functioning properly because of dirt in the oil supply passages leading to the lifter units. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.

STEERING DAMPER

Refer to Table 34. Inspect the hydraulic steering damper for leaks at specified intervals. Elevate the motorcycle front tire off the ground slightly and turn handlebars through their full range of steering travel several times to check for smooth damper action. Check all damper mounting fasteners for tightness.

The steering damper must be replaced or rebuilt at specified intervals. If steering damper leaks or is damaged, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

FRONT FORK BEARINGS

⚠ WARNING

Adjustments to steering head bearings should be performed by a Harley-Davidson dealer. Improperly adjusted bearings can adversely affect handling and stability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00051b)

Refer to Table 34. Check front fork for proper bearing adjustment and lubricate bearings at proper intervals.

With motorcycle front end raised off the floor, be sure front fork turns freely without any binding or interference and that there is no appreciable front to rear fork shake indicating excessive bearing looseness. Steering head bearings should be adjusted according to Service Manual procedure, if necessary.

REAR FORK PIVOT SHAFT

Refer to Table 34. Check the tightness of the rear fork pivot shaft fastener at proper intervals.

NOTE

For model specific information regarding the rear fork pivot shaft, refer to the appropriate Service Manual or see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

BRAKES: TRI GLIDE MODELS

⚠ WARNING

Inspect brake pads for wear at service maintenance intervals. If you ride under adverse conditions (steep hills, heavy traffic, etc.), inspect more frequently. Excessively worn brake pads can lead to brake failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00052a)

NOTE

- Master cylinder cover specifies correct brake fluid.
 - When adding or changing brake fluid, be sure to use only the type specified for your motorcycle.
 - Use only Harley-Davidson D.O.T. 4 HYDRAULIC BRAKE FLUID (Part No. 99953-99A).
 - Do not mix D.O.T. 4 with D.O.T. 5 brake fluid.
1. Refer to Table 34. Check brake pads and brake discs for wear at proper intervals.
 2. Check the fluid level in the master cylinder reservoirs at proper intervals.
 3. If level is low, clean dirt and debris from reservoir cover before removing.

NOTE

If the brake system is not leaking, there should never be a need to add fluid. If the fluid level is low, the pads are probably worn and need to be replaced. By replacing the pads, the fluid level will rise.

NOTICE

DOT 4 brake fluid will damage painted and body panel surfaces it comes in contact with. Always use caution and protect surfaces from spills whenever brake work is performed. Failure to comply can result in cosmetic damage. (00239c)

⚠ WARNING

Contact with DOT 4 brake fluid can have serious health effects. Failure to wear proper skin and eye protection could result in death or serious injury.

- **If inhaled:** Keep calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.
- **If on skin:** Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.
- **If in eyes:** Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eye lids held open. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.
- **If swallowed:** Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Contact Poison Control. Immediate medical attention required.
- **See Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for more details available at [sds.harley-davidson.com](https://www.sds.harley-davidson.com)**

(00240e)

4. Add D.O.T. 4 HYDRAULIC BRAKE FLUID (Part No. 99953-99A) if necessary.

NOTE

Use only D.O.T. 4 HYDRAULIC BRAKE FLUID (Part No. 99953-99A) approved for brake system use and available from your Harley-Davidson dealer.

Harley-Davidson has provided your new motorcycle with the optimum brake pad friction material available. It is selected to give the best performance possible under dry, wet and high operating temperature conditions. It exceeds all regulatory requirements currently in effect. However, during some braking conditions you may experience noise. This is normal for this friction material.

▲ WARNING

Brakes are a critical safety component. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer for brake repair or replacement. Improperly serviced brakes can adversely affect brake performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00054a)

See Figure 54. Visual inspection of brake pads can be made without removing the caliper. View the lower area of each caliper with a flashlight.

▲ WARNING

Perform routine scheduled brake maintenance. Lack of maintenance at recommended intervals can adversely affect brake performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00055a)

▲ WARNING

Always replace brake pads in complete sets for correct and safe brake operation. Improper brake operation could result in death or serious injury. (00111a)

For front brake, the brake pad friction material should measure at least 0.4 mm (0.016 in).

For rear brakes, the brake pad friction material should measure at least 0.8 mm (0.031 in).

NOTE

- *If the thickness of the brake pad friction material is less than specified, the pads must be replaced immediately.*
- *Always replace brake pads in pairs. If rear brake pads are worn, replace brake pads for both rear wheels.*

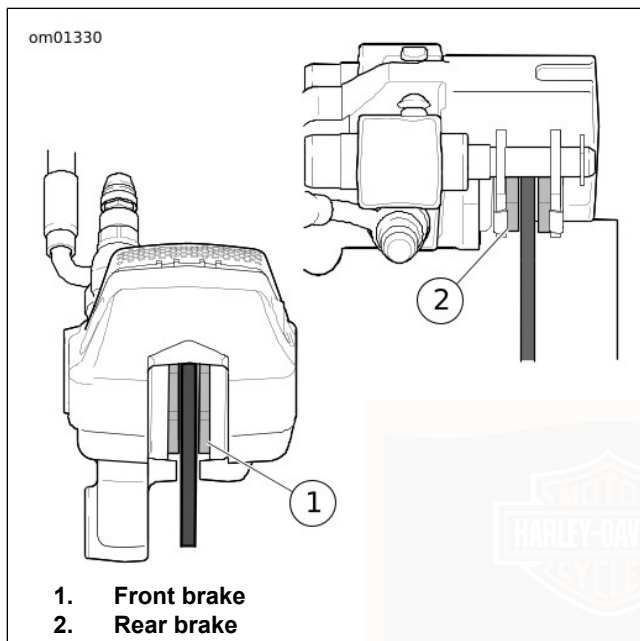


Figure 54. Brake Friction Material: Tri Glide Models

PARKING BRAKE

As brake pads begin to wear in, the parking brake lever effort will lessen and the grip of the parking brakes on rear rotors will decrease. Inspect and adjust the parking brake on the following occasions.

- At regular intervals. Refer to Table 34.
- Periodically after extensive rear brake usage.
- After replacement of rear brake pads or other rear brake service.

NOTE

The following inspection and adjustment procedures may be used to adjust the parking brake between service intervals. For regular service intervals, see a Harley-Davidson dealer or service manual for complete maintenance instructions.

Inspection

1. Park vehicle (with normal load) on a steep incline. Turn ignition switch to OFF and shift transmission into first gear.
2. Apply front brake with left hand and cover rear brake with right foot.
3. Push parking brake lever to the forward position with right hand. If parking brake lever is difficult to engage, see ADJUSTMENT to decrease lever effort.
4. With parking brake engaged, release the front brake and pull in the clutch lever.

5. See Figure 55. The rear brakes should hold securely and the vehicle should remain still. Check position of the parking brake lever (should be in over center position). See ADJUSTMENT to adjust parking brake as necessary.

Adjustment

1. See Figure 55. With vehicle on level ground, move parking brake lever to OFF position.

NOTE

Park brake has two positions, off (disengaged) and over center (engaged), approximately 90° apart.

2. See Figure 56. Loosen set screw and turn knob several revolutions in the appropriate direction.
 - a. Turn clockwise to increase brake grip/lever effort.
 - b. Turn counterclockwise to decrease brake grip/lever effort.
3. Rotate knob until set screw is aligned with gap at front or rear of handle. Tighten set screw.
4. See INSPECTION to check performance of the adjusted parking brake.

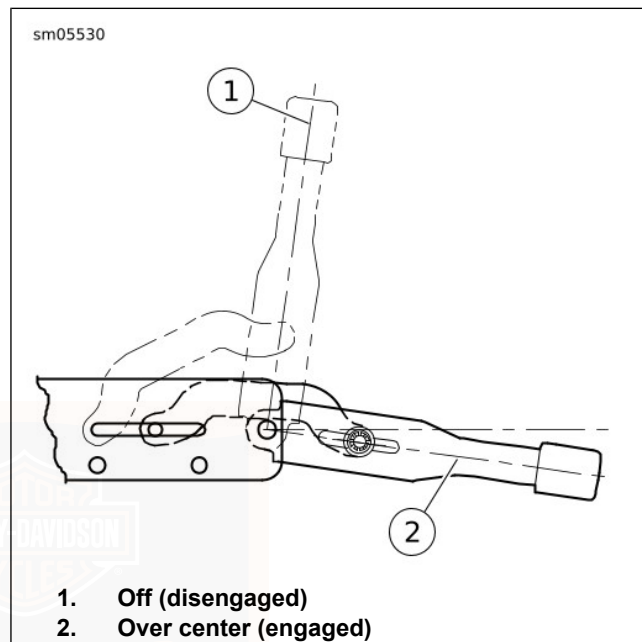


Figure 55. Park Brake Positions

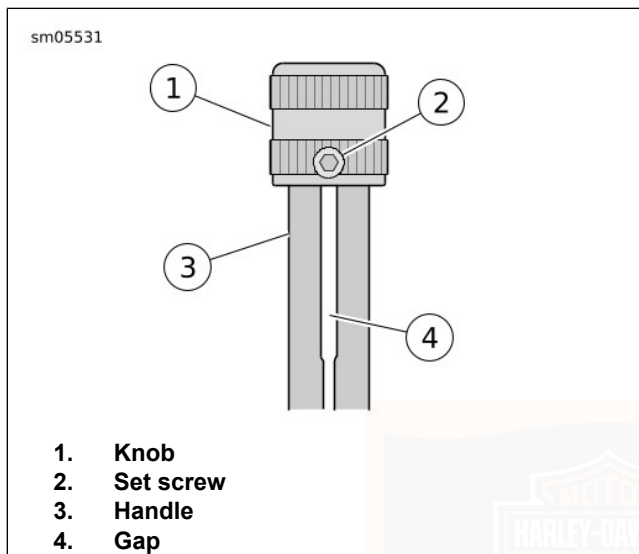


Figure 56. Park Brake

RAISING VEHICLE

NOTICE

When lifting a motorcycle using a jack, be sure jack contacts both lower frame tubes where down tubes and lower frame tubes converge. Never lift by jacking on cross-members, oil pan, mounting brackets, components or housings. Failure to comply can cause serious damage resulting in the need to perform major repair work. (00586d)

Set the parking brake and block the wheels as necessary to prevent the vehicle from moving while it is raised.

When raising the front of the vehicle, use a piece of wood as a brace across the frame tubes under the vehicle and jack up the brace. Do not jack directly on transmission case or any other brackets under the vehicle.

When raising the rear end of vehicle, position the jack under the left or right side of the rear axle. Do not place the jack under the differential case or any frame joints or brackets when raising the vehicle.

TIRES

See SPECIFICATIONS > SPECIFICATIONS: 2009 TRI GLIDE MODELS (Page 19) for tire pressures and sizes.

- Be sure to keep tires properly inflated.
- Follow tire data for correct cold tire inflation pressures.
- Check before riding when tires are cold.
- Do not over-inflate tires.

⚠ WARNING

Do not inflate tire beyond maximum pressure as specified on sidewall. Over inflated tires can blow out, which could result in death or serious injury. (00027b)

⚠ WARNING

Match tires, tubes, rim strips or seals, air valves and caps to the correct wheel. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer. Mismatching can lead to tire damage, allow tire slippage on the wheel or cause tire failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00023c)

Check inflation pressure and inspect tread for punctures, cuts, breaks, etc., at least weekly if in daily use. Check before each trip if used occasionally.

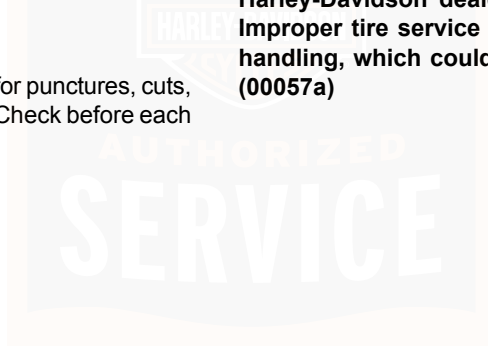
⚠ WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

Same as original equipment tires should be used. Other tires may not fit correctly, could adversely affect handling, and may be hazardous to use.

⚠ WARNING

Tires are a critical safety component. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer for tire repair or replacement. Improper tire service can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00057a)



⚠ WARNING

Replace punctured or damaged tires. In some cases, small punctures in the tread area may be repaired from within the removed tire by a Harley-Davidson dealer. Speed should NOT exceed 80 km/h (50 mph) for the first 24 hours after repair, and the repaired tire should NEVER be used over 129 km/h (80 mph). Failure to follow this warning could lead to tire failure and result in death or serious injury. (00015b)

⚠ WARNING

Striking an object, such as a curb or pothole can cause internal tire damage. If an object is struck, have the tire inspected immediately inside and out by a Harley-Davidson dealer. A damaged tire can fail while riding and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00058b)

TIRE REPLACEMENT: TRI GLIDE MODELS

Inspection

⚠ WARNING

Replace tire immediately with a Harley-Davidson specified tire when wear bars become visible or only 1 mm (1/32 in) tread depth remains. Riding with a worn tire could result in death or serious injury. (00090c)

See Figure 57. Arrows on tire sidewalls pinpoint location of wear bar indicators.

Tread wear indicator bars will appear on tire tread surfaces when 0.8 mm (1/32 in) or less of tire tread remains. See Figure 58. Always replace tires before the tread wear indicator bars appear.

When To Replace Tires

⚠ WARNING

Harley-Davidson recommends the use of its specified tires. Harley-Davidson vehicles are not designed for operation with non-specified tires, including snow, moped and other special-use tires. Use of non-specified tires can adversely affect stability, handling or braking and lead to loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00024d)

New tires are needed if any of the following conditions exist:

1. Tread wear indicator bars become visible on the tread surfaces.
2. Tire cords or fabric become visible through cracked sidewalls, snags or deep cuts.
3. A bump, bulge or split in the tire.

4. Puncture, cut or other damage to the tire that cannot be repaired.

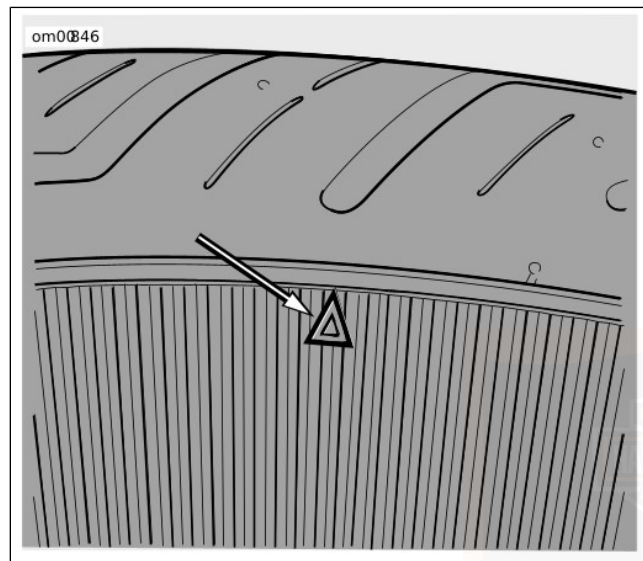


Figure 57. Tire Sidewall Wear Bar Locator

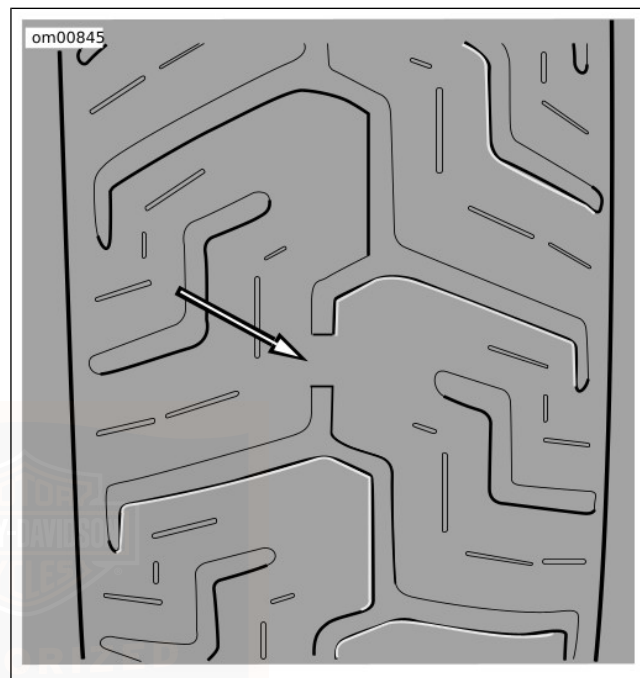


Figure 58. Wear Bar Appearance (Typical)



Figure 59. Rear Tire Tread Wear Bar Indicator
VEHICLE ALIGNMENT

Isolation Mounted Engine Models

Refer to Table 34. Vehicle alignment should be checked at regular intervals. This includes whenever the rear drive belt is adjusted. The stabilizer link and engine mounts should be

checked for wear according to Service Manual procedures at proper intervals.

Vehicle alignment is important. Vehicle stability is adversely affected if wheels are out of alignment. Inspect both front to rear alignment and lateral (side to side) alignment. Major alignment of the front and rear wheels are partially controlled by one stabilizer link at the top of the engine and alignment of the rear axle. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for this service.

▲ WARNING

Only a Harley-Davidson dealer should perform vehicle alignment. Improper alignment can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00060a)

SHOCK ABSORBERS

Refer to Table 34. Inspect shock absorbers and rubber bushings for leaks and bushing deterioration at proper intervals.

SPARK PLUGS

Refer to Table 34. Check the spark plugs at proper intervals.

▲ CAUTION

Do NOT pull on any electrical wires. Pulling on electrical wires may damage the internal conductor causing high resistance, which may result in minor or moderate injury. (00168a)

Disconnect spark plug cables from plugs by pulling on the molded connector caps. To reconnect, simply snap-on spark plug cables to tops of spark plugs.

Refer to Table 7 before servicing spark plugs.

1. Check spark plug type. Only use those spark plugs specified for your model motorcycle.
2. Check spark plug gap against table specifications.
3. Always tighten to the proper torque. Spark plugs must be tightened to the torque specified for proper heat transfer.

NOTE

If a torque wrench is not available, tighten plugs finger tight and then tighten an additional one quarter turn with a spark plug wrench.

IGNITION

The engine in your motorcycle has been designed specifically to achieve optimum fuel economy within exhaust emission

controls. Factory programmed ignition characteristics provide maximum engine performance and driveability.

AIR CLEANER

See Figure 60. The engine air cleaner is a paper/wire mesh air filter element.

Refer to Table 34. Remove air cleaner cover and inspect filter element at proper intervals. Under dusty conditions, inspect more often.

The paper/wire mesh air filter element should be washed in luke warm water with a mild detergent.

Install baseplate gasket, air filter element, and bracket if removed. Tighten bracket screws to 4.5–6.8 N·m (40–60 in-lbs).

When installing air cleaner cover, apply a drop of LOCTITE THREADLOCKER 243 (blue) to the threads of the cover screw and tighten to 4.1–6.8 N·m (36–60 in-lbs).

▲ WARNING

Compressed air can pierce the skin and flying debris from compressed air could cause serious eye injury. Wear safety glasses when working with compressed air. Never use your hand to check for air leaks or to determine air flow rates. (00061a)

- Allow filter to either air dry or blow it dry, from the inside, with low pressure air.
- Do not use an air cleaner filter oil on the Harley-Davidson paper/wire mesh air filter element.

NOTICE

Install air filter before running engine. Failure to do so can draw debris into the engine and could result in engine damage. (00207a)

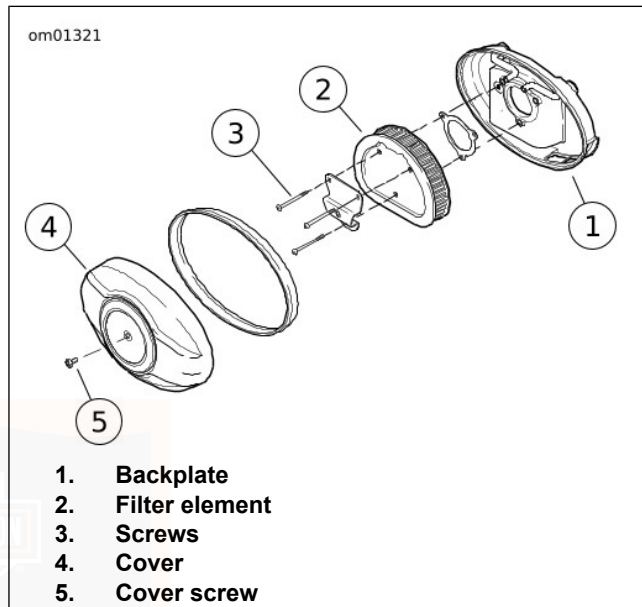


Figure 60. Air Cleaner: Twin Cam Models
HEADLAMP

See Figure 61. The headlamp assembly uses replaceable quartz halogen bulb(s).

Refer to Table 15 for bulbs. See a Harley-Davidson dealer or service manual for bulb replacement.

NOTICE

When replacement is required, use only the specified sealed beam unit or bulb, available from a Harley-Davidson dealer. An improper wattage sealed beam or bulb, can cause charging system problems. (00209a)

NOTICE

Never touch the quartz bulb. Fingerprints will etch the glass and decrease bulb life. Handle the bulb with paper or a clean, dry cloth. Failure to do so could result in bulb damage. (00210b)

⚠ WARNING

Handle bulb carefully and wear eye protection. Bulb contains gas under pressure, which, if not handled carefully, could cause serious eye injury. (00062b)

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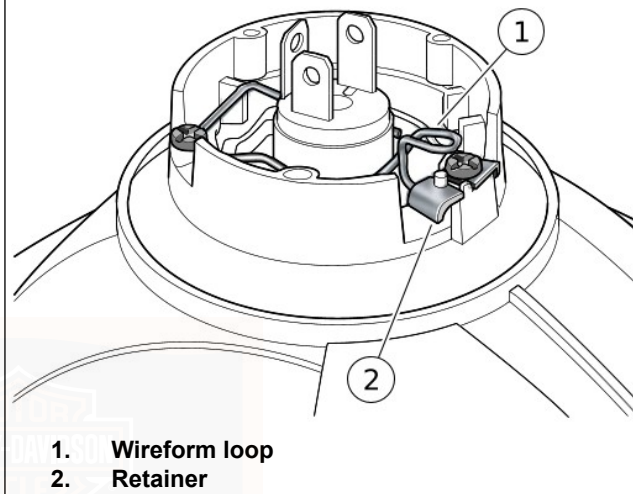


Figure 61. Headlamp Bulb Assembly

HEADLAMP ALIGNMENT

⚠ WARNING

The automatic-on headlamp feature provides increased visibility of the rider to other motorists. Be sure headlamp is on at all times. Poor visibility of rider to other motorists can result in death or serious injury. (00030b)

NOTE

Vehicles with multiple beam headlamps that are individually aimed should be adjusted so both lamps converge into one pattern.

1. Verify that front and rear tire inflation pressures are correct and that suspension is adjusted to the weight of the principal rider. See OWNER MANUAL > SPECIFICATIONS (Page 19).
2. Fill fuel tank or add ballast to equal the weight of the fuel needed.

NOTE

See Figure 62. To aid in properly placing the motorcycle, a perpendicular line (1) can be drawn on the floor. For best results, choose an area with minimum light.

3. See Figure 62. Draw a vertical line (2) on the wall.
4. Position motorcycle so that front axle is 7.6 m (25 ft) from wall.

NOTE

As the weight of the rider will compress the suspension slightly, have a person whose weight is approximately the same as that of the principal rider sit on the motorcycle.

5. With the vehicle laden and upright, point the front wheel straight forward at wall and measure the distance (4) from the floor to the center of the HIGH BEAM bulb.
6. Draw a horizontal line (5) through the vertical line on the wall that is 53.3 mm (2.1 in) lower than the measured bulb centerline.

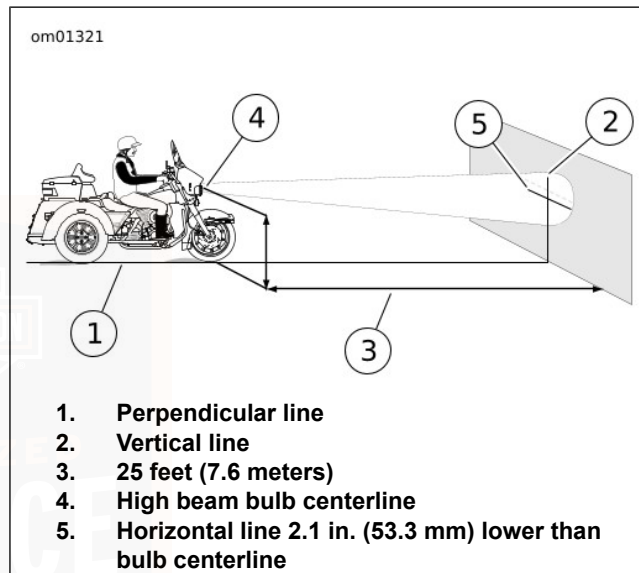


Figure 62. Check Headlamp Alignment

NOTE

As the weight of the rider will compress the suspension slightly, have a person whose weight is approximately the same as that of the principal rider sit on the motorcycle.

7. See Figure 62. Verify headlamp alignment. Turn the ignition switch to IGNITION and set the headlamp switch to HIGH beam.
 - a. The center of the hot spot (brightest area of light beam) should be centered where the two lines intersect.
 - b. Adjust headlamp alignment if necessary.

HEADLAMP ADJUSTMENT

NOTE

Headlamp adjustment can be performed without removing the headlamp door (chrome ring).

1. See Figure 63. Insert Phillips screwdriver between headlamp housing and rubber gasket.
2. See Figure 64. Adjust beam.
 - a. Turn the vertical adjusting screw (1) to adjust headlamp vertically.
 - b. Turn the horizontal adjusting screw (2) to adjust headlamp horizontally.

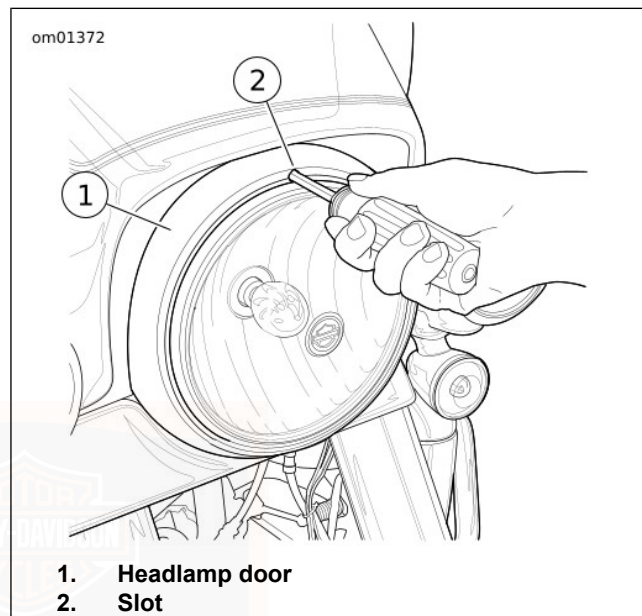


Figure 63. Headlamp Door

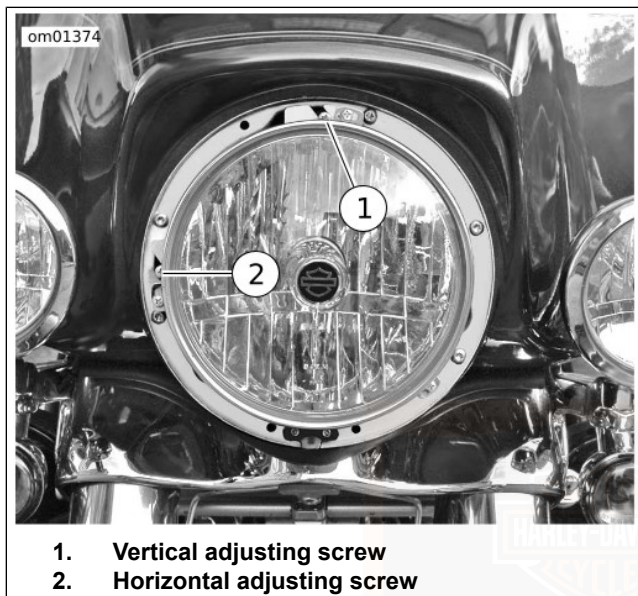


Figure 64. Adjust Headlamp Alignment: Tri Glide

AUXILIARY LAMPS

See a Harley-Davidson dealer or service manual for bulb replacement or alignment of auxiliary lamps.

TURN SIGNAL BULB REPLACEMENT: BULLET STYLE

1. See Figure 65. Insert a coin or the blade of a small screwdriver into the notch at the bottom of the lens cap. Carefully twist until the lens cap pops out of the lamp housing.
2. Push in bulb and rotate counterclockwise. Pull bulb from socket.
3. Inspect condition of electrical contacts in socket. If necessary, clean with a small wire brush and electrical contact cleaner.
4. Coat base of **new** bulb with ELECTRICAL CONTACT GREASE (99861-90).
5. Orient index pins on **new** bulb with pin guides inside bulb socket. Push bulb in and turn clockwise to lock in place.
6. Snap lens cap back into the lamp holder. Rotate lens to position notch at bottom of lamp.

▲ WARNING

Be sure that all lights and switches operate properly before operating motorcycle. Low visibility of rider can result in death or serious injury. (00316a)

7. Turn ignition on and test for proper turn signal operation.

NOTE

If the turn signal or running lamp will not light after replacing a bulb, check the wiring, the ground at the socket and/or the switch.

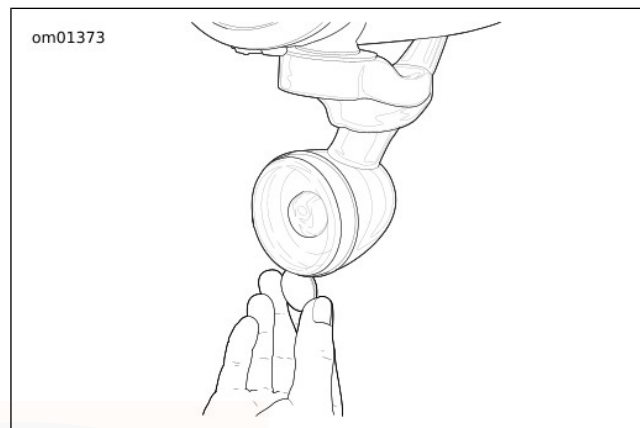


Figure 65. Lens Cap Notch

**TAIL LAMP BULB REPLACEMENT:
STANDARD STYLE**

1. See Figure 66. Make certain ignition switch is turned off.
2. Remove two screws and lens from base.

NOTE

For ease of bulb removal, the 4-Pin multilock connector can be removed from circuit board.

3. Remove (pull) bulb assembly from lens. Remove bulb from socket.
4. Coat base of **new** bulb with ELECTRICAL CONTACT GREASE (Part No. 99861-90). Install **new** bulb in socket.
5. Install (push) bulb assembly to lens.
6. If removed connect 4-Pin multilock connector to circuit board.
7. Install lens to base with two screws. Tighten screws to 2.3–2.7 N·m (20–24 in-lbs).

⚠ WARNING

Be sure that all lights and switches operate properly before operating motorcycle. Low visibility of rider can result in death or serious injury. (00316a)

8. Turn ignition on and test for proper tail lamp operation.

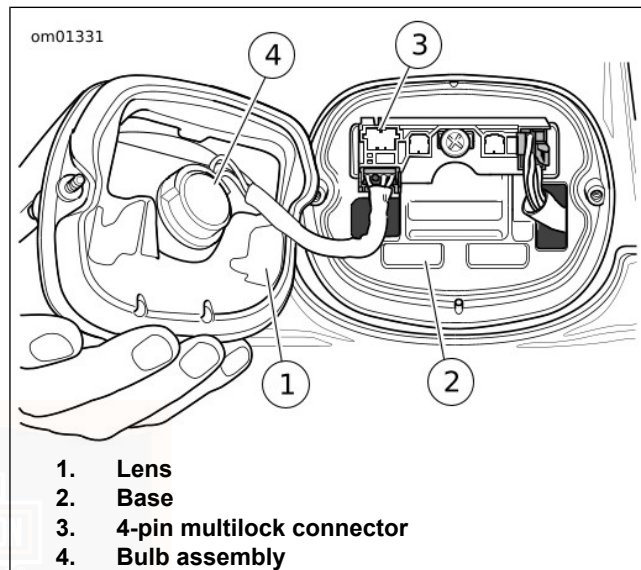


Figure 66. Tail Lamp Assembly

ALTERNATOR/VOLTAGE REGULATOR

Charging Rate

The alternator output is controlled and changed to direct current by the voltage regulator.

- The voltage regulator increases charging rate when battery is low or lamps are lit.
- The voltage regulator decreases charging rate when battery charge is up.

NOTICE

It is possible to overload the vehicle's charging system by adding too many electrical accessories. If the combined electrical accessories operating at any one time consume more electrical current than the vehicle's charging system can produce, the electrical consumption can discharge the battery and cause damage to the vehicle's electrical system. (00211d)

A battery voltage LED in the instruments will light up when voltage is either too low or too high.

NOTE

- *This unit requires no interval attention. If any electrical system trouble is experienced that might be traceable to the alternator or voltage regulator, the motorcycle should be taken to a Harley-Davidson dealer who has the necessary electrical testing equipment to give the required attention.*
- *For model specific information regarding the voltage regulator, refer to the appropriate Service Manual or see a Harley-Davidson dealer.*

REVERSE MOTOR

The reverse motor circuit is equipped with a circuit breaker to prevent current overload conditions to the motor and power cabling. The power circuit for the reverse control module is also protected by the accessory fuse in the fuse block.

Perform reverse operation as explained in CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > REVERSE OPERATION (Page 58). If reverse motor will not run or cuts off during operation, turn off the engine and check the condition of the accessory fuse and circuit breaker.

See Figure 67. The circuit breaker is located under the passenger seat. This manually resettable circuit breaker has a trip pushbutton (2) and a reset switch (1). To manually trip the circuit breaker, push down on the trip pushbutton (which causes the reset switch to extend out).

If the reset switch is extended as shown, the reverse circuit is open/tripped. Push the reset switch into the center of the circuit breaker body until an audible click is heard to reset.

If the circuit breaker repeatedly opens under non-strenuous loading conditions, or if the reverse motor will not operate after resetting circuit breaker and checking fuses, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

NOTE

The reverse enable lamp in the hand control housing will illuminate even if the circuit breaker is tripped/open.

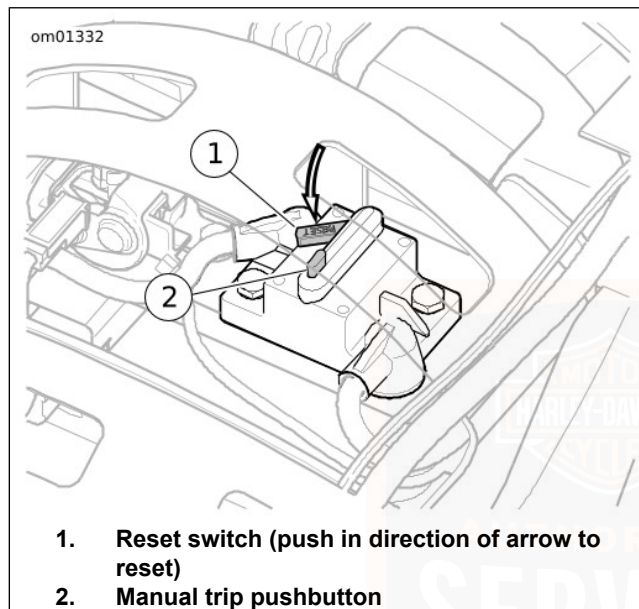


Figure 67. Reverse Motor Circuit Breaker

BATTERY: GENERAL

Type

Your motorcycle uses a permanently sealed, maintenance-free, lead/calcium and sulfuric acid battery. All batteries are shipped precharged and ready to be put into service. Do not attempt to open the battery for any reason.

Table 29. Antidotes for Battery Acid

CONTACT	TREATMENT
External	Flush with water.
Internal	Drink large quantities of milk or water, followed by milk of magnesia, vegetable oil or beaten eggs. Get immediate medical attention.
Eyes	Flush with water. Get immediate medical attention.

⚠ WARNING

Batteries contain sulfuric acid, which could cause severe burns to eyes and skin. Wear a protective face shield, rubberized gloves and protective clothing when working with batteries. **KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN.** (00063a)

⚠ WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times. **KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN.** (00065a)

⚠ WARNING

Batteries, battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, and other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (00019e)

⚠ WARNING

Never remove warning label from battery. Failure to read and understand all precautions contained in warning, could result in death or serious injury. (00064b)





1



2



3



4



5



6

<p>NON-SPILLABLE</p> <p>This is a ready filled, activated SEALED BATTERY. NEVER remove strip. Refer to owner's manual or instruction sheet for charging procedure.</p>	<p>⚠ DANGER/POISON 3-4580</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="801 409 982 574"> SHIELD EYES. EXPLOSIVE GASES CAN CAUSE BLINDNESS OR INJURY. </td> <td data-bbox="982 409 1098 574"> NO • SPARKS • FLAMES • SMOKING </td> <td data-bbox="1098 409 1263 574"> SULFURIC ACID CAN CAUSE BLINDNESS OR SEVERE BURNS. </td> <td data-bbox="1263 409 1428 574"> FLUSH EYES IMMEDIATELY WITH WATER. GET MEDICAL HELP FAST. </td> </tr> </table> <p>KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. DO NOT OPEN BATTERY.</p>	 SHIELD EYES. EXPLOSIVE GASES CAN CAUSE BLINDNESS OR INJURY.	 NO • SPARKS • FLAMES • SMOKING	 SULFURIC ACID CAN CAUSE BLINDNESS OR SEVERE BURNS.	FLUSH EYES IMMEDIATELY WITH WATER. GET MEDICAL HELP FAST.
 SHIELD EYES. EXPLOSIVE GASES CAN CAUSE BLINDNESS OR INJURY.	 NO • SPARKS • FLAMES • SMOKING	 SULFURIC ACID CAN CAUSE BLINDNESS OR SEVERE BURNS.	FLUSH EYES IMMEDIATELY WITH WATER. GET MEDICAL HELP FAST.		

1. Contents are corrosive
2. Wear safety glasses
3. Contents are explosive

4. Keep flames away
5. Read instructions
6. Keep away from children

Figure 68. Battery Warning Label

om01163



Figure 69. Battery Warning Label

Voltmeter Test

Refer to Table 30. The voltmeter test provides a general indicator of battery condition. Check the voltage of the battery to verify that it is in a 100 percent fully charged condition. If the open circuit (disconnected) voltage reading is below 12.6V,

charge the battery and then re-check the voltage after the battery has set for one to two hours.

Table 30. Voltmeter Test

READING IN VOLTS	PERCENT OF CHARGE
12.7	100
12.6	75
12.3	50
12.0	25
11.8	0

Cleaning and Inspection

Battery top must be clean and dry. Dirt and electrolyte on top of the battery can cause battery to self-discharge.

1. Clean battery top.
2. Clean cable connectors and battery terminals using a wire brush or fine grit sandpaper to remove any oxidation.
3. Inspect and clean the battery screws, clamps and cables. Check for breakage, loose connections and corrosion.
4. Check the battery posts for melting or damage caused by overtightening.
5. Inspect the battery for discoloration, a raised top or a warped or distorted case. This might indicate that the battery has been frozen, overheated or overcharged.

6. Inspect the battery case for cracks or leaks.

Charging

Never charge a battery without first reviewing the instructions for the charger being used. In addition to the manufacturer's instructions, follow these general safety precautions.

Charge the battery if any of the following conditions exist:

- Vehicle lamps appear dim.
- Electric starter sounds weak.
- Battery has not been used for an extended period of time.

⚠ WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times. KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00065a)

⚠ WARNING

Batteries contain sulfuric acid, which could cause severe burns to eyes and skin. Wear a protective face shield, rubberized gloves and protective clothing when working with batteries. KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00063a)

1. Perform a voltmeter test to determine the state of charge. If battery needs to be charged, proceed to the next step.
2. Place the battery on a level surface.

NOTE

- *The figures listed in the Amp-hour table assume that the battery is charging at room temperature. If warmer than room temperature, use a slightly shorter charging time. If colder, use a slightly longer charging time.*
- *The use of constant current chargers to charge sealed maintenance free batteries is not recommended. Any overcharge will cause dry-out and premature battery failure. If a constant current charger is the only type available, do not exceed the charge times listed in Table 31 and do not continue charging the battery if it gets hot. When charging, never exceed 15 volts.*

⚠ WARNING

Unplug or turn OFF battery charger before connecting charger cables to battery. Connecting cables with charger ON can cause a spark and battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00066a)

⚠ WARNING

Connect positive (+) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00068a)

⚠ WARNING

Disconnect negative (-) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00049a)

NOTICE

Do not reverse the charger connections described in the following steps or the charging system of the motorcycle could be damaged. (00214a)

3. Connect the red battery charger lead to positive (+) terminal of the battery.
4. Connect the black battery charger lead to negative (-) terminal of the battery.

NOTE

If the battery is still in the vehicle, connect the negative lead to the chassis ground. Make sure that the ignition and all electrical accessories are turned off.

5. Step away from the battery and turn on the charger.

⚠ WARNING

Unplug or turn OFF battery charger before disconnecting charger cables from battery. Disconnecting clamps with charger ON can cause a spark and battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00067a)

6. After the battery is fully charged, turn OFF the charger and disconnect the black battery charger lead to the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
7. Disconnect the red battery charger lead to the positive (+) terminal of the battery.
8. Mark the charging date on the battery.

Table 31. 28 Amp-Hour Battery Charging Rate/Times

READING (VOLTS)	PERCENT OF CHARGE	3 AMP CHARGER	6 AMP CHARGER	10 AMP CHARGER	20 AMP CHARGER
12.7	100	-	-	-	-
12.6	75	2.5 hours	1.25 hours	45 minutes	25 minutes
12.3	50	5 hours	2.5 hours	1.5 hours	50 minutes
12.0	25	7.5 hours	3.75 hours	2.25 hours	70 minutes
11.8	0	10 hours	5 hours	3 hours	1.5 hours

Storage

NOTICE

Turn engine over a few times to be sure there is no oil in the crankcase and that all oil has been pumped back into the oil tank. Stop engine and re-check oil level. Failure to do so can result in engine damage. (00071a)

NOTICE

Do not allow battery to completely discharge. The electrolyte in a discharged battery will freeze. The more discharged a battery is, the more easily it can freeze and crack the battery case. (00218a)

If the motorcycle will not be operated for several months, such as during the winter season, remove the battery from the motorcycle and fully charge.

If the motorcycle is to be stored with the battery installed, it will be necessary to connect a battery tender to maintain charge. See an authorized dealer for more information.

Self-discharge is a normal condition and occurs continuously. The rate of self-discharge depends on the ambient temperature and the battery's state of charge.

- Batteries discharge at a faster rate at higher ambient temperatures.
- To reduce the self-discharge rate, store battery in a cool (not freezing), dry place.
- Charge the battery every month if stored at temperatures below 16 °C (60 °F).
- Charge the battery more frequently if stored in a warm area above 16 °C (60 °F).

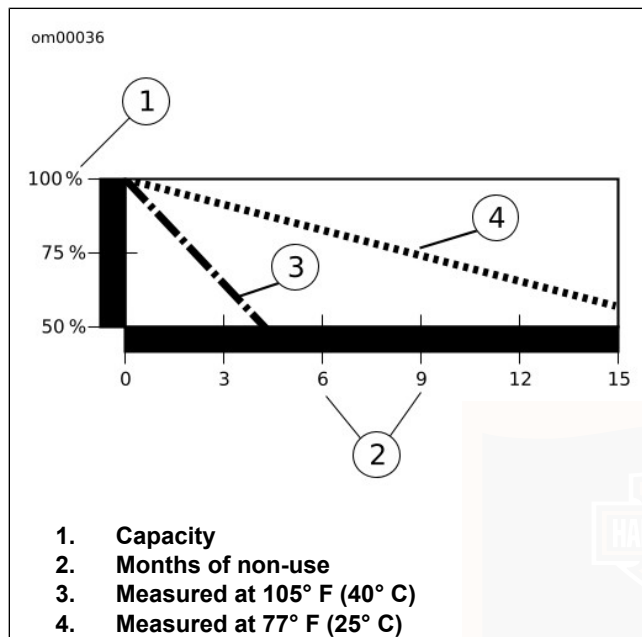


Figure 70. Effective Rate of Temperature on Battery Self-discharging Rate

BATTERY

NOTE

The top caddy has an opening in the front right corner allowing access to the negative battery terminal.

Disconnection and Removal

1. Remove seat.
2. See Figure 71. Remove two screws from rear of top caddy.
3. Pull up rear of top caddy and disengage front of caddy from the front hook.

⚠ WARNING

Disconnect negative (-) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00049a)

4. See Figure 72. Remove battery negative cable (black) from battery negative (-) terminal.

5. Remove battery positive cable (red) from battery positive (+) terminal.
6. Pull up on strap to lift battery out from compartment.

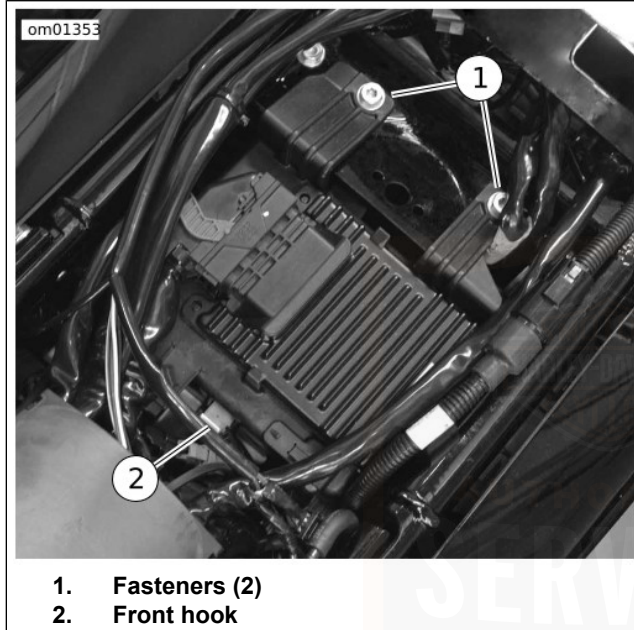


Figure 71. Top Caddy

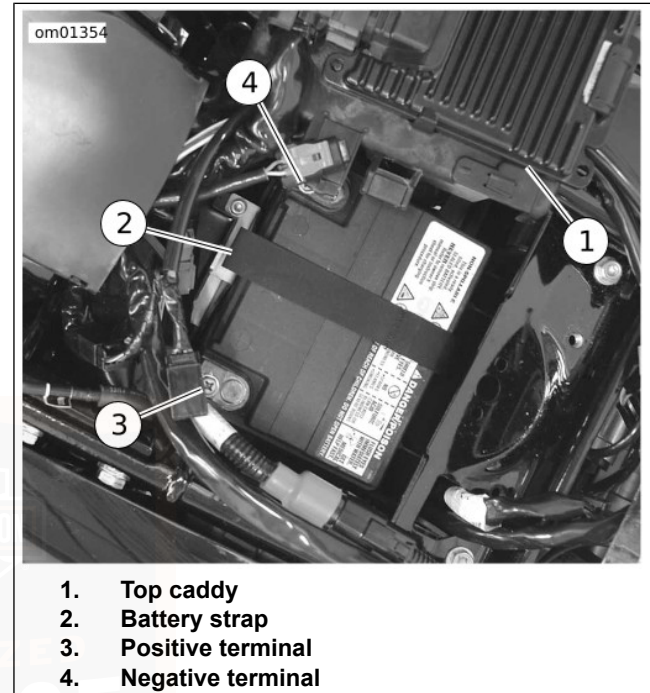


Figure 72. Battery Compartment

Installation and Connection

NOTICE

Connect the cables to the correct battery terminals. Failure to do so could result in damage to the motorcycle electrical system. (00215a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not allow positive (+) battery cable to contact ground with negative (-) cable connected. Resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00069a)

NOTE

Make sure strap is inside compartment under battery. The strap handle should remain outside the compartment.

1. See Figure 72. Place the fully charged battery into the compartment with terminals toward the front of the vehicle. Lay strap handle over top of battery.

⚠ WARNING

Connect positive (+) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00068a)

NOTICE

Do not over-tighten bolts on battery terminals. Use recommended torque values. Over-tightening battery terminal bolts could result in damage to battery terminals. (00216a)

2. Connect battery positive cable (red) to battery positive (+) terminal. Tighten bolt to 6.8–7.9 N·m (60–70 **in-lbs**).
3. Connect battery negative cable (black) to battery negative (-) terminal. Tighten bolt to 6.8–7.9 N·m (60–70 **in-lbs**).

NOTICE

Keep battery clean and lightly coat terminals with petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion. Failure to do so could result in damage to battery terminals. (00217a)

4. Apply a light coat of petroleum jelly or ELECTRICAL CONTACT LUBRICANT, Part No. 99861-02 (1 oz tube), to both battery terminals.
5. See Figure 71. Rotate top caddy into position above battery and engage front of caddy to the front hook.

6. Align rear of top caddy with mounting holes. Install two screws in top caddy and tighten to 8.1–10.9 N·m (72–96 in-lbs).

⚠ WARNING

After installing seat, pull upward on seat to be sure it is locked in position. While riding, a loose seat can shift causing loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00070b)

7. Install seat.

JUMP STARTING

Harley-Davidson does not recommend jump-starting a motorcycle. However, there may be circumstances when it is necessary to do so. Therefore, we suggest jump-starting be performed as follows:

⚠ WARNING

Be sure jumper cables touch only appropriate battery terminals or ground. Allowing jumper cables to touch each other can result in sparks and a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00072a)

⚠ WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times. **KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN.** (00065a)

NOTICE

Be sure both vehicles have the same battery voltage when jump starting. Connecting vehicles with different system voltages can result in vehicle damage. (00220c)

NOTE

This procedure presumes the BOOSTER battery is in another vehicle.

1. Turn off all unnecessary lamps and accessories.

Positive Cable

1. See Figure 73. Connect one end of a jumper cable to the DISCHARGED battery positive (+) terminal (1).
2. Connect the other end of the same cable to the BOOSTER battery positive (+) terminal (2).

Negative Cable

⚠ WARNING

Do not connect negative (-) cable to or near the discharged battery negative (-) terminal. Doing so could cause a spark and explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00073a)

1. Connect one end of a jumper cable to the BOOSTER battery negative (-) terminal (3).

NOTICE

Do not connect the negative (-) cable to painted or chrome parts. Doing so could result in discoloration at the attachment point. (00221a)

2. Connect other end of the same cable (4) to a safe ground, (away from the DISCHARGED battery).
3. Start motorcycle.
4. Disconnect cables in reverse order of steps 2, 3, 4, 5. That is: steps 5, 4, 3, 2.

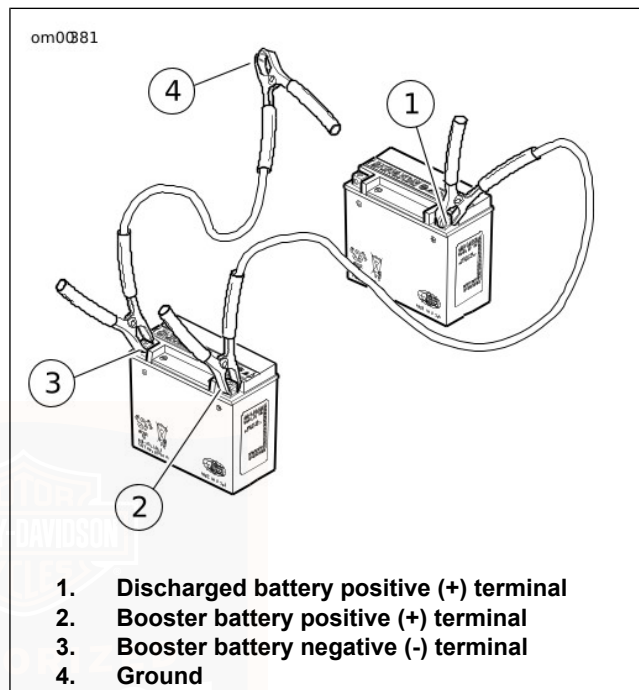


Figure 73. Jump Start Cable Connections

ELECTRICAL PROTECTION

System Fuse Removal

NOTICE

Do not skip any steps for fuse replacement. Skipping fuse replacement steps can result in damage to the sound system and/or other motorcycle systems. (00223a)

Fuses are located under left side cover.

For electrical problems, it is best to see a Harley-Davidson dealer who has necessary parts and equipment to perform electrical services.

NOTE

See Figure 74. Removal of side covers during electrical service requires no tools. Gently pull side cover to remove. Align barbed studs on side cover with grommets in frame and push to install.

1. Place the ignition/headlamp key switch in the OFF position.
2. Remove left side cover.

3. See Figure 74. Press latch on bottom of fuse block cover and swing bottom of the cover out. Remove the cover.

NOTE

The fuse block cover has a fuse puller attachment that may be used to remove fuses.

4. See Figure 75 and refer to Table 32. Remove fuse and inspect the element.

NOTICE

Always use replacement fuses that are of the correct type and amperage rating. Use of incorrect fuses can result in damage to electrical systems. (00222a)

5. Replace the fuse if the element is burned or damaged.

NOTE

Automotive type ATO fuses are used for replacements. Two spare fuses can be found in the fuse block.

6. Insert the top of the fuse block cover in upper retainer and press bottom of cover to snap into place.
7. Install left side cover.

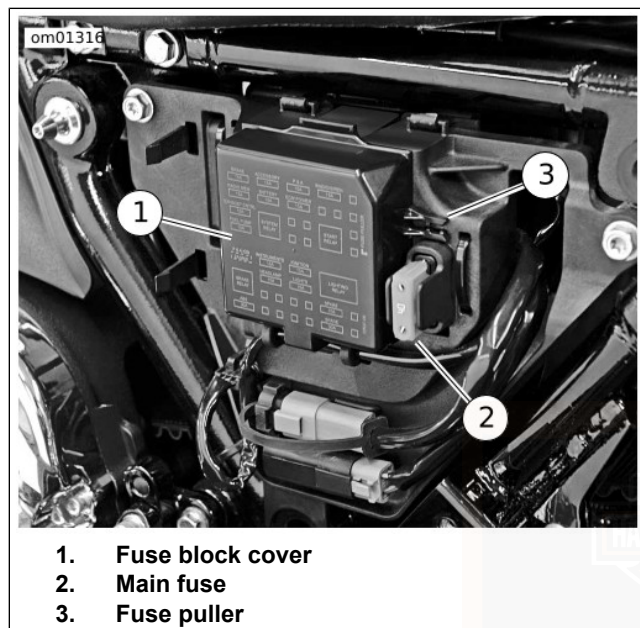


Figure 74. Fuse Block: Tri Glide Models

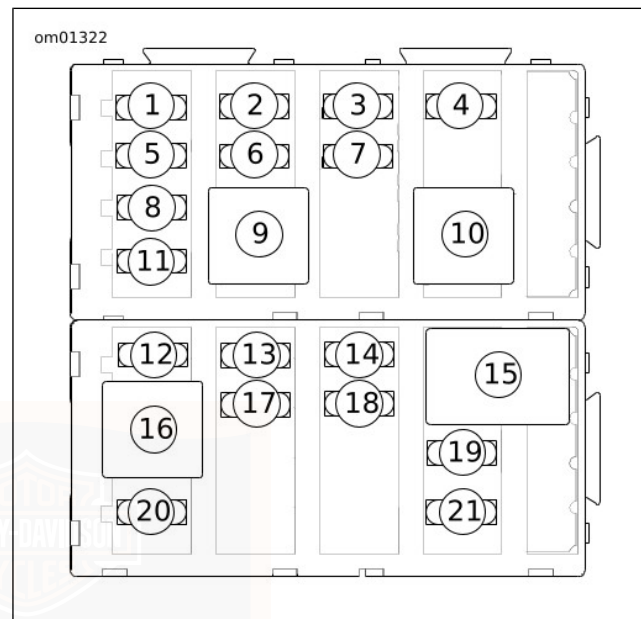


Figure 75. Fuses: Tri Glide Models

Table 32. Fuses: Tri Glide Models

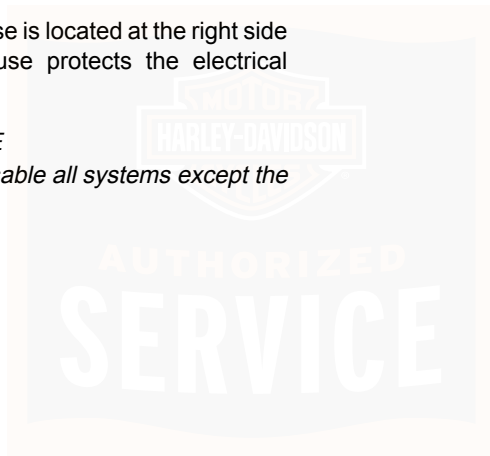
ITEM	FUSE	ITEM	FUSE	ITEM	FUSE	ITEM	FUSE
1	Brake (15 amp)	2	Accessory (15 amp)	3	P&A (15 amp)	4	Radio power (15 amp)
5	Radio memory (15 amp)	6	Battery (15 amp)	7	ECM power (15 amp)	8	Exhaust control (15 amp)
9	System relay	10	Start relay	11	Fuel pump (15 amp)	12	P&A ignition (2A max)
13	Instruments (15 amp)	14	Ignition (15 amp)	15	Lighting relay	16	Brake relay
17	Headlamp (15 amp)	18	Lights (15 amp)	19	Spare (15 amp)	20	ABS, not used (30 amp)
21	Spare (30 amp)						

Main Fuse

See Figure 76. A 40 amp main fuse is located at the right side of the fuse block. The main fuse protects the electrical components in the vehicle.

NOTE

Removal of the main fuse will disable all systems except the starter motor/solenoid.



om0062

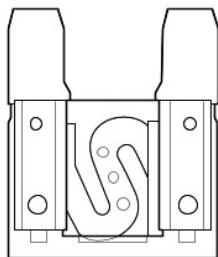


Figure 76. Main Fuse

SEAT

Removal

1. See CONTROLS AND INDICATORS > TOUR-PAK (Page 52). Open Tour-Pak to move passenger seat backrest out of the way.

NOTE

The Tour-Pak must be positioned to the rear to gain access to the seat mounting bracket screw. If the Tour-Pak is in the

forward position, remove Tour-Pak and install in rearward position.

2. Remove fastener to detach seat mounting bracket from top of rear fender.
3. To protect finish of Tour-Pak, cover rear seat mounting bracket with palm of hand.
4. See Figure 77. While pushing seat forward, raise rear of seat until bracket clears top of Tour-Pak. Push seat rearward slightly to free tongue from slot in seat.
5. Remove seat from frame.

Installation

1. See Figure 78. Place seat on frame backbone.
2. To protect finish of Tour-Pak, cover rear seat mounting bracket with palm of hand.
3. While raising rear of seat approximately 76.2 mm (3 in), use other hand to firmly push front of seat downward and rearward until tongue engages slot in seat.
4. Push seat forward until rear fender seat retention nut is centered in hole of mounting bracket.

5. Install seat mounting fastener. Tighten to 2.3–4.5 N·m (20–40 in-lbs).

NOTE

If the seat retention nut is damaged or lost, see service manual for instructions.

⚠ WARNING

After installing seat, pull upward on seat to be sure it is locked in position. While riding, a loose seat can shift causing loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00070b)

6. Pull up on seat to verify that it is properly secured, front and rear.



Figure 77. Seat Tongue

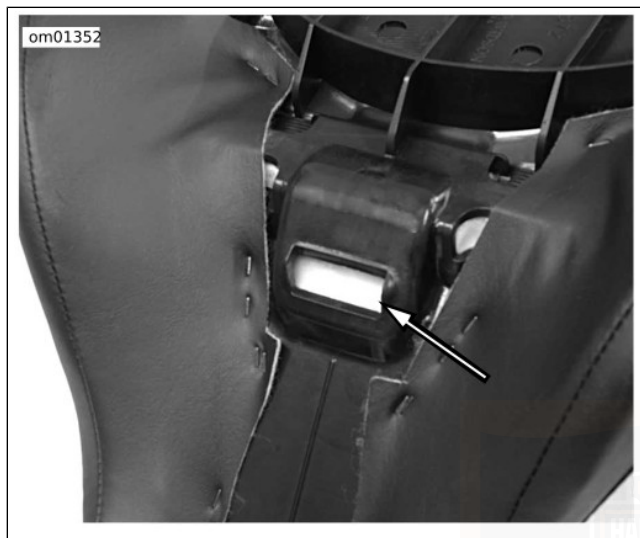


Figure 78. Seat Slot: Tri Glide Models
REAR AXLE TIE DOWN LOOPS

The rear axle has steel loops on the bottom (left and right sides) which may be used to tie down the rear end of the vehicle when transporting on a trailer.

MOTORCYCLE STORAGE

Placing Motorcycle in Storage

NOTICE

Proper storage is important for the trouble-free operation of your motorcycle. See your Owner's Manual for storage recommendations or see a Harley-Davidson dealer. Improper storage procedures can lead to equipment damage. (00046a)

If the motorcycle will not be operated for several months, such as during the winter season, there are several tasks which should be performed. These steps will protect parts against corrosion, preserve the battery and prevent the build-up of gum and varnish in the fuel system.

⚠ WARNING

Do not store motorcycle with gasoline in tank within the home or garage where open flames, pilot lights, sparks or electric motors are present. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00003a)

NOTE

Make a list of everything you do and fasten it to a handgrip. When you take the motorcycle out of storage, this list will be

your reference/checklist to get your motorcycle in operating condition.

1. Fill fuel tank and add a gasoline stabilizer. Use one of the commercially available gasoline stabilizers and follow the manufacturer's instructions.
2. Warm motorcycle to operating temperature. Change oil and turn engine over to circulate the new oil.
3. Check and adjust belt if necessary.
4. Check tire inflation. Adjust to proper inflation pressure.
5. To protect the vehicle's body panels, engine, chassis and wheels from corrosion, follow the cosmetic care procedures described in the Accessory Maintenance section of this owner's manual prior to storage.
6. Prepare battery for winter storage. See MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > BATTERY: GENERAL (Page 157).

▲ WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times. KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00065a)

7. If the motorcycle is to be stored with security system armed, it will be necessary to connect a Battery Tender to maintain battery charge. If security system will not be armed and a Battery Tender is not available, either:
 - a. Disconnect negative battery cable.
 - b. Remove main fuse (if applicable).
8. If motorcycle is to be covered, use a material such as light canvas that will breathe. Plastic materials that do not breathe promote the formation of condensation.

SERVICE

Removing Motorcycle From Storage

⚠ WARNING

The clutch failing to disengage can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. Prior to starting after extended periods of storage, place transmission in gear and push vehicle back and forth several times to assure proper clutch disengagement. (00075a)

1. See MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION > BATTERY: GENERAL (Page 157) for proper battery care. Charge and install the battery.
2. Remove and inspect the spark plugs. Replace if necessary.
3. Clean the air cleaner element.
4. Start the engine and run until it reaches normal operating temperature. Turn off engine.
5. Check amount of oil in the oil tank.
6. Check the transmission lubricant level.

7. Check controls to be sure they are operating properly. Operate the front and rear brakes, throttle, clutch and shifter.
8. Check steering for smoothness by turning the handlebars through the full operating range.

⚠ WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

9. Check tire pressure. Incorrect pressure will result in poor riding characteristics and can affect handling and stability.
10. Check all electrical equipment and switches including the stop lamp, turn signals and horn for proper operation.
11. Check for any fuel, oil or brake fluid leaks.

NOTICE

Turn engine over a few times to be sure there is no oil in the crankcase and that all oil has been pumped back into the oil tank. Stop engine and re-check oil level. Failure to do so can result in engine damage. (00071a)



NOTES



GENERAL MAINTENANCE

Maintain chrome and aluminum regularly to check that they retain their original shine and luster. Take care to keep your new Harley-Davidson motorcycle cleaned and waxed as often as possible to inhibit rust and corrosion.

CLEANING YOUR MOTORCYCLE

To aid you in keeping your motorcycle clean, see your Harley-Davidson dealer for cleaning, polishing and waxing products.

Harley-Davidson recommends the following products:

- SUNWASH® (Part No. 94659-98): for general cleaning/washing of all surfaces.
- BUG REMOVER (Part No. 94657-98): for removing bugs from all surface finishes.
- HARLEY® SPRAY CLEANER (Part No. 99817-99): all purpose cleaner and quick detailer for metal surfaces.
- HARLEY GLOSS® (Part No. 94627-98): all purpose surface protectant provides UV protection and a gloss finish.
- Swirl & Scratch Treatment (Part No. 94655-98): a compound that removes fine scratches and swirls.

⚠ WARNING

Observe warnings on labels of cleaning compounds. Failure to follow warnings could result in death or serious injury. (00076a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not wash brake discs with cleaners containing chlorine or silicone. Cleaners containing chlorine and silicone can impair brake function, which could result in death or serious injury. (00077a)

NOTICE

Do not use a pressure washer to clean motorcycle. Using a pressure washer can result in equipment damage. (00489c)

LEATHER CARE

NOTE

Many Harley-Davidson accessories and seats are either made of leather or have leather inserts. Natural materials age differently and require different care than man-made materials. Seat covers and panels made of leather will gain "character", such as wrinkles, with age. Leather is porous and organic and each leather product will settle into its own distinct form with use. Your leather product will mature into its own custom shape and style from the sun, rain and the miles. This

maturing is natural and will enhance the custom quality of your Harley-Davidson motorcycle.

Leather must be periodically cleaned and treated to maintain its appearance and extend its life. Clean and treat leather once a season or more frequently under adverse conditions.

NOTICE

Do not use bleach or detergents containing bleach on saddlebags, seats, tank panels or painted surfaces. Doing so can result in equipment damage. (00229a)

- Do not use ordinary soap to clean leather or fur. It could dry or remove the oils from the leather.
 - Use ONLY a good quality saddle soap to clean leather. Be sure you rinse saddle soap off thoroughly before treating leather.
 - Never try to dry leather quickly, using artificial means. Always let leather dry naturally, at room temperature.
1. Vacuum or blow dust off.
 2. Thoroughly clean leather with a good quality saddle soap, following manufacturer's directions. Rinse thoroughly with clean sponge or cloth and water. Allow leather to dry.
 3. Once leather is dry, treat with a good quality leather treatment, such as LEATHERCARE (Part No. 98261-91).

4. Always allow leather to dry completely before using.

WHEEL CARE

Some vehicle's wheels are aluminum and do not have a protective coating. Other vehicles have laced wheels with chrome plated rims and zinc or chrome plated spokes. Damage from harsh chemicals, acid based wheel cleaners, brake dust and lack of maintenance can occur. Regular washing and the use of a corrosion protectant will help to maintain their original appearance. Harley-Davidson WHEEL AND TIRE CLEANER (Part No. 94658-98) is recommended for cleaning wheels and tires. Then use HARLEY GLOSS (Part No. 94627-98) to protect the wheel surfaces.

NOTE

- *It is imperative that the wheels are cared for weekly to guard against pitting and corrosion.*
- *Corrosion of these components is not considered to be a defect in materials or workmanship.*

Harley-Davidson recommends the following products:

- WHEEL AND TIRE CLEANER (Part No. 94658-98): cleaner/degreaser for wheels, tires and engine.
- HARLEY GLOSS (Part No. 94627-98): all purpose surface protection the provides UV protection and a gloss finish.

See a Harley-Davidson dealer for cleaning, polishing and waxing products.

WINDSHIELDS

NOTICE

Polycarbonate windshields/wind deflectors require proper attention and care to maintain. Failure to maintain polycarbonate properly can result in damage to the windshield/wind deflector. (00483e)

- Do not clean in hot sun or high temperature.
- Powdered, abrasive or alkaline cleanser will damage the windscreen/windshield.

NOTICE

Use only Harley-Davidson recommended products on Harley-Davidson windshields. Do not use harsh chemicals or rain sheeting products, which can cause windshield surface damage, such as dulling or hazing. (00231c)

NOTICE

Do not use benzine, paint thinner, gasoline or any other type of harsh cleaner on the windshield. Doing so will damage the windshield surface. (00232c)

NOTE

- *To remove minor surface scratches use NOVUS® No. 2 SCRATCH REMOVER (Part No. 99836-94T).*
- *Covering the windshield with a clean, wet cloth for approximately 15-20 minutes before washing will make dried bug removal easier.*

1. Use mild soap and warm water to wash the windshield.
2. Wipe dry with a soft, clean towel.

NOTE

To treat your Lexan windshield with water repellent use WINDSHIELD WATER REPELLENT TREATMENT (Part No. 99841-02).

MISCELLANEOUS LUBRICATION

Hinges, Latches, Etc.

Lubricate the rub points of latches and hinges using either Lubit-8 Tufoil (Part No. 94968-85TV) or Tri-flow as required.

NOTES



TROUBLESHOOTING: GENERAL

⚠ WARNING

The troubleshooting section of the Owner's Manual is a guide to diagnose problems. Read the service manual before performing any work. Improper repair and/or maintenance could result in death or serious injury. (00080a)

The following checklist of possible operating troubles and their probable causes will be helpful in keeping your motorcycle in good operating condition. More than one of these conditions may be causing trouble and should be carefully checked.

ENGINE: TRI GLIDE MODELS

Starter Does Not Operate or Does Not Turn Engine Over

1. Engine OFF/RUN switch in OFF position.
2. Ignition switch not ON.
3. Discharged battery or loose or corroded connections (solenoid chatters).
4. Clutch lever not squeezed against handlebar or transmission not in neutral.
5. Blown fuse.

Engine Turns Over But Does Not Start

1. Fuel tank empty.
2. Fuel filter clogged.
3. Discharged battery or loose or damaged battery terminal connections.
4. Fouled spark plugs.
5. Spark plug cable connections loose or in bad condition and shorting.
6. Loose or corroded wire or cable connection(s) at coil or battery.
7. Fuel pump inoperative.
8. Blown fuse.

Starts Hard

1. Spark plugs in bad condition, have improper gap, or are partially fouled.
2. Spark plug cables in bad condition and leaking.
3. Battery nearly discharged.
4. Loose wire or cable connection(s) at one of the battery terminals or at coil.
5. Engine oil too heavy (winter operation).
6. Water or dirt in fuel system.

7. Fuel pump inoperative.

Starts But Runs Irregularly or Misses

1. Spark plugs in bad condition or partially fouled.
2. Spark plug cables in bad condition and leaking.
3. Spark plug gap too close or too wide.
4. Battery nearly discharged.
5. Damaged wire or loose connection at battery terminals or coils.
6. Intermittent short circuit due to damaged wire insulation.
7. Water or dirt in fuel system.
8. Fuel vent system plugged. See dealer.
9. One or more injectors fouled.

A Spark Plug Fouls Repeatedly

1. Fuel mixture too rich.
2. Incorrect spark plug.

Pre-ignition or Detonation (Knocks or Pings)

1. Incorrect fuel.
2. Incorrect spark plug for the kind of service.

Overheats

1. Insufficient oil supply or oil not circulating.
2. Heavy carbon deposit from lugging engine. See dealer.
3. Insufficient air flow over cylinder heads during extended periods of idling or parade duty.

Excessive Vibration

1. Rear fork pivot shaft nuts loose. See dealer.
2. Front engine mounting bolts loose. See dealer.
3. Engine to transmission mounting bolts loose. See dealer.
4. Damaged frame. See dealer.
5. Front chain or links tight as a result of insufficient lubrication or belt badly worn.
6. Wheels and/or tires damaged. See dealer.
7. Vehicle not properly aligned. See dealer.
8. Steering head damper worn or damaged. See dealer.
9. Panhard rod fasteners loose. See dealer.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Alternator Does Not Charge

1. Regulator not grounded. See dealer.

2. Engine ground wire loose or damaged. See dealer.
3. Loose or damaged wires in charging circuit. See dealer.

Alternator Charge Rate is Below Normal

1. Weak battery.
2. Excessive use of add-on accessories.
3. Loose or corroded connections.
4. Extensive periods of idling or low speed riding.

TRANSMISSION

Transmission Shifts Hard

1. Bent shifter rod. See dealer.

Transmission Jumps Out of Gear

1. Worn shifter dogs in transmission. See dealer.

Clutch Slips

1. Clutch controls improperly adjusted. See dealer.
2. Worn friction discs. See dealer.
3. Insufficient clutch spring tension. See dealer.

Clutch Drags or Does Not Release

1. Clutch controls improperly adjusted. See dealer.
2. Primary chaincase overfilled.
3. Clutch discs warped. See dealer.

Clutch Chatters

1. Friction discs or steel discs worn or warped. See dealer.

BRAKES

Brakes Do Not Hold Normally

1. Master cylinder low on fluid. See dealer.
2. Brake line contains air bubbles. See dealer.
3. Master or wheel cylinder piston worn. See dealer.
4. Brake pads contaminated with grease or oil. See dealer.
5. Brake pads badly worn. See dealer.
6. Brake disc badly worn or warped. See dealer.
7. Brake fades because of heat build up. Excessive braking or brake pads dragging. See dealer.
8. Brake drags. Insufficient hand lever free play. See dealer.

Parking Brake Does Not Hold Normally

1. Rear brake pads slightly worn in. Adjust parking brake.
2. Rear brake pads badly worn. See dealer.

REVERSE MOTOR

Reverse Motor Does Not Operate/Cannot Enable

1. Vehicle not started or vehicle not in neutral.
2. Reverse motor circuit breaker open.
3. Open accessory fuse.



WARRANTY AND MAINTENANCE

This Owner's Manual contains your new motorcycle warranty.

It is the owner's responsibility to follow the scheduled mileage intervals as specified; all of the specified maintenance services must be performed to keep your warranty valid.

1. Make an appointment with a Harley-Davidson dealer for inspection and service just before you have ridden 1,600 km (1000 mi).
2. Bring this Owner's Manual with you when you visit your dealer to have your motorcycle inspected and serviced.
3. Have the dealer technician sign at the proper mileage interval. The records should be retained by the owner as proof of proper maintenance.
4. Keep receipts covering any parts, service or maintenance performed. These records should be transferred to each subsequent owner.

⚠ WARNING

Harley-Davidson parts and accessories are designed for Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Using non-Harley-Davidson parts or accessories can adversely affect performance, stability or handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00001b)

Harley-Davidson dealerships are independently owned and operated and may sell parts and accessories that are not manufactured or approved by Harley-Davidson. Therefore, you should understand that we are not and cannot be responsible for the quality, suitability, or safety of any non-Harley-Davidson part, accessory or design modification, including labor, which may be sold and/or installed by our dealers.

KEEPING IT ALL HARLEY-DAVIDSON

1. Keep your Harley-Davidson completely Harley-Davidson.
2. Insist that your dealer uses only Genuine replacement parts to keep your Harley-Davidson motorcycle and its warranty intact.

Exact design and stringent testing ensure performance and warranty coverage. Again, insist on Genuine parts for your genuine Harley-Davidson motorcycle.

NOTE

Installing off-road or competition parts to enhance performance may void all or part of your new motorcycle warranty. See the Harley-Davidson Limited Warranty in this manual or a Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

NOTICE

It is possible to overload the vehicle's charging system by adding too many electrical accessories. If the combined electrical accessories operating at any one time consume more electrical current than the vehicle's charging system can produce, the electrical consumption can discharge the battery and cause damage to the vehicle's electrical system. (00211d)

IMPORTANT MOVING INFORMATION

If you move from your present address, or sell your motorcycle, please fill out and mail the post card at the back of this manual. This is necessary in the event that the Company needs to contact the owner concerning information that could affect the safe operation of this motorcycle.

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROLS: 2009 MODELS

All new model year 2009 Harley-Davidson motorcycles sold in the State of California are equipped with an evaporative emission control system. This system is designed to meet the CARB regulations in effect at the time of manufacture.

The system requires a small amount of maintenance. Periodic inspection is required to make sure hoses are properly routed, not kinked or blocked and that all fittings are secure. Mounting hardware should also be checked periodically for tightness.

EPA NOISE REGULATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

EPA noise regulations require that the following statements be included in the Owner's Manual.

TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED: Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

AMONG THOSE ACTS PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE TAMPERING ARE THE ACTS LISTED BELOW.

1. Replacing the muffler(s) and/or the entire exhaust system with parts not certified to be noise legal for street use.
2. Removing or modifying the muffler internal baffles in any way.
3. Replacing the air intake/cleaner assembly with one not certified to be noise legal for street use.

4. Modifying the air intake/cleaner assembly in such a way as to make the vehicle no longer noise legal for street use.

Harley-Davidson recommends that any and all noise related maintenance be done by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer using genuine Harley-Davidson parts.

WARRANTY/SERVICE INFORMATION

Any authorized Harley-Davidson dealer is responsible for providing the warranty repair work on your motorcycle. If you have any questions regarding warranty obligations contact your selling dealer.

For normal service work or warranty work under the above conditions, you may obtain the name and location of your nearest U.S. Harley-Davidson dealer by calling 1-800-490-9635 (toll free), in any state except Alaska and Hawaii.

NOTE

The number shown above is accessible only with a touch-tone phone in the United States.

REPORTING SAFETY DEFECTS IN UNITED STATES

Safety defects must be reported to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) and Harley-Davidson.

NHTSA Statement

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Harley-Davidson.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Harley-Davidson.

To contact NHTSA, refer to Table 33.

Table 33. NHTSA Contacts

ITEM	DATA
Phone	Call the Auto Safety Hot Line toll-free at 1-888-DASH-2DOT
Mail	U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Office of Defects Investigation, NVS-210, 400 7th Street S.W., Washington, D.C. 20590
Web site	www.nhtsa.dot.gov

You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from the hot line.

OWNER TRANSFER IDENTIFICATION FORM

When purchasing a pre-owned Harley-Davidson or Buell, we encourage you to submit an Owner Transfer Notification Form. It is critical that new owner information is communicated to Harley-Davidson. New owner information is required to be on file with Harley-Davidson to transfer an Extended Service Plan Contract. Harley-Davidson is also required by the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act to notify all

owners in the event of a recall. The form may be obtained at any Harley-Davidson dealer.

REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION FOR IMPORTED MOTORCYCLES

If a Harley-Davidson is imported into the United States, additional documentation is required to be eligible for the United States Manufacturer's Limited Warranty. A Harley-Davidson dealer can provide a form explaining the requirements.



2009 HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY

24 Months/Unlimited Miles

Harley-Davidson warrants for any new 2009 Harley-Davidson motorcycle/sidecar that an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer will repair or replace without charge any parts found under normal use to be defective in factory materials or workmanship. Such repair and replacement will be Harley-Davidson's sole obligation and the customer's sole remedy under this warranty.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY (OTHER THAN THE SEPARATE EMISSIONS AND NOISE WARRANTIES) ON THE MOTORCYCLE. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, HARLEY-DAVIDSON AND ITS DEALERS SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF USE, INCONVENIENCE, LOST TIME, COMMERCIAL LOSS OR OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

The following terms and conditions apply to this warranty:

Duration

1. The duration of this limited warranty is twenty four months, starting from the earlier of (a) the date of initial retail purchase and delivery from an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer, or (b) the third anniversary of the last day of the model year of the motorcycle/sidecar. Your dealer will submit an electronic Sales and Warranty Registration form to initiate your warranty.
2. Any unexpired portion of this limited warranty will be transferred to subsequent owners, upon the resale of the motorcycle/sidecar during the warranty period.

Owner's Obligations

To obtain warranty service, return your motorcycle/sidecar at your expense within the warranty period to an authorized dealer. Our dealer should be able to provide warranty service during normal business hours and as soon as possible, depending upon the workload of the dealer's service department and the availability of necessary parts.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company, P.O. Box 653, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201, U.S.A.

Exclusions

This warranty will not apply to any motorcycle/sidecar as follows:

1. Which has not been operated or maintained as specified in the Owner's Manual.
2. Which has been abused, misused, improperly stored, used "off the highway," or used for racing or competition of any kind.
3. Which is not manufactured to comply with the laws of the market in which it is registered.
4. Installing off-road or competition parts to enhance performance may void all or part of your new motorcycle warranty. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for details.
5. Acts of God, war, riot, insurrection, natural disasters, including, but not limited to, nuclear contamination, lightning, dust storms, hail storms, ice storms, earthquakes, floods, or for other circumstances out of Harley-Davidson's control.
1. Parts and labor for normal maintenance as recommended in the Owner's Manual, or the replacement of parts due to normal wear and tear including such items as the following: tires, lubrication, oil and filter change, fuel system cleaning, battery maintenance, engine tune-up, spark plugs, brake, clutch and chain/belt adjustment (including chain replacement).
2. Cosmetic concerns that arise as a result of owner abuse, lack of proper maintenance or environmental conditions (except concerns that result from defects in material or workmanship, which are covered by this warranty for the duration of the warranty period).
3. Any cosmetic condition existing at the time of retail delivery that has not been documented by the selling dealer prior to retail delivery.
4. Defects or damage to the motorcycle caused by alterations outside of Harley-Davidson factory specifications.

Other Limitations

This warranty does not cover:

Important: Read Carefully

1. Our dealers are independently owned and operated and may sell other products. Because of this, HARLEY-DAVIDSON IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY, QUALITY, OR SUITABILITY OF ANY NON-HARLEY-DAVIDSON PART, ACCESSORY OR DESIGN MODIFICATION INCLUDING LABOR WHICH MAY BE SOLD AND/OR INSTALLED BY OUR DEALERS.
2. This warranty is a contract between you and the manufacturer. It is separate and apart from any warranty you may receive or purchase from the dealer. The dealer is not authorized to alter, modify, or in any way change the terms and conditions of this warranty.
3. Any warranty work or parts replacement authorized by the manufacturer will not preclude the manufacturer from later relying on any exclusion where applicable.



NOTES



2009 HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLE NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY

The following warranty applies to the noise control system, is in addition to the MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY and EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY, and applies only to motorcycles sold in the U.S.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company warrants that this vehicle is designed and built so as to conform at the time of sale with applicable regulations of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (as tested following F-76 Drive-By test procedure) and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause this motorcycle not to meet U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Standards within 1 year or 3,730 miles (6,000 kilometers) whichever expires first. Any unexpired portion of this limited warranty will be transferred to subsequent owners, upon the resale of the motorcycle during the warranty period.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY (OTHER THAN THE SEPARATE MOTORCYCLE AND EMISSIONS WARRANTIES) ON THE MOTORCYCLE. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

The warranty period shall begin on the date the motorcycle is delivered to the first retail purchaser or, if the motorcycle is placed in service as a demonstrator or company vehicle prior to sale at retail, on the date it is first placed in service.

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE NOT COVERED BY THE NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY

1. Failures which arise as a result of misuse, alterations, or accident as specified in the Owner's Manual.
2. Replacing, removing, or modifying any portion of the NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM (consisting of the exhaust system and air intake/cleaner assembly) with parts not certified to be legal for street use.
3. Any motorcycle on which the odometer mileage has been changed so that the mileage cannot be determined.
4. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, HARLEY-DAVIDSON AND ITS DEALERS SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF USE, INCONVENIENCE, LOST TIME, COMMERCIAL LOSS OR OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

Other Rights

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

Recommendations for Required Maintenance

It is recommended that any noise system maintenance be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer using

genuine Harley-Davidson replacement parts. The maintenance, replacement or repair of the noise control system may be performed by any other qualified service outlet or individual. Non-genuine parts may be used only if such parts are certified to comply with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Standards.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company, P.O. Box 653, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201, U.S.A.



2009 HARLEY-DAVIDSON EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY

The following warranty applies to the emission control system, is in addition to the LIMITED MOTORCYCLE WARRANTY and NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY, and applies only to motorcycles sold in the U.S.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company warrants that this vehicle is designed and built so as to conform at the time of sale with applicable regulations of the U.S. Federal Environmental Protection Agency, and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause this motorcycle not to meet U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Standards within 5 years or 18,641 miles (30,000 kilometers) whichever expires first. Any unexpired portion of this limited warranty will be transferred to subsequent owners, upon the resale of the motorcycle during the warranty period.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY (OTHER THAN THE SEPARATE MOTORCYCLE AND NOISE WARRANTIES) ON THE MOTORCYCLE. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

The warranty period shall begin on the date the motorcycle is delivered to the first retail purchaser or, if the motorcycle is placed in service as a demonstrator or company vehicle prior to sale at retail, on the date it is first placed in service.

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE NOT COVERED BY THE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY

1. Failures which arise as a result of misuse, alterations, accident or non-performance of maintenance as specified in the Owner's Manual.
2. The replacement of parts (such as spark plugs, fuel and oil filters, etc.) used in required maintenance.
3. Any motorcycle on which the odometer mileage has been changed so that the mileage cannot be determined.
4. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, HARLEY-DAVIDSON AND ITS DEALERS SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF USE, INCONVENIENCE, LOST TIME, COMMERCIAL LOSS OR OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

Other Rights

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

Recommendations for Required Maintenance

It is recommended that any emission system maintenance be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer using

genuine Harley-Davidson replacement parts. The maintenance, replacement or repair of the emissions control system may be performed by any other qualified service outlet or individual. Non-genuine parts may be used only if such parts are certified to comply with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Standards.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company, P.O. Box 653, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201, U.S.A.



2009 LIMITED RADIO WARRANTY

Harley-Davidson Motor Company warrants that this Harley-Davidson radio will be free from factory defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for a period of twenty four (24) months starting from the earlier of (a) the date of initial retail purchase of the motorcycle/sidecar on which the radio is installed, or (b) the third anniversary of the last day of the model year of the motorcycle/sidecar on which the radio is installed. Any unexpired portion of this limited warranty will be transferred to subsequent owners, upon the resale of the motorcycle during the warranty period. If the motorcycle/sidecar was used as a demonstrator, then the warranty period may have started and/or expired prior to the initial retail sale. See a Harley-Davidson Dealer for details.

This warranty does not cover defects or damage due to abuse, misuse or improper installation, or any radio on a motorcycle which has been registered with Harley-Davidson Motor Company as a collector's vehicle. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

To obtain warranty service, return your motorcycle/sidecar with sound system intact, at your expense, within the warranty period to the selling dealer, or to any other authorized dealer if you have moved a long distance, or are touring a long distance. Our dealer should be able to provide warranty service during his normal business hours and as soon as

possible, depending upon his service department's workload and the availability of necessary parts.

The remedy for breach of this warranty is expressly limited to the repair or replacement, without charge for parts and labor, of any part that proves to be defective, AND DOES NOT EXTEND TO LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, COSTS OR EXPENSES, INCLUDING LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE OR LOSS OF USE OF THE VEHICLE, RESULTING FROM ANY PART THAT PROVES TO BE DEFECTIVE.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY ON THE RADIO. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY RELATING TO THIS RADIO, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, IS EXPRESSLY LIMITED TO TWENTY FOUR (24) MONTHS, THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY.

(Some states do not allow the limitation of the length of an implied warranty or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.)

Other Rights

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from state to state in the United States.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company, P.O. Box 653, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201, U.S.A.



200 Limited Radio Warranty

REGULAR SERVICE INTERVALS

Regular lubrication and maintenance will help keep your new Harley-Davidson operating at peak performance. Your Harley-Davidson dealer knows best how to service your motorcycle with factory approved methods and equipment assuring you of thorough and competent workmanship.

NOTE

- Refer to Table 34. Regular maintenance interval operations are required to keep your new motorcycle warranty in force. The use of other than Harley-Davidson approved parts and service procedures may void the warranty. Any alterations to the emission system components, such as the exhaust system, may be in violation of Federal and State laws.
- Refer to Table 35. When servicing your motorcycle, bring this owner's manual to the dealership and complete information needed in the blank columns listed.

⚠ WARNING

Perform the service and maintenance operations as indicated in the regular service interval table. Lack of regular maintenance at the recommended intervals can affect the safe operation of your motorcycle, which could result in death or serious injury. (00010a)

⚠ WARNING

If you operate your motorcycle under adverse conditions (severe cold, extreme heat, very dusty environment, very bad roads, through standing water, etc.), you should perform the regular maintenance intervals more frequently to ensure the safe operation of your motorcycle. Failure to maintain your motorcycle could result in death or serious injury. (00094a)

Table 34. Regular Service Intervals: Tri Glide Models

ITEM SERVICED	PROCEDURE	1000 MI. 1600 KM	5000 MI. 8000 KM	10,000 MI. 16,000 KM	15,000 MI. 24,000 KM	20,000 MI. 32,000 KM	25,000 MI. 40,000 KM	NOTES
Engine oil and filter	Replace	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Oil lines and brake system	Inspect for leaks	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
Air cleaner	Inspect, service as required	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Tires	Check pressure, inspect tread	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Primary chaincase lubricant	Replace	X		X		X		

Table 34. Regular Service Intervals: Tri Glide Models

ITEM SERVICED	PROCEDURE	1000 MI. 1600 KM	5000 MI. 8000 KM	10,000 MI. 16,000 KM	15,000 MI. 24,000 KM	20,000 MI. 32,000 KM	25,000 MI. 40,000 KM	NOTES
Transmission lubricant	Replace	X				X		
Clutch	Check adjustment	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
Drive belt and compensator sprocket	Inspect, adjust belt	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
Compensator sprocket isolators	Inspect for wear					X		1
Brake and clutch controls	Check, adjust and lubricate	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
Park brake	Inspect, adjust	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
Fuel lines and fittings	Inspect for leaks	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
Fuel tank filter	Replace						X	1
Brake fluid	Check levels and condition	X	X	X	X	X	X	4
Brake pads and discs	Inspect for wear	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Spark plugs	Inspect	X	X	X	X		X	
	Replace					X		
Electrical equipment and switches	Check operation	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Front fork oil	Replace							1, 2
Steering head bearings	Lubricate	X		X		X		2
	Adjust						X	1
Hydraulic steering damper	Check for leaks, smooth damper action and tightness of mounting fasteners	X	X	X	X	X	X	5
Air suspension	Check pressure, operation and leakage	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
Fuel door, Tour-Pak	Lubricate hinges and latches	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Critical fasteners	Check tightness	X		X		X		1
Battery	Check battery and clean connections							3
Exhaust system	Inspect for leaks, cracks, and loose or missing fasteners or heat shields	X	X	X	X	X	X	3

Table 34. Regular Service Intervals: Tri Glide Models

ITEM SERVICED	PROCEDURE	1000 MI. 1600 KM	5000 MI. 8000 KM	10,000 MI. 16,000 KM	15,000 MI. 24,000 KM	20,000 MI. 32,000 KM	25,000 MI. 40,000 KM	NOTES
Road test	Verify component and system functions	X	X	X	X	X	X	6
NOTES:	1. Should be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer, unless you have the proper tools, service data and are mechanically qualified. 2. Disassemble, lubricate and inspect every 80,000 km (50000 mi). 3. Perform annually. 4. Change D.O.T. 4 and flush brake system every two years. 5. Replace or have rebuilt at 80,000 km (50000 mi). 6. Always check reverse operation at every service if applicable.							

Table 35. Owner's Maintenance Records

SERVICE MILE INTERVAL	DATE	DEALER NUMBER	TECHNICIAN NAME	TECHNICIAN SIGNATURE
1000 MI (1600 KM)				
5000 MI (8000 KM)				
10,000 MI (16,000 KM)				
15,000 MI (24,000 KM)				
20,000 MI (32,000 KM)				
25,000 MI (40,000 KM)				
30,000 MI (48,000 KM)				
35,000 MI (56,000 KM)				
40,000 MI (64,000 KM)				
45,000 MI (72,000 KM)				
50,000 MI (80,000 KM)				

SERVICE LITERATURE

Refer to Table 36. Visit any Harley-Davidson dealer or go to www.harley-davidson.com to purchase a service or parts

manual for your motorcycle. Factory authorized manuals are the most complete and detailed source of information outside of your Harley-Davidson dealer.

Table 36. Service Literature: 2009 Tri Glide Models

DOCUMENT	LANGUAGE	PART NUMBER
Touring Models Service Manual	English	99483-09
FLHTCUTG Tri Glide Service Manual Supplement	English	99601-09
Touring Models Electrical Diagnostics Manual	English	99497-09
Touring Models Service and Electrical Diagnostics Manual	French	99483-09FR
Touring Models Service and Electrical Diagnostics Manual	German	99483-09DE
Touring Models Service and Electrical Diagnostics Manual	Spanish	99483-09ES
Touring Models Service and Electrical Diagnostics Manual	Italian	99483-09IT
FLHTCUTG Tri Glide Parts Catalog	English	99602-09

H-D MICHIGAN, INC. TRADEMARK INFORMATION

Harley, Harley-Davidson, H-D, Bar & Shield, Cross Bones, Digital Tech, Digital Technician, Digital Technician II, Dyna, Electra Glide, Evolution, Fat Bob, Fat Boy, Glaze, Gloss, H-D, H-Dnet.com, HD, Harley, Harley-Davidson, Heritage Softail, Low Rider, Night Rod, Nightster, Night Train, Profile, Revolution, Road Glide, Road King, Road Tech, Rocker, Softail, Sportster, Street Glide, Street Rod, Sun Ray, Sunwash, Tech Link, Twin Cam 88, Twin Cam 88B, Twin Cam 96, Twin Cam 96B, Twin Cam 103, Twin Cam 103B, Twin Cam 110, Twin Cam 110B, Tour-Pak, Screamin' Eagle,

Softail, Super Glide, SYN3, Ultra Classic, V-Rod, VRSC and Harley-Davidson Genuine Motor Parts and Genuine Motor Accessories are among the trademarks of H-D Michigan, Inc.

PRODUCT REGISTERED MARKS

Alcantara S.p.A., Allen, Amp Multilock, Bluetooth, Brembo, Delphi, Deutsch, Dunlop, Dynojet, Fluke, G.E. Versilube, Gunk, Hydroseal, Hylomar, Kevlar, Lexan, Loctite, Lubriplate, Keps, K&N, Magnaflux, Marson Thread-Setter Tool Kit, MAXI fuse, Molex, MPZ, Multilock, Novus, Packard, Pirelli, Permatex, Philips, PJ1, Pozidriv, Robinair, S100, Sems, Snap-on, Teflon, Threadlocker, Torca, Torco, TORX, Tufoil,

Tyco, Ultratorch, Velcro, X-Acto, and XM Satellite Radio are among the trademarks of their respective owners.



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